Aid denied to students with drug convictions

By Sonia Sutzki
MUSTANG DAILY STAFF WRITER

Every year students seeking federal grants and loans go through the same routine. An orange envelope comes in the mail with the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), and once again all the information on tax returns, W-2s, and other pertinent facts for graduate have to be sorted out and tilled into the four-page form, or into the new FAFSA Web site.

But starting last year, a new question appeared unrelated to the student’s financial needs, yet crucial in determining eligibility for aid.

At the bottom of the first page, question 3 asks whether the student has a drug-related conviction. If the answer is yes, the student may become ineligible for some or all federal financial aid because of a law passed by Congress in 1996.

“It’s an issue of making sure financial aid goes to someone who will use it for their education,” said Dennis Capellotto, a FAFSA financial aid counselor. “Most of the financial aid community doesn’t feel it should be there because it’s hard to find out if the student has a past conviction and it ends up being more work for the school.”

Less than 1 percent of the applications for federal aid nationwide for the 2000-01 academic year were ruled ineligible. More than 700,000 initially failed to qualify, but by leaving it blank and later told government officials that they didn’t understand the question, or failed to answer it, or forget to answer it.

How this nationwide system function is somewhat of a mystery, especially when no database system is in place to check for incorrect information.

“If you are found lying on your application, you can be fined up to $10,200 and even jailed,” said a FAFSA agent through the official information line. “But we don’t compare notes with the IRS, and we don’t have access to the student’s legal records.”

The director of financial aid at Cal Poly, said the system relies on students mentioning the right information.

To check for accuracy, 30 percent of all applications are randomly selected yearly, and T-2s are reviewed, and in turn, school officials request a copy of the student’s IBS for tax returns to compare notes.

“We don’t verify, we only check to make sure the forms are filled out properly,” Acquisto said. “We have no responsibility other than helping students regain eligibility.”

While repercussions are clearly stated on step seven of the application, school officials are the see FAFSA, page 2

Ravin’ for the Ravens

By Janelle Fossett
MUSTANG DAILY STAFF WRITER

When it strikes, it can kill within 12 hours. It can spread through the most trivial daily actions like shaking hands or kissing. It may be rare, but it has already claimed the lives of two hands or kissing. It may be rare, but it has claimed the lives of two students need to be especially aware of the disease. Freshmen living in dormitories are found to have a six-fold increased risk for the disease.

Dr. Butt Cochran of the Cal Poly Health Center said that no-one really knows why these factors are related. However, he speculated that the link between dormant living and meningococcal meningitis may be overcrowding.

Certain social behaviors have been linked to the disease as well, such as correlation - not a cause-and-effect relationship. According to the MFA, “…certain social behaviors, such as exposure to passive or active smoking, presence and excessive alcohol consumption, may put students at increased risk.”

Once again, Cochran said that it is unknown how these aspects are related, but he has his own ideas.

“Maybe there’s something about the combination of these factors that can depress an immune system enough that the bacteria will affect students,” he said.

Cochran said that the bacteria lives in the throat of about 1 to 20 percent of the population. Why it turns aggressive on some people is unknown.

Meningococcemia is caused by the bacterium Neisseria, a leading cause of meningitis and septicaemia, or blood poisoning, in teenagers and young adults in the United States. According to the American College Health Association (ACHA), meningococcemia strikes about 3,000 Americans each year, leading to about 300 deaths. Approximately 125 cases of the disease occur annually on college campuses, and five to 15 students die as a result.

On Nov. 25, Cuesta student Pastor Reddy, 19, died of meningococcemia while visiting his home in Los Alcos Hills over Thanksgiving break. Because the incubation period is two to 10 days, it is not certain if he contracted the disease in San Luis Obispo or at home.

Even more recently, Jeremy Murphy, a 15-year-old Morro Bay high school student, died 12 hours after learning he had the disease.

As illustrated in both cases, the blood infection moves quickly. Cochran said early warning signs include mildly flu-like symptoms such as body aches, a stiff neck, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, fever, headache, sore throat and most importantly, a distinctive rash.

