CSU seeks funding for enrollment
By Steve Harmon

The California State University Board of Trustees voted unanimously to seek approximately $3.7 million in funding for the state to handle what it describes as an "enrollment emergency."

The vote was in response to a more than 2 percent increase in the number of actual full-time equivalent students enrolled in the 19 campus CSU system for the current year.

When the 2 percent is exceeded then the first step in getting funding to handle this is to declare an enrollment emergency, said Bill Bigelow, director of analytic studies, said in a telephone interview.

Bigelow gave a presentation on the enrollment adjustment as part of a Board of Trustees meeting Wednesday at the Long Beach headquarters of the CSU.

Cal Poly may or may not be affected by the request for additional funds, said John Sweeney, a Cal Poly civil engineering senior whose job is on the board.

"The amount requested is for all of the CSU campuses," Sweeney said. "We'll have to wait until January when the governor's budget is decided to see if Cal Poly receives any of it."

Bigelow said the campuses which have gone the most over budget percentage-wise are Humboldt with 8.8 percent and Sonoma, 7.7 percent. He said Cal Poly is at 3.5 percent.

In absolute numbers of students, San Francisco, Northridge and San Diego campuses rank at the top of the list for 1988-89.

"Those three campuses have almost half over-enrollment," Bigelow said.

Sweeney said Cal Poly's total budget over-expenditures for the current year are more than $114 million.

That figure is based on a $6,399 average state contribution for each student enrolled in the CSU system, he said.

Total requested funding for all CSU expenditures for 1989-90 is $1.69 billion if the CSU system gets everything it's asking for, Sweeney said.

Frank LeBens, Cal Poly associate vice president for student resources, said he doesn't foresee any substantial impact at Cal Poly with the request for more money by the Board of Trustees.

"I would not anticipate we would be the recipient of any funds," LeBens said.

Sweeney said if Cal Poly doesn't receive any funds in January then it will have to stretch the money it has.

Inside

A Poly business grad brings the idea of co-housing from Denmark to the Central Coast.

Student Senate asks for hold on plus/minus
By Brenda Suppanz

The Student Senate unanimously rejected a resolution requesting the postponement of the plus/minus grading system Wednesday night.

The resolution "strongly recommends that the administration immediately postpone implementation of plus/minus grading system until both Student Senate and Academic Senate have had an ample opportunity to fully evaluate the merits and differences."

Plus/minus grading was approved in 1982 and was to be implemented when computer software was available. With the installation of OASIS, the new computer system gives professors and students were allowed the new grading method. Earlier this quarter, the Academic Senate decided to keep plus/minus grading as an option for professors, said Student Senate recommendations against it.

"The whole purpose of the resolution was to get us to look at the possibility," said Tom LeBens, ASI president, commenting on the Senate's responsibility.

The Student Senate anxious to work with the Academic Senate to resolve this issue, LeBens said, adding he believes there are still some misunderstandings about what the Student Senate is asking for.

The resolution listed six conclusions concerning the present grading system:

* A minus is said to be a pass grade, but a 1.7 grade point average is grounds for academic probation and/or university dismissal.

* a student using CR/NC method can contradict the before-mentioned item.

The grade point distribution is important because the Academic Senate allows for an A-minus grade, while not including it in a plus/minus grade.

Sweeney said receiving a C-minus could not receive the course, although a 1.7 is below the satisfactory grade point standard of 2.0.

* minimum requirement for clubs and sports is 2.0 GPA by law.

* "A" average.

"I would not anticipate we would remove liquor licenses from the two stations when they arrived."

But the council will stand firm in its refusal to change the present system, even if challenged, he said.

"For health, safety and welfare issue like this is more than worth it because of the City's ruling," he said.

Councilman Allen K. Settle agreed that all stations have to comply with the prohibition regardless of when they receive their licenses.

He said Wednesday that he will present an amortization plan before the council. The plan would remove liquor licenses from the two stations when they arrive.

But the council will stand firm in its refusal to change the present system, even if challenged, he said.

"It's not fair that people can go two-tenths of a mile down the road and buy beer at my com­pany," he said, pointing to Breeze Gas on Foothill Boule­vard, which received its liquor license before the city passed its ordinance in 1982.

