Unions call salary plan too modest

BY CYNTHIA BARAKATT
Staff Writer

A proposed salary increase of $109 per month for state employees, including those at Cal Poly, has drawn criticism from two faculty unions. Both the Congress of Faculty Association and the United Professors of California have denounced as too low the proposed increase by Assembly Speaker Willie Brown (D-San Francisco) and Ways and Means Chairman John Vasconcellos (D-San Jose).

Both unions are seeking the adoption of the CSUC Board of Trustees' recommendation of a 17.7 percent increase for CSUC employees.

The Brown proposal would increase salaries for instructors at the first salary level by 7.89 percent and give full professors at the highest salary step a 3.79 percent increase, according to the CFA.

Neither Brown or Vasconcellos could be reached for comment on their proposal.

Roger Kuhn, director of communications for the CFA, said the proposal could be a "trial balloon" by the state to see what reaction the proposal would get. The CFA is hoping to generate a negative reaction to the $109 increase, he said, for the trustees recommenda- tion. Kuhn called the trustees' proposal "modest" and said it would only make up for one-fourth of the earning power lost by faculty because salaries have not kept up with inflation since 1968.

The UPC also opposes the Brown proposal and is seeking the adoption of the trustees' recommendation, said UPC president-elect Stewart Long.

But the UPC has come up with an alternate proposal, recommending that state employees receive $179 or 13.6 percent increase—whichever would be more—based on individual salaries, said Long.

The UPC came up with the proposal after local legislators predicted the trustees' recommendation will not be implemented, he said.

Both unions are actively lobbying against the further proposal and are encouraging faculty and other state employees to do the same.

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Field day for bargain hunters

BY MARY MALISTER

The ASI came close to initiating a last-minute runoff election Wednesday when the student senate failed to approve the ASI election results. But it later reconsidered after a heated debate and after John Schouten withdrew from the race.

The senate was asked to approve the final results, usually merely a rubber-stamp procedure, but voted against approving the vice presidential totals due to controversies surrounding Mike Carr's narrow victory.

Carr's opponent, John Schouten, sparked the debate when he presented a copy of a letter outlining six grievances he had with the recent election.

Schouten pointed out that some lawn signs and fliers were removed right after they were up, polling places did not open on time because equipment was not available, the morning newspaper indicating that students had voted was not permanent and left open the possibility of double voting, the recount revealed a questionable high number of new votes, and 16 students did not receive absentee ballots.

Senators, reacting to the letter, voted against approving the election results, despite objections from several senators who said the decision would harm the image and credibility of the ASI. A move to suspend the ASI operation would only encourage the ASI election results.

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Liability for evacuation disrupted during hearing

BY SHERRY HEATH
Staff Writer

San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors member Jeff Jorgensen testified Thursday morning at the Diablo Canyon test-licensing hearings that neither he nor the county's emergency service coordinator "are aware of any detailed, specific plan for evacuation" in the event of an emergency at the nuclear power plant.

Jorgensen said the county nuclear emergency plan adopted by the board in 1979 could never be implemented because "no action has been taken to update and improve it" since the Three Mile Island accident two years ago.

The existing plan does not contain Standard Operating Procedures, which is the heart of any operation. I have done everything in my power at this point to develop the best possible emergency plan," he said.

The result of this effort is the preliminary draft administration plan which the Board of Supervisors will vote on after holding a public hearing on the issue May 26. If the plan is approved, SOP's could then be adopted and emergency evacuation could be implemented, he said.

Bruce Norton, an attorney for Pacific Gas and Electric Co., contended that it is the County Sheriff's responsibility to "work with the Low Population Zone and that the sheriff has, at this time, a detailed and specific plan. But Jorgensen answered that the "normal procedure is to rely upon the emergency service coordinator."

Dr. Howard W. Mitchell, the County Health Officer, testified that LPE evacuation is the responsibility of the "whole group working together."

He said, "I am concerned individual and ambulance service would be required for the homefast and bedridden. The county is inadequately prepared for the evacuation of these people."

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Field day for bargain hunters

Bargain hunters were out in force Tuesday, tapping typewriter keys and twisting equipment dials at the lost and found and surplus equipment sale at the warehouse.