According to the MFA, the rash is key to distinguishing meningococcemia, because it indicates blood poisoning. The rash looks like small clusters of purpurs. These eventually become areas of skin damage that are purple in color.

“It would be nice if the rash appeared earlier so you could do something about it quickly,” Cochran said.

see MENSINGITIS, page 6

Disease targets students, elderly

By April Pack
MUSTANG DAILY STAFF WRITER

Women traditionally have been eliminated from careers in science, but we are now seeing more women enter this field because of the various benefits they have proven to bring, said Sandra Harding, who spoke at the Performing Arts Center on Thursday.

Harding, a professor at University of California at Los Angeles, spoke about women in science and technology during part of a lecture series put on by the women’s studies program on campus.

Harding discussed the various benefits of “attracting and retaining” women in science. She also explained that the reputation of science and engineering is damaged without the critical examination of gender biases.

One of the benefits of having women in science, Harding mentioned, is the improvement of content. “Men and women occupy different social positions and they have different interactions with the natural and social world,” she said. Harding explained that because of these differences, men and women can bring different ideas and ask different kinds of questions in the field, thereby adding enrichment.

She also stressed the idea of the “science of women” by talking to people who bring different cultural backgrounds to the practice of science.

Although women have been in science for a long time, in science are often made by scientists who were trained in a different field.

This is what science should be more willing to embrace women. “Difference is productive in the sciences,” she said.

Harding also explained that there are five different forms of discrimination. One of the most dangerous and pervasive forms, she said, is institutional discrimination. An example of this is when a “barrier of women” course is taught by the women’s department and is not allowed to be under the history department. By putting it in its own special category, it is discrimination.

“When society believes this, it is hard to change the institutions,” Harding said.

She talked about how many women have been eliminated from the sciences because they were traditionally thought of as not being “intelligent” or “capable of success in this field.” She cited an example of attention in which women were eliminated from a study of spiders. “More drugs are not tested on women, and yet they are prescribed to them.”

When society believes this, it is hard to change the institutions,” Harding said.

see HARDING, page 2

UCLA professor speaks on need for women in field of science

Monday, January 29, 2001

Volume LXV, Number 73, 1916-2001

Scott Andres, left, from Orcutt, and Israel Hernandez, right, from Santa Maria, cheer on the Baltimore Ravens during the second quarter of the Super Bowl Sunday at Firestone Grill in downtown San Luis Obispo. The Ravens outscored the New York Giants 34-7. For full coverage, see page 8.

AARON LAMBERT/MUSTANG DAILY
Earthquake death toll still climbing

BHUL, India (AP) — Exhausted searchers using everything from sophisticated backhoes to their bare hands, worked Friday to find survivors lingering among the thousands believed buried by western India's massive earthquake.

More than 6,000 bodies had been found by Friday in Bhuj, where the death toll was expected to go much higher. Some authorities estimated it would reach 12,000, others said 16,000 or more. A leading rescue official said there could be up to 10,000 dead in one town alone.

As India's prime minister appealed for help, frantic rescuers and sufferiug families uncovered a few signs of life Tuesday amid the destruction in Gujarat, the western Indian state that took the brunt of the 8.6 magnitude quake.

In Anjar, 30 miles southeast of the hard-hit town, Bhuj, a woman's old dog was unearthed from the rubble alive. "She was clinging to some Arabic verses," said a soldier who participated in the rescue operation. "She was totally unconscious," he said, declining to give his name.

Across town, säffer dogs located another sign of life in a heap of rubble. After three hours of digging, soldiers found a small, emaciated 2-year-old boy under the ruins and crumbled masonry. Unable to reach him, rescuers released water from a plastic bag, drop by drop, into his mouth.

Chopmg slowly at the blocks so as not to unsettle the unstable mound, the soldiers removed the pieces of debris one by one. Three hours later, the man was free.

In Bhuj, a desert town just miles from the quake's epicenter, workers dug for 30 hours and shouted with joy when they found a baby and her mother alive in the rubble.

The digging to free the pair took hours more. When it was finished, the baby girl, 18-month-old Namrata, was still alive, but barely weak. Rescuers rushed her to the hospital in an ambulance. The mother, Badrasen Aur, had died in the concrete heap.