Breeze Gas on Higuera Street, which also received its license before the city passed its ordinance in 1982, is still seeking the legal environment.

Gary Ellenson, owner of the Chevon station and mini-market at Santa Rosa Street and Foothill Boulevard, said he will apply for a liquor license Jan. 1 despite the city's ruling.

"I don't see the difference in buying a six-pack in one stop or two stops," he said Wednesday, referring to customers he has sent to the supermarket down the street.

Requests for beer are "prob­ably, the most asked questions I hear," he said.

He was also upset that, despite the ruling, two stations in the city are allowed to sell beer and wine.

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Editor — It was interesting to see the difference in mentality between Mr. Welch and Mr. Wisbey. Mr. Wisbey (R) sounded like a spoiled child who wants to have the whole sandbox to himself.

Wisbey suggests political manipulation and power struggles to legitimize every aspect of Bush's conservative beliefs, but Welch recognizes the two political powers working together and puts their differences aside to advance the nation as a whole. Wisbey narrowly-mindedly condemns every Democratic success as a conspiracy; Welch, however, does not suffer from these paranoid delusions and recognizes the Republicans' accomplishments.

Welch's article is also in conflict with the recent connotations of Wisbey's article, such as condemning Democrats for being special interest oriented while also suggesting Bush attack both houses of Congress, the Supreme Court and the Constitution until his (Wisbey's) views on abortion are expressed. It would be wrong to criticize Republicans in general for one person's opinion because, I would hope, the majority of the Republican candidates and Democrats should work together as Welch suggests instead of being part of the pitiful either/or paradigm with paranoid antigovernmental attitude like Wisbey's.

John S. Thomas

BLOOM COUNTY

By Berke Breathed

ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS

Academic qualification includes the traditional measures of academic competent: grade point average, admission test scores, the completion of college-preparatory high school curriculum, coursework and the grades earned in those courses. Also important are leadership roles students have gained through voluntary community service, participation in athletics, technical clubs and public and private community organizations as chronicled through self-reports, recommendations and referrals.

Individual academic departments or schools, utilizing both traditional and nontraditional criteria, develop a student "profile," emphasizing the means deemed important for their students. These criteria are used by the Admissions Office to rank the applicants seeking admission to each program.

In carrying out CSU and campus admission policy, the Admissions Office also imposes mandatory for veterans, California residents, community college transfers, local area residents and underrepresented applicants. We then select for admission applicants who closely resemble Cal Poly's profile.

California's profile notwithstanding, the CSU mandates that all minority applicants must be evaluated for admission by the campus. Consequently, those minority applicants not selecting using the Cal Poly profile are individually reviewed by a committee in Student Services. The Academic Services for: 1) satisfactory completion of pre-requisites and majors; 2) California State University eligibility requirements, and 3) eligibility to participate in CSU-managed support programs such as EOP, SAA or those supporting students with learning or physical disabilities e.g., visually identifiable or physical disabilities.

The requirement of represented applicants is carried out in strict adherence to a single guiding principle — namely, to determine whether the student meets the selection and admission of students pursuant to Student Affirmative Action, Educational Opportunity Program and disabled student enrollment requirements: 1) as measured against traditional student academic standards; 2) by evaluating the effects of nontraditional factors. No student is routinely admitted to fulfill Affirmative Action or disabled student goals.

When God made men and women, each segment of the population is disenfranchised — legally, educationally, socially, culturally, in politics; legally, educationally, socially, culturally, in politics; ethically, politically, economically — mandating the selection and admission of students pursuant to Student Affirmative Action, Educational Opportunity Program and disabled student enrollment requirements: 1) as measured against traditional student academic standards; 2) by evaluating the effects of nontraditional factors. No student is routinely admitted to fulfill Affirmative Action or disabled student goals.
**Instructor lead adventures across Britain**

By Laura Fleischer

A group led by a Cal Poly recreation administration instructor, Jack Comstock, will be hiking, caving, gorge running and backpacking its way across the European countries of England, Scotland and Wales this summer from July 7 to Aug. 6.

"We used to teach these courses in Spain," said Jack, "but they were very popular and we invited Maurice Pipps, the native Englishman. He will be back and I'm sure Cindy will also help direct the trip."