The warehouse staff organizes the sale twice each year to dispose of lost and found—no guarantees on the image and credibility of the ASI.

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France's first socialist is in PARIS (AP) — François Mitterrand became the first socialist president of modern France Thursday. He named a moderate to head his government and, along with tens of thousands of others, took part in inaugural day ceremonies highlighting the country's historic turn to the left.

Mitterrand laid a wreath of red roses, symbol of his Socialist Party, at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier beneath the Arc of Triumph.

Crowds broke through police lines to follow the new president as he and his official party made a symbolic walk through the Latin Quarter, where leftist anti-government rallies are traditionally held.

ASI flip-flops on runoff

From page 1

Motions to set the new runoff election were proposed for the first week of June, and after some debate Schuiteman unexpectedly announced that he was withdrawing from the race, leaving Carr as the only candidate.

The senate then reconsidered the motion for approval and passed the results for all three races in a block vote.

Carr later said that he withdrew because the new election does not negate the problems he presented: "I withdrew because the controversy would lie with the new vice president," he said. "I wouldn't want to win in that way and I don't think Mike would either."

"The intensity and intensity tonight did set history," he added, "and I hope the situation created by the close race and violations will cause people to take a look at the voting procedures and change them. They have not been changed in 10 years and action must be taken this year."

The senate set history in another respect as they voted to reinstate a member who had been removed, "and I hope the situation created by the close race and violations will cause people to take a look at the voting procedures and change them. They have not been changed in 10 years and action must be taken this year."

Feud over Social Security wage

WASHINGTON (AP) — Health and Human Services Secretary Richard S. Schweiker today defended the Reagan administration's embattled Social Security plans to a hostile congressional committee and said the financially shaky system needs more than "stopgap and Band-Aid approaches."

But he said, "We're certainly reasonable men," and vowed not to use them against Israel, but witnesses said another one was fired over eastern Lebanon's Bekaa Valley.

The witnesses said the missile appeared to have been launched from the Syrian side of the border. They said it was an explosion about 2 p.m. — 8 a.m. EDT — and saw the white contrail of the missile rising from the Bekaa Valley and hit a road near the town of Masnaa that forms the Syrian-Lebanon border.

In a sharp rebuke to the proposals announced nine days ago, the Senate voted 96-0 Wednesday to assure the Social Security disability program by one-third and the Social Security disability program by one-third and. (Continued)

ENFORCEMENT BY STEVE HOWARD ON PATIO

TEQUILA SUNRISE SATURDAY

FOR THOSE OF YOU WHO CAN'T GET ENOUGH OF A GOOD THING!!

DIPSY DUMPSTER HORS d OEUVRES

REMEmBER MAI TAI FRIDAY!!

ENTERTAINMENT NIGHTLY IN LOUNGE

Money for nerve gas approved

WASHINGTON (AP) — A Reagan administration proposal to spend $20 million to help develop nerve gas and other chemical weapons was approved Thursday by the Senate, apparently clearing the way for final congressional passage.

The Senate adopted the measure by voice vote after barely debating a move to kill the spending measure. The proposal to shelve the funding measure was defeated, 50-48.

The appropriation was attached to a $12.8 billion supplemental spending bill for this year. The House version of the spending measure also includes the funds for the controversial project and thus the money is expected to pass through both chambers.

The proposal touched off a heated Senate debate with proponents saying that the United States would unilaterally disarm itself of chemical weapons if it doesn't start on a deterrent to a developing threat from the Soviet Union.

But opponents denounced the plan as inviting disaster without even submitting the idea to a detailed review in public congressional hearings.

The money would be used to equip an Army installation at Pine Bluff, Ark., to produce so-called binary nerve gas.

Binary weapons are artillery shells that contain separate chambers of chemicals which the Army says are harmless when separated but produce lethal incapacitating gases when mixed together on impact.

Israel demands missile retreat

JERUSALEM (AP) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin demanded today that Syria pull back its missiles which, he said, would require an armistice with Israel, but witnesses said another one was fired over eastern Lebanon's Bekaa Valley.