Next door, a woman named Daya had spent two days trapped in bed with the corpses of her husband and young daughter. Her head was blunted and purple from lack of circulation. Authorities will know by Monday if any more people are alive under the rubble, Gujarat State Home Minister Haren Pandya said. The emphasis will then switch to clearing the rubble and removing the dead bodies.

Friday's magnitude-7.9 quake — India's strongest in more than 275 years — was felt in Nepal, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iran and more than 1,200 miles away in Turkey. The 6.6 magnitude Gujarat earthquake struck at 12:12 p.m. Thursday and was felt in Nepal, Pakistan, Iran and Turkey.

In Bhuj, lime and chlorine disinfectants were sprayed daily, and bricks were dispersed with long cameras attached had been used to arrive along with experienced teams of rescuers from places such as Switzerland, the United Kingdom and Turkey.

Indian Agriculture Minister Bhairu Basa said about 750 doctors and other health workers, more than 5,000 rescue workers, dozens of bulldozers, 86,000 blankets and 10,000 tents had been sent. But Pandya, the Gujarat home minister, said authorities will need even more rescue equipment and medical supplies.

On Sunday morning, a tremor of magnitude 6 shook the Gujarat area. It was the largest of more than 275 aftershocks recorded since the initial quake.

We've got a bus schedule to fit your class schedule!

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Serving: Santa Maria, Nipomo, Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach
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www.rideshare.org

HARDING continued from page 1

lecture were interested about feminist thought.

"I think that Harding inspired stu­
dents to think about these issues," Fern said. "The only time that you can ask the tough and radical questions is when you're young."

Harding has lectured on gender issues at more than 200 universities all over the world. She is the author of 10 books, including "Whose Science? Whose Knowledge: Thinking From Women's Lives" and "Is Science Multicultural?"

"I thought that the lecture was very insightful of men and women in sci­ence and how cultural attitudes can shape bias in scientific research," said Judy Solomon, professor of philosophy at Cal Poly.

The coming months of the lecture series will feature an array of speakers who will address their perceptions of science, technology and gender issues. The next speaker will be Dr. Julie Weerman, materials engineering pro­fessor, on Feb. 6. She will speak about issues dealing with women in engi­neering.

Students: Cal Poly needs your help!

We are looking for students to submit pro statements.

A proposal has been made to adjust student fees to offset the impact price inflation has on the University's ability to provide the quantity and quality of services/materials intended at the time the fees were adopted. For details, please come by the AS Student Government Office on the 2nd floor of the UC (UU 202) or call 756-1292.
Where does the Daily get the news?

I have been asked this question probably a thousand times in the last six months, so I thought I would finally offer an explanation.

Our news ideas come from a variety of places including reporters, press releases and phone calls.

Each of our 16 reporters are assigned to a "beat," a specific area of campus they are responsible for. For example, one reporter is assigned to the Foundation and checks in with it each week to make sure we are on top of Foundation news. This does not mean, however, that we hear about everything.

By far, the majority of our story ideas come from press releases, either from the mail or from fax. Anyone can (and at times it seems that everyone does) send us a press release with information. In an average week, the Daily gets roughly 100 press releases from organizations, news services and law enforcement agencies.

On occasion, we also get phone calls from community members telling us about what is going on in their neighborhood.

Sometimes, even when there are the more obvious ways we get the news, like on Thursday for instance, news gets to us through a press release to tell us the news went out.

From all these potential sources, it is our job as editors to determine which to report and on the limited space that reporters have.

It may seem like a crap shoot, but there really is a method. All stories are evaluated on their timeliness, uniqueness, prominence and news appeal in general. It is often difficult to decide what to cover, but our obligation is to provide you, the reader, with the stories you need access to, or stories that help you better understand the Cal Poly community.

So, to all those clubs that never get mentioned, all those lectures that don't get covered and all those programs that don't get plagged, I am sorry, but that's the nature of the news business.

If you have anything you think is of interest, let us know. Fax your press releases to 756-6294, or have them delivered to bldg. 26, room 226. If you don't tell us, we might not know.