The scheduled itinerary includes stops in Cambridge and York, five days at the national mountain center in North Wales, a visit to a Welsh castle, exploration of caves in Yorkshire, kayaking on the North Sea, a stay at an outdoor center in Scotland and other adventures.

The tour, which is primarily for Cal Poly students but is open to all on a first-come basis through Dec. 1 or until the twelve available spots are filled. The cost is $1980 (not including airfare) and is being sponsored by ASI/Gulliver's Travel Center and ASI Outings.

"Our purpose is student education through travel," said William Henry Crew of ASI/Gulliver's Travel Center. "In the past, we've done quite a bit of travel...but this is adventure travel.

He added, "What's unique about this particular trip...is that we've been able to offer university credit for the course."

Students will be able to complete projects on a variety of topics and receive credit for their work. The trip is open to beginners and Pipps plans to schedule meetings for those who sign up to participate, as well as some training through ASI Outings.

Postponed Poly permit plagues pizza place

By J.W. McPhail

The on-campus pizza place that was scheduled to open at the beginning of last month has been stalled by bureaucracy, an administration manager for Foundation Food Services said Wednesday.

The take-out restaurant is now scheduled to open at the beginning of January.

Lloyd Lamouria, satellite operations manager for Foundation Food Services and the man in charge of the Back Stage Pizza project, said he is still waiting for approval from the fire marshal.

"We're all ready to move on it any day now," he said.

The plans were submitted in September, said Lamouria, and approval is expected to take two or three weeks.

Lamouria said he first sent the plans to the CSU fire marshal, where they sat for over a month. Once the plans were finally evaluated, it was decided the approval could be handled by the local fire marshal. "They take their time," he said.

He said the equipment for Back Stage Pizza has arrived. Bids for the remodeling of the kitchen have been accepted, he said, and the contractors are ready to start.

San Marcos site of next CSU

LONG BEACH, Calif. (AP) - The California State University board of trustees approved a proposal to establish a 20th campus on a former chicken ranch in northern San Diego County.

The board's 13-4 vote Wednesday also approved the appointment of a president and other administrative staff for the new campus to be built in San Marcos, CSUSU spokesman John Janice Walker said.

Just over 20,000 students now attend classes at the San Diego State University satellite campus just over 40 miles north of San Diego, the spokesman, Comstock said. "If San Marcos satellite opened 12 years ago.

"The recommendation also calls for all steps necessary for San Marcos to become a full service, independent university campus to be taken immediately," Ms. Walker said. "It is projected that after a national search, a new president will be on board by the fall of 1989."

Cal State Bakersfield, opened in 1970, was the last university added to the CSU system.

The trust earmarked $48 million in the 1989-90 CSU budget for the San Marcos university.

Trusted expect the Legislature next year will endorse the creation of the new campus. Cal State officials said they hope a nationwide search for a president of the new university could be completed within 12 months to allow the agency to staff the school with a president and core faculty.

But generally, the campus is scheduled to formally open in the fall of 1992 to upper-division and graduate students. The college would become a full-service, four-year school beginning in 1995.

Opponents of early autonomy for the San Marcos campus had hoped the school would open next year and be part of SDSU's wing until 1995. They said a stronger faculty could be built and better academic programs could be built for the new college if it remained part of SDSU.

By Grinsen, a San Diego area university trustee, said that the vote was just one battle. This is only the first step in establishing the school, she said, and the new institution might pursue a legislative remedy.

**GREENPEACE**

From page 1 this country's energy relies on renewable resources (and) to compare different cultures," he said.

In addition to experiencing new cultures, he said goals for the trip include gaining experience in adventure activities from a British perspective and having a good time.

"Some of these are activities that regular tourists couldn't experience; they'd be on the outside looking in," he explained. "I can get them into the real scene out there.

These activities include participating in a game of cricket on green and a folk evening in the local pub, he said.

Phipps, who is certified in American and British outdoor activities and wrote the book Canoeing in Australia, will be teaching some of the activities along with British instructors.

Those interested in obtaining additional information can stop by ASI/Gulliver's Travel Center in the University Union or call 546-8612. Phipps can be reached at 756-2059 or 528-8055.