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None of the witnesses at Masnaa reported seeing an attack in the area at the time. But witnesses said another one was fired over eastern Lebanon's Bekaa Valley.

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Bias corrupted election poll results, speaker says

BY TOM JOHNSON
Managing Editor

Many prominent pollsters who attempted to tap the public's opinion on the Reagan-Carter election produced data which correctly suggested Reagan would win by a landslide, but their personal bias skewed the poll results toward Carter, claimed prominent pollster Mervin Fields Thursday.

Fields, who spoke to a capacity crowd in UU 220 as part of the Political Science Distinguished Lecture Series, asserted that all of the results of 10 top pollsters showed that Reagan would clearly win and perhaps take the election by a landslide.

"Six flies on the wall could have told you from the data that Reagan was going to win," said Fields.

But when the 10 top pollsters conducted an informal poll among themselves as to who would win, the election, eight of 10 favored Carter, one said Carter would get the popular vote but Reagan would earn an electoral victory and one picked Reagan. Fields identified himself as one dissenter, but declined to name those who chose Carter.

Fields, who has been a student and practitioner of program starts in the Philippines next September; Richard Blackston in Ecuador in July; and a 4-H type will become a forester in Honduras in November was uncommitted.

"But their personal bias would have to be as firm. Fields also blasted NBC, who uses Field's polling services, and the other networks for projecting a winner before the polls closed.

"What NBC did last November was uncontestable... NBC said that there was no proof that the networks actions dissuaded people from voting. But regardless of whether it dissuaded people from going to the polls, people were upset and felt as if they had been disenfranchised."

Fields also criticized NBC's method of conducting exit polls in the morning as a means of projecting final election results. Fields pointed out that different cut of people vote in the morning than the last three hours of polling. The early voters are traditionally conservative, wealthy businessmen while voters after 5 p.m. tend to be liberal workers.

Fields, despite his anger toward the networks for their election coverage, would not favor media restrictions. He would like to move election day to Sunday and extend it over two days. Fields hoped that if elections were spread over two days partisan supporters could look at the sheet of those who voted and rally those who didn't vote to the balloting booths.

Fields listed several other abuses of opinion polls including:

- Some politicians slavishly follow the polls and try to make their views coincide with what they perceive as the public will. Politicians then become pollsters instead of leaders.

- Media use early polls, that document a known name. A. ahead of an unknown B. This, he says, freezes out B from serious competition and the well known candidate can use the poll to secure campaign donations.

- Pollsters who conduct opinion surveys for candidates may be pressured to skew the numbers and lock the network from going to the polls.

- Politicians may gain a distorted view of their support.

Fields, however, did not condemn the use of polls, just their misuse. Fields went as far as to say, "Public opinion method is one of the greatest technological inventions."

"The Fields lecture was sponsored by the Cal Poly political science department.

Students who need a quiet place to cram for midterms over Memorial Day weekend will be able to study in the Robert E. Kennedy Library.

The entire library will be open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday, May 23, with the reserve room being open from 8 to 9 a.m. and 12 p.m. to 10 p.m.

On Sunday, the doors to the library open at 1 p.m. and close at 10 p.m. The library will begin service at 8 a.m. Memorial Day and stop at midnight.

Reknown pollster Mervin Fields disclosed that many of the top opinion surveys found that Reagan would win handily but the pollsters' bias skewed the results in favor of Carter.

"Yeah, Reagan is ahead, but Reagan will put his foot in his mouth eventually," said Fields.

The other poll takers viewed Carter's election team as more savvy and thus less likely to allow Carter to commit a major blunder than Reagan's. They also believed the hostages would be released before election day which would, be believed, have swept Carter back into office.

The pollsters' bias was reflected in the way the media reported what states clearly supported one of the two candidates, which ones were leaning toward one of the two and which states were too close to call. Fields said Reagan would have to have an overwhelming support to be declared the pre-election favorite in any state while Carter's backing didn't have to be as firm.

Fields also blasted NBC who uses Field's polling services, and the other networks for projecting a winner before the polls closed.

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Hemingway's anti-war message hopeful, lecturer says

**BY MAURA THURMAN**

Anti-war messages reaching from the World War II generation to the present were the focus for Mauro Rospaw yesterday afternoon as he spoke at a special lecture titled "Hemingway's anti-war trilogy." The lecture was part of the Books at Cal Poly program and was held in the Architecture Building gallery. 