Have a question about campus? Ask Adam. E-mail him at ajarman@calpoly.edu

Post a Classified ad

NEW YORK (AP) — Forget about sitting through 20 minutes of local news just to get the sports. In the newscast of tomorrow, you'll control what you watch.

No more distant editors deciding what you ought to know. Create an entire baseball newscast if you want. Or if Will Smith is more your style, how about a package focusing on his portfolio?

The promise to make customized newscasts routine. FeedRoom.com and Yahoo! are among companies already starting to make it happen.

Finally, you'll be able to get news that interests you. But there's a downside. The shift could further fragment the news audience and create a society where neighbors are increasingly disconnected.

Say you're a financial news hound who ignores entertainment tidbits. What would you make of someone joking about "Survivor" tribal council? Pay too little attention to business, though, and you might be in for a shock when you check your retirement portfolio.

Jonathan Klein, who left CBS News and is now a consultant to FeedRoom, believes viewers who take a narrow view have only themselves to blame.

"Viewers are sick of editors they don't know making choices for them," Klein said. "Our obligation is to have all of it there and let viewers choose."

FeedRoom lets viewers create their own newscasts by selecting from lists of video clips based on personal interests. The company now collects clips from about 30 TV stations, mostly NBC affiliates.

In coming months, the site will begin tracking choices so that clips related to viewers' favorite topics will pop up when you visit.

FeedRoom has grown since its August debut. With little promotion, it now gets 75,000 viewers monthly, nearly 20 percent above projections. Workers are now laying cable at FeedRoom's new, larger quarters in downtown New York for a staff of about 150 that can no longer squeeze into the old offices.

No matter what that trend leads to:

"Viewers are sick of editors they don't know making choices for them."

Jonathan Klein
FeedRoom founder

Two Dartmouth professors found dead Sunday

HANOVER, N.H. (AP) — The safe, close-knit feel of Dartmouth College was shattered Sunday by the unexpected deaths of two popular, longtime professors, a couple described as the pillars of the Ivy League school's English faculty.

Susanne and Hal Zontop had welcomed so many guests into their home that "they practically owned the road," said a colleague Pace Dunmore.

The couple's latest guests arrived at their home Saturday evening, only to find their hosts' bodies.

Police were called, seeing little more at a brief news conference early Sunday than that the deaths were suspicious.

Investigators stationed outside the couple's front door made a cursory sweep of the campus stopped passing cars to question drivers during the night. However, official told the Associated Press there was no cause for alarm.

Guest Roxanne Vennus and a companion were kept inside the house late Wednesday.

Many of the college's nearly 5,600 students learned of the deaths in a campus-wide e-mail from the student newspaper, The Dartmouth.

Monday Jan. 29

Tuesday Jan. 30

Wednesday Jan. 31

Thursday Feb. 1

Friday Feb. 2

NEWS

Your best choice gives audiences more reasons to visit sites. On a busy day, users can get what's personally relevant.

New Web site lets viewers create personal, interest-based newscasts

It's mostly text now, but video is coming.

Yahoo! now lets users customize a Web page with news about their favorite topics or keywords, selecting reports from traditional sources like The Associated Press and ABC News.

So far, the majority of users just rearrange the reports, leaving the same content on their new personal sites. But Yahoo! hopes that as more homes get high-speed connections, viewers will make their "personal" sites among their Web destinations.

Meanwhile, Screaming Media and others are developing " recommender" packages that pick out news topics that seem likely to interest a user based on his or her past searches.

A survey last year found that nearly half of the under-30 crowd were online news consumers. Younger Americans were less likely to watch local news. In fact, young and old viewers don't watch news at the same time.

"People go to news sites to pursue things they are already interested in, and not just whatever general enlightenment," he said. "It will lead them to an even smaller and narrower world view."

Kohlberg's study shows users tend to seek out "personal" and "biased" sites, which make up about one fifth of news sites on the Web. And according to the study, users who get "personal" sites are more likely to watch news regularly, even if they never watch it on television.

"It's mostly text now, but video is coming."
Gimmicks and politics dilute religion today

Religion is a strange brew these days. Our parents raised us to believe in a packaged philosophy, and then later encourage us to "learn about our religion" in an attempt to confirm the whole outfit during childhood. This backward attempt at reasoning mocks modern rational thought, yet we rarely question the myths.