**须要介绍者 adventours across Britain**

By Laura Fleischer

More than 600 Cal Poly dorm dwellers opened their meal tickets dinners Thursday in an effort to raise money for the San Luis Obispo County Women's Shelter.

For Chuck Comstock, a Grover City Councilmember, said he was delighted to receive the donation.

The Women's Shelter provides housing, counseling, and their children, counseling and assistance in cases of domestic violence.

A skip-a-meal was sponsored by Network, a division of Student Community Services composed of CSU students who live in each of the campus residence halls.

Kristine Scott, vice president of the Network, said that the residence halls work together each quarter on a meal ticket drive.

"The goal of Network is to let the people in the residence halls know that there are things in every town that aren't perfect," she said.

For each of the 619 meal ticket holders who signed up to participate in the activity and actually did skip the meal, Foundation Food Services agreed to donate $1.20, which is its food services joined with SCS in donating $1.20, which is its food services.

Alan Cushman, associate to the food services director, said that Network students and SCS had agreed to donate $1.20 to give students an opportunity to contribute to the community and to the community service agencies.

He said that Network was planning to schedule another skip-a-meal event for winter quarter.

"People criticize college students a lot for not being concerned about their community and environment," he said. "We hope that Network students will care a lot if they're given the chance."
With correct selection and care, no more taking plants home to die

As a horticulture student, I am usually floored with questions from friends like: "My plants are always dying, I must have a brown thumb or something—what should I do?"

Well, if you are like most students, you probably have a few houseplants that look great for the first few weeks or so, and slowly start to either lose their leaves, or just become yellow or droopy-looking.

After you have succeeded in killing your plants in a matter of days, you ask yourself: "Why is it that I can't even make the only two plants I have look good and stay healthy?"

No need to fret, you can still enjoy some plants (green ones that is) around the house, but there are some general ideas to think about that may help you on your quest for fantastic ferns and healthy spider plants.

Some of the biggest problems start right at the nursery, before you even buy the plant. Plant selection is very important because there are some plants that require extra fertilizers, special soils, or that are susceptible to bugs and diseases, all of which can be a real chore to keep up with.

There are many plants that are not only common and easy to find, but also basically "student proof." By student proof, I mean a plant which is quite hardy and typically doesn't need lots of special care.

Examples of three tough plants include Oak leaf ivy (Cissus rhombifolia), dumbcane (Driftenbacctina) (this is poisonous!), Philodendron (Philodendron spp.), Boston fern (Nepthiopsis exaltata), Pachys or Devil's ivy (Epipremnum aureum), Pepperomia, Bromeliad (Aeschmea fasciata), and Spider plant (Chlorophytum comosum).

Another common problem that causes unhappy plants is living within your house, apartment, or dorm room. Typically, most foliage plants (including the ones listed above) require adequate, but not direct sun. Full sun may cause scorching or yellowing of the leaves.

If you must place plants in front of these hot spots (usually a southern or western exposure) either keep them back a few feet, or filter the light with a thin curtain. As long as there is adequate light, bathrooms and kitchens seem to be the optimum place in any house because of the high humidity. Virginia Walter, professor of Ornamental Horticulture, says that "if your common sense tells you that the plants do to take a shower with it." This, Walter says, is a real treat for ferns, or any plant for that matter.

Since most of the soil nutrients are washed from plants in containers, a light feeding program is suggested to replenish the plant's needs.

I can hear your cries now: "A light feeding program...you mean like beans, nachos, and coffee grounds? I don't know a darn thing about plant food, or 'fertilizers' as you call it." No need to worry. Although there are fertilizers produced specifically for particular plants, there are also "general purpose" fertilizers which can be used on most house plants with relative ease. There are slow-release fertilizers such as Osmocote, which break down slowly in the soil and don't need to be applied as often as the liquid or dry fertilizers. The liquid fertilizers, such as 'Schultz', are mixed with water, and can be used whenever it is time to water. Real easy to use! Other widely used types of fertilizers are the dry ones. The most common ones are miracle g, Peter's Professional, Spoomit, and Miracle-Gro. Both the liquid and dry type tend to wash out of the soil and need to be applied more often, but give the same results as the slow release do.

Most of the local nurseries, grocery stores, and hardware stores carry all of the above fertilizers.