There was a series of four displays of photographs, paintings, sculptures and models that caught the audience's eye. They show such fine detail that when one stands five feet away, it is hard to distinguish them from photographs. Several more abstract water colors, done by architect professors Vern Swanson, and Leonard G. Haeger, also highlighted the gallery. There was a series of four black-and-white photographs by Maurice L. Wilks of the architecture faculty. The first rival any piece of Yosemite harmony and composition. The last captures the "peaks of San Luis'" silhouetted against a painted sunset.

Designs by Marcel Sledzetzky were photographed and models displayed showing off his brilliant design work. Two "Nude Study" sketched in Jerusalem, the Acropolis in Greece. Hemingway's books were about violence because that was what was happening during the life of the author, Rospaw said. "Violence and death were so prevalent," he said. "Hemingway never lacked for controversy," Rospaw said, and he said the book was not well received by critics. Rospaw said critics may have been rejecting the book's underlying messages. "Many critics were of the World War II generation themselves," Rospaw said. While Feldman's drawings were the most unique display of an extremely diverse show, they were not the most artistic. There were several other displays of photographs, paintings, sculptures and models that caught the audience's eye. The sketches make their audience wonder why photography is used so extensively and the quilt and scroll so dispensable. While Feldman's drawings were the most unique display of an extremely diverse show, they were not the most artistic. There were several other displays of photographs, paintings, sculptures and models that caught the audience's eye. The sketches make their audience wonder why photography is used so extensively and the quilt and scroll so dispensable.

Hemingway was named "the Schoolmaster." The character also during the war and later an infantryman when he returned from the war. In 1953, Hemingway was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for his novel "The Old Man and the Sea." He also received the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1954 for the "body of his work."

A collection of letters written by Hemingway was recently released for publication by Mary Hemingway. The book is on sale at the El Corral bookstore for $27.50. Most of Hemingway's other books are available.
The students of Moon Ja Minn Suhr's recreational dance class will teach the folk dances of several countries in the Gym Friday, May 29. Above: Suhr.

‘The War At Home’ shows a circling back of 1960s history

BY MICHAEI WINTERS
Staff Writer


History, so went to repeat itself, circled back to us Tuesday night in the form of “The War At Home,” a document of that “other war of the ’60s,” the conflict that shook campuses to their roots ten years ago.

A look at the hysterical confrontations and subsequent sober reflections of students of another, more colorful era is especially pertinent today, as vocal and physical protest over the Diablo Canyon nuclear power plant switches into high gear.

It is appropriate, then, that showing of “The War at Home” was sponsored by San Luis Obispo’s anti-nuclear group, People Generating Energy, along with the Diablo Project Office.

The possibilities and lessons of popular mass action and civil disobedience offered in the film were not lost on the large, enthusiastic audience, most of whom, it seemed, had attended the anti-Diablo rally at the licensing hearings earlier that day.

“The War at Home” is a 100-minute documentary, made in 1979, tracing the parallel evolution of the Viet- man War and the war of protest at the University of Wisconsin at Madison.

Film makers Barry Brown and Glenn Silber use archival news footage and both vintage and current interviews to take us from 1963, when war protesters were seen as eccentrics, to the 1973 Paris Peace Accords, by which time even the U. of W. Pan-Hellenic Council had come out against the war.

In its short history, “The War at Home” has gained showings at film festivals in Miami, Chicago, Paris, Atlanta, and Los Angeles, as well as a 1980 Oscar nomination and Blue Ribbon Award.

As a piece of contemporary history, the film is fast-paced and arousing, making use of the prime actors of the drama to tell their own stories, from Richard Nixon to Jack Colboun, who came to U. of W. as an ROTC student in 1963 and left as a draft evader to Canada after a profound change of consciousness.

The images are not always pretty. But the brutality shown in the film reveals the escalation of violence and desperation both in Asia and at home.