Of course, this model of teaching morals to our children was the gold standard even thousands of years ago, but I think we are witness to a paradigm shift in which religion is no longer just a value set passed from parent to children. Evangelism now employs sophisticated marketing to turn religion into a cheap commodity: a plug and play, one-size-fits-all, financing available outlet, like Priceline or Microsoft Windows.

There are now television commercials for religion, complete with celebrity spokespeople. Their logic goes like this:

1. Life is hard. I'm a celebrity and look how hard my life is! Yours must be really terrible, h > r you ;ire ordinary.
2. I feel the warmth of knowing «deity» is with you when
3. If your life sucks, you should join us. You too can sense the sanctity of marriage gone in this country? Although the sta-
4. Everyone will answer their sins on
5. What about the original arguments: N X 'hy does the

Commentary

Another Hollywood couple is getting divorced. Alec Baldwin and Kim Basinger are calling it quits. It seems to happen all the time, but it's not just in Hollywood. It's an epidemic spreading across the nation that knows no race, religion or social class. Where has the sanctity of marriage gone in this country? Although the sta-

Letter policy

Columns, cartoons and letters reflect the views of their authors and do not neces-

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Secretary of State Colin L. Powell brought in $6.7 million for taking last year.
He talked to various corporations, trade associations and universities, some of which paid more than $100,000 to hear Powell speak.

**Commentary**
Powell has delivered eight to 10 speeches a month, typically receiving $50,000 for each engagement.

Powell was profiting from his charisms and the reputation he earned as the Joint Chiefs of Staff during the Persian Gulf War.

While this is not illegal, it is disappointing that a person can become a millionaire from public service.

“When a man assumes a public trust, he should consider himself as public property,” former president Thomas Jefferson said.

As public property, Powell should freely distribute his wisdom gained from being in public service. This gratuitous spreading of knowledge would be in continuation of past public service, instead of the current capitalization of these services.

Powell assumed a public trust, and by profiting on public service, he jeopardizes this trust. Not only does he receive speaking fees, but now he has resumed public office after taking money from various corporations.

Some of those corporations might be looking for a favor from Powell. If Powell had not returned to public service, the fact that he made money from speaking would only be frustrating. Now that he has re-entered public service, Powell’s connection to corporations, such as Coca-Cola Company and American Express Company, diminishes the trust people have in him.

Former public servants who gained fame and money from their office include two former presidents. A Japanese company paid Ronald Reagan $52 million for two 20-minute speeches. George Bush usually gets $125,000 per speech from corporate clients such as Amway.

Ex-President Bill Clinton will most likely also make money by talking.

By speaking when they are told, former presidents are behaving like dogs.

Lawmakers keep these laws in place to only hurt our parents, as if they don’t already know what happens at college (especially considering many of them were in college in the 1960s). So, why are these laws still in place then?

The answer is only to give the lawmakers and law enforcers something to fight. Whenever it has been a long time since a big crime has been committed, there always seems to be some new announcement about a new program to fight drugs, stop binge drinking or enact some new safety program. It would seem that, since no real benefits are seen from these programs, they are only in place to make it look like we are fighting all the “injustices” in our society.

Why don’t we stop wasting taxpayer money and doing something that actually has a point to it?

Cameron Edmond is a business administration sophomore.

**Personal safety comes from education**

Editor,

I read with interest Michelle Hartfield’s commentary (“Safety is an illusion, it can happen to you”), Jan. 22, and Tom Mijich’s contra opinion letter (“This campus is safe,” Jan. 24).

Both perceptions had much merit and understanding. However, there is a measurable standard that our community should keep in mind regarding perception of safety.

The California Department of Justice requires that all police agencies, including the University Police Department at Cal Poly, submit statistics regarding crime activity of all kinds on an yearly basis. Their data shows that the people who live in San Luis Obispo County live in an area that is safer than from the bottom in regard to reported crime per capita by counts. Of, or the 55 counties in California, San Luis Obispo is 55th in terms of crime rate per person.