Even though the above-listed plants can withstand certain amounts of neglect and still stay healthy, they are not drought or even flood resistant. Knowing when and when not to apply water is one of the key determinants in the health of your plants. Contrary to popular belief, watering on a particular routine schedule is not usually the most effective way. Instead, rely on your own judgement by feeling the soil beneath the surface. In general, most foliage plants don't like to have their soil remain wet for extended periods of time—they need proper aeration in their roots for gas exchange. So, instead of watering religiously every 3 days or so, allow the plant's soil to dry out somewhat, and you can give the plant a thorough soaking—then allow the excess to drain through the drainage hole in the bottom.

If you keep those ideas in mind when caring for your plants, most of your problems will be solved. Of course, there are always a few circumstances that require special care such as spraying for insects, fungi, or poor quality of water. In most cases though, if you remember to select low maintenance Hardy plants; choose a cool and well lit location; find your plants being ideal; feed during the growing season (follow label instructions); and equally as important, allow soil to dry moderately before a thorough soaking, your chances of keeping healthy plants are great. The days of disposable plants are gone—forever.
A step away from the norm

Danish idea may provide SLO with creative housing alternative

Frank Ricceri

Co-housing is pragmatic.

"First of all, co-housing is not based on ideologies or whatever," Ricceri said. "And it has nothing to do with taking the land from the mass organs." Co-housing describes a small, planned neighborhood with individually-owned houses centered around a commonly-owned area which features a dining room and kitchen, childcare rooms, workshops, living room, guest rooms, and laundry facilities. "You might have to cook for everyone once a week, how much it depends on the size of the community," Ricceri said. Automobiles and traffic would be prohibited from the central area of the community which would be open only for pedestrians.

But, Ricceri said there are no standard models for co-housing communities. Ideally, potential owners would work together to determine how their community will be formed and what kinds of facilities it would include.

"Anything you would want be included with affordability in mind," Ricceri said.

Ricceri is one of four local individuals actively seeking to form a co-housing community in the area. He said the idea centers around social interaction. It's a way of sharing and gaining a sense of community due to the interaction such an arrangement would foster. "I get bored living with my woman all alone, that's my personal thing," Ricceri said. "We're just looking at each other one on one, you could be with other people so we have to drive 15 miles to go to Arroyo Grande to find some other people that we know.

"Here, it could be right in your backyard and you could go out in front of your house and sit in the sun and have a beer and someone along you — that's your Friday night party or something like that.

Ricceri said the main advantage of co-housing is ownership without isolation.

"You're getting an extended family out of this. It's priceless stuff." —Frank Ricceri

The sense of community and trust would make residents more open to sharing childcare, running errands, helping older residents or participating in the day to day running of the community, Ricceri said.

"We're all professionals, we just want to live in this and build it," Ricceri said. "We're insufficient about this."

American attitudes about individuality and privacy would prevent many from accepting the idea but Ricceri said from the information he's seen that about 10 percent of any given community would be supportive.

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GRADING

From page 1 of plus/minus grading during the meeting saying that, contrary to his earlier opinion, plus/minus grading was not initiated by students.

In 1978, the Chancellor's Office issued an order to look into inflated grading, Andrews said. A task force discussed plus-minus grading as a possible solution and a resolution was introduced to the Academic Senate in 1981, which took effect this quarter.

Andrews explained the procedure that would possibly take place as a result of the Student Senate's resolution. It would be sent to President Warren Baker for consideration, and forwarded to the Academic Senate who would then submit it to the original committee and the Student Affairs office.

Saying that it is impossible to determine what those committees would decide, Andrews explained, "It's completely out of our control once it gets to those committees."

"The Deans' Council could review it again at the recommendation of President Baker," Andrews added.

When questioned concerning how long this process would take, he smiled and said, "Remember, it took seven years for this event."

He then estimated that winter quarter would be the very earliest.

Ricardo Echeverria, agriculture senator, asked Andrews if the Academic Senate would consider supporting the resolution so that both senates could propose it to President Baker.

Andrews responded saying he would not be optimistic about the Academic Senate changing its mind. "What you are asking is, 'Would you change your thoughts from seven years ago?'

"Although he is opposed to plus-minus grading," Andrews said the arguments in favor of it are quite convincing. "'A major argument is that it is a more accurate reflection,'" he said.