Images of what napalm really does, from films of aerial bombings and village burnings, run back to back with police “crackdowns” on student demonstrations. No “Apocalypse Now” or “Deer Hunter” can compare with stacks of broken yellow bodies, each with a tag for its place in the day’s body count. Proof again that reality is more dramatic than fiction.

Police attacks on students are scarcely less disturbing. As Jack Von Mettenheim, president of the Madison Businessmen Against the War, says, “It was not leaflets or meetings that turned most of us against the war. It was the club of a policeman.”

Counterpoints to the action are the official explanations of the war’s development and the meaning of otherwise respectable, middle-class kids taking to the streets, looting and, eventually, bombing.

Disheartening above all is the realization of the anti-war faction that no real voice within the conventional political power structure would emerge to give shape to their aspirations. With the power of hindsight, we see Jack Kennedy’s “light at the end of the tunnel” and Richard Nixon’s “secret plan for peace” as equally cynical and devious manipulations.

Evident throughout the film is the snark and brutal mistrust of the authorities to vocal dissent from the students. Never did they expect scrutiny of their motives and policies. The students knew better.

And just as evident is the efficacy of powerful public input to questions that have a bearing on their lives and limbs. When no one in the power elite had the courage or foresight to take a look at the film shown us that thousands in the street can say what their politicians dare not.

“This film,” said the Rustic Globe, “should be revisited at planned intervals, so that every generation may know what its parents felt.”

Here and now, it is impossible to see the film without “reopening a continuum from draft card burning in 1966 to four dead at Kent State in 1970 to rallies against Diablo in 1981. This interrelatedness is given poignancy by the poignant, poetic form as the film ends with the resounding anthem of the 60s street battle by the Jefferson Airplane, ‘We Can Be Together.’

BY CYNTHIA BARAKATT
Staff Writer

Cultural rhythms from the Middle East to Northern Europe to America will resound in the main gym next Friday as students teach and perform dances at the 6th annual International Dance Festival.

Sponsored and taught by students in Moon Ja Minn Suhr’s teaching theory of recreational dance forms class, the two-hour festival is open to people of all ages and will feature lessons and performances in folk, social and square dancing.

The festival is free and will take place from 3 to 5 p.m. Friday, May 29. Participants are encouraged to arrive a few minutes early to get in as much dancing as possible.

"A lot of people are aware of disco, punk rock and ballet dancing," said physical education major Becky Stephenson. "We want to make people aware that folk and social dance can be as enjoyable to participate in and watch."

The 15 students in the class have completely organized the festival, said Suhr, from selecting the dances to setting up the sound system.

They will be teaching folk, social and square dances from Yugoslavia, Israel, England, Denmark, Sweden, Scotland and the United States.

The students of Moon Ja Minn Suhr’s recreational dance class will teach the folk dances of several countries in the Gym Friday, May 29. Above: Suhr.

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"Woodstock’s says eat a pizza or be stupid!"
1015 Court St. (across from BooBoo’s)
The cowboy hats adorned the heads of members of AllSafe, the Alliance for Safe Available Future Energy. President of the group, Lynn McFadden, said his organization is comprised of about 1000 members largely Diablo construction workers, and has been in existence for the last 2 1/2 years. We're not looking for trouble today," he said, "but we will if we have to." This is the kind of thing people say, and he added "we're working very hard to put myself out of a job, because there won't be any work here after Diablo's licensed." He felt that nuclear power is critical in order to avert a world war, and attributed the cause of "the destruction of world economies" to the oil crunch. "If we go to war, it'll be over oil," he said. "Who really wants a bunch of sand from those Middle East countries?" His oil is over here." Another cowboy-hat-wearer, K.A. Johnson, said that if we go to war, it'll be over oil. "I'm not sure they're good Republicans," he said. "Our friends in the state legislature have repeatedly turned down requests for basic training for radiation protection."

Mitchell said that the Health Department also did not have adequate communication equipment and that the Board of Supervisors has "continually turned down requests for additional equipment." "It would be impossible," he said, "for all the staff in cars are kept in communication." he commented.

Norton also questioned Robert Paulus, the Deputy Director of Fire Fighting for the California Department of Forestry as to the pollution protection procedures of the department locally. Norton also questioned Robert Paulus, the Deputy Director of Fire Fighting for the California Department of Forestry as to the pollution protection procedures of the department locally. He said the CDF would be prepared after it signs a new understanding with PG&E in which PG&E will agree to provide basic training for radiation protection.

Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff testified Thursday afternoon and questioned of them is expected to continue this morning at the Discovery Inn beginning at 9.
Despite some conflicts, the Cal Poly intramural track meet was completed without many hits.

Chuck Fanter and William Walker both cracked the two minute barrier as they finished one-two in the Cal Poly intramural track meet.

Heidi Elliott was the only double winner in the meet as she won the 100 and 220 events.

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Scott Wheeler scaled over 6-2 to tie for second place in the high jump.

San Francisco (AP) - Oakland Raiders quarterback Dan Pastorini, who has suffered several breaks in his career in the past 13 years, has undergone surgery in Los Angeles for a dislocated shoulder.

Pastorini, recovering from an operation at Cedars Sinai Hospital which involved removing a piece of his right collarbone, said the accident occurred Sunday when he fell off a bicycle during a charity bike-a-thon for the City of Hope.

"I hit the curb and flew over the handlebars," Pastorini said. "It was just one of those things."

It's Pastorini's second serious accident in a year. Last October, during a game with Kansas City, he broke his leg and lost his starting position to Jim Plunkett, who then led the Raiders to a Super Bowl championship.

Team officials are concerned that the latest injury could keep Pastorini out of football training for at least six weeks.

"You're always concerned when something like that happens," said Oakland head coach Tom Flores. "It's almost June and we go to training camp in a couple of months. I know he's been working out and is in great shape, but this probably will set him back some."

Pastorini's personal life has also had some setbacks since coming to Oakland in a trade from the Houston Oilers.

Last Thanksgiving, he was stopped by police in Cupertino and cited for speeding. During a search, a vial later said to contain traces of cocaine was found, but authorities declined to press charges.

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Capitalist cows

Throughout the history of anti-American rhetoric, the phrase "capitalist pig" has always been a favorite among those angry over United States business practices at home and abroad. Sometimes the label has been appropriate, sometimes not—but there is no better way to describe this country and its administration after we alone opposed an international code to restrict the marketing of infant formula.

In Geneva Wednesday, the World Health Organization voted 96 to 1 to adopt a code designed to discourage the use of artificial milk in favor of breast-feeding, particularly in poor countries. Most of America's Western allies, almost all members of the Soviet bloc and many Third World nations voted for the code. In response to the U.S. vote before the U.N. organization, two senior officials of the U.S. Agency for International Development resigned, one saying, "We are putting the narrow commercial interests of companies in this country before the health of children."

That is, of course, exactly what the United States is doing. The U.N. Children's fund claims at least 1 million children in developing countries die each year from inadequate artificial feeding, that the formula is mixed with polluted water, is kept in unsanitary containers and is left unrefrigerated. Through deceptive sales techniques, the $2-billion-a-year baby food business causes untold numbers of children to develop respiratory infections, gastroenteritis, diarrhoea and vitamin deficiencies that stunt growth, make and kill.

The non-binding, eight-page code urged a global ban on direct advertising of breast-milk substitutes on distribution of free product samples. It also recommended that product labels acknowledge the superiority of breast-feeding and warned about the dangers of improper preparation. Companies would also be restricted from paying staff commissions and bonuses on formula sales.

This last restriction would stop the disgusting and inhuman practice of formula promoters sending women dressed as nurses to rural villages—or paying local health workers—to promote and recommend formulas as essential to child health.

The Reagan administration took its 'no' vote on the grounds the proposal turns the United Nations into a kind of "international Federal Trade Commission" that would interfere with individual nations' laws and with free enterprise. But this is not an issue of free enterprise versus governmental action on issues of human health, of human dignity and compassion, versus U.S. corporate profits. As usual with this country, corporate profits won; we have signaled that we don't care if U.S. firms behave as child murderers overseas.

Get your tickets now

Tickets are still available for the protest rally/concert organized to help finance the Natural Resources Defense Council's legal fight against the Department of the Interior's organized to help finance the Natural Resources Defense Council's legal fight against the Department of the Interior's...