Historically, the faculty has been responsible for establishing the academic standards for grading, not the students or popular vote, Andrews said. "I did not say that was fair, but that's the way it is.''

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Calendar

Friday
• Alcoholics Anonymous meets today at 11 a.m. in the Health Center, room 12.
• The Cal Poly Rifle club will sponsor an in-door turkey shoot from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. at the Cal Poly in-door rifle range. Cost is $1.50.

Saturday
• The American Red Cross is sponsoring a Multimedia First Aid class from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. at Twin Cities Hospital in Templeton. There is a $18 fee. For information and registration call 543-0696.

Monday
• "Asia and Africa", a slide show presented by Peace Corp volunteers and Gulliver's Travels, will be shown in UU, room 216 at 6 p.m.

Correction

The cutline on the front page picture depicting a SLO transit bus incorrectly inferred that a hearing will decide if SLO transit is meeting the needs of the county, in fact, the hearing will not assess current programs, but will identify gaps in county-wide transit plans. The Mustang Daily regrets the error.

Official Cal Poly University Rings are available at the El Corral Bookstore

All ART CARVED Class Ring prices have been reduced this quarter. Order yours before December 31st and save!

Only $25 deposit required
THANKSGIVING TURKEY SHOOT

Win a Turkey!!! Turkeys awarded hourly to top shooters

WHEN: Friday, November 18, 1988
TIME: 10:00 to 6:00 pm
WHERE: Campus Indoor Rifle Range (Next to the Aviation Hangar, near the Race Track)

Five shots for $1.50. rifle and ammunition provided.

Sponsored by the Cal Poly Rifle Club and the Mustang Battalion Army Reserve Officer Training Corps

Classified

Lost & Found

CAT M WRITIN MISSING T00TH 453-8564 7:19 AM
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TABLE 3 SISTERS

Thu, 11/10/88

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Summer People Playe

Role Playing and Board Game
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CAMPUS MEETING AT THE FIORENTINO COMING MONDAY AT 5:30PM
FRIDAY NOV 18 SAT NOV 19

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Women's status increases in Christianity

Speaker: Islamic women historically on more equal footing

By Lisa Parsons
Staff Writer

The role of women in Islam and Christianity was discussed Wednesday night as part of a lecture series entitled "Bridge Building Between Islam and Christianity."

"The history of women in the Christian church is not too complementary," said Rev. Edwin Womack, pastor of the United Methodist Church in Los Osos. "Biblical society was patriarchal and women were expected to be subordinate. 'Wife' meant 'belonging to a man.' A daughter could be sold or traded and the man had the power of divorce."

Jesus was the exception to the rule, said Womack, because he treated women with compassion that was uncharacteristic for his time.

Time has increased the role of women in the Christian church and women must "struggle for the equality that God intended," said Womack.

Islamic society puts men and women on a more equal basis. "The Koran doesn't regard women as responsible for the fall of man because there is no concept of original sin," said Jamal Badawi, director and founder of the Islamic Information Foundation. "Islam recognizes a woman's right to own and control property, whether she is married or not."

"If a Muslim woman earns an income it is hers exclusively and the entire responsibility for a wife's maintenance falls on her husband, father or the state."

Mohammed condemned female infanticide, and insisted on mandatory education for all, Badawi said.

"Marriage is a blessing from Allah and must have free consent from both parties," he said. "A person marries a partner, not a master or a slave."

He said the clothing restrictions placed on women are a form of protection, and an attempt to ensure that relationships between men and women are based on more than sexual attraction. He added that the relationship between men and women is a complementary one and that their ultimate goal is to please their creator, not one to be superior over the other.

Both religions have historical examples of women who were important politically, economically and socially. They recognize the importance of women in their past and the influence they exerted.

"I can't say it was all even or all good," said Badawi. "Recent years have been the worst (for women) because Muslims have been the worst in compliance to the Koran. In order to restore the true position on Muslim women, we should emulate the righteous community that existed with Mohammed."

This was the second dialogue sponsored by the Islamic Society of North America.

F.A. Kalkalahl leads discussion between Islamic Information Foundation Director Jamal Badawi and Rev. Edwin B. Womack.

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