What does that mean? Simply, that the vast majority of Cal Poly students living in this county are statistically less likely to be a crime victim than they are in their own hometown. Does that mean we don’t educate and work hard to keep that number low? Of course not. One reason why those statistics are extrapolated is due to the diligence by area agencies, of all kinds, who work on prevention and education.

The University Police Department spends many hundreds of hours, on a yearly basis, in the process of educating our students, faculty and staff regarding the issues of personal safety and avoiding being victimized. However, it is sometimes lost in public discourse, regarding the issue of safety, is statistics regarding crime and the actual probability of any one person being victimized.

As students we all must pay attention to keeping ourselves safe. It means locking your car and house door, choosing friends wisely, avoiding alcohol abuse and choosing circumstances that enhance safety.

However, it does not mean that any of us need to live in fear, it simply means that informed and educated decision making is key to personal safety. Our local crime statistics, we believe, are evidence of that.

Anyone interested in local crime statistics, and how our community compares to the rest of the state, is encouraged to visit the California Department of Justice’s Criminal Justice Statistics Center Web site at http://caag.state.ca.us/cjsc/databas.htm or the University Police Department’s Web site at www.facts.calpoly.edu/Polic/.

Tony Aelts is chief of University Police.

Get a solar heater

Editor,

I hear a lot about energy conservation, and I agree with it, but we don’t need to go to war over energy. No one has to. For downtown dwellers like ourselves who have no control over our domiciles, it is only an option. It is a great dream for those who own rooftop space, there is another viable option.

Sure, electricity cost is going up, but there are people right now sitting at home and chucking to themselves gleefully. These are the people who went solar Right now with their power bills sky rocketing, it may be only 10 years or so before the panel pays themselves off. They pay themselves off even sooner if you count the generous tax deductions that come with purchasing solar panels.

If I had the option, I really couldn’t say that I’d mind having my power meter turn backward all day. Of course, people are short-sighted and would rather whine about the hardship of conserving energy than have a great deal of it free. What’s better is that what you aren’t using is running around literally warming some one else’s house so that we don’t need blackouts.

Although this is do mostly for poor students, I beg of you who have spare cash and a home to consider taking themselves from part of the problem to part of the solution.

James Medina is an economics sophomore.
News

Oklahoma basketball players, staff die in airplane crash

BYERS, Colo. (AP) — Two Oklahoma State basketball players and six others were killed when their plane crashed in a snowstorm while returning from a game at Jefferson County Airport, Federal Aviation Administration spokesman John Chabas said. The plane had crashed 40 miles east of Denver after taking off from Jefferson County Airport, Federal Aviation Administration spokesman John Chabas said. The pilot and co-pilot also died.

Oklahoma State players Nate Fleming and Daniel Lunnos, sports information employee Willy Hancock, Oklahoma State director of basketball operations Pat Neeser, manager Brian Linker, student manager Jared Weinberg, broadcast engineer Kendall Fleming, Bill Torns, pilot Denver Mills and copilot Brian Feldstein were all on board the plane, said Oklahoma State sports information director Steve Bezaard.

"The players are handling this with each other and with us, grieving very deeply," Bezaard said. Bezaard said the school would...
down pass to Brandon Stokley with 6:40 left in the first quarter gave the Ravens a 7-0 lead. It marked that way for most of the first half.

Brad Maynard of the Giants and Kyle Richardson each ended up breaking the record of nine punts. There were 21 punts (Maynard had 6:50 left in the first).

Neither team had a first down in its first two possessions, but Baltimore kept filling closer and closer to the New York goal on the exchange of punts.

The Giants got a first down in the second quarter, New York's Jesse James intercepted a poorly thrown Dilfer pass and ran it into the end zone, but the Giants' Keith Hamilton was called for holding on the play, negating the interception.

The Ravens got their second big play late in the first half, a 44-yard pass from Dilfer to Qadry Ismail that set up Stover's 47-yard field goal that made it 10-0.

The Giants mounted their first drive after that, as Tiki Barber ran 27 yards to the Baltimore 29. But on the next play, Collins went for the end zone and Chris McAdoo intercepted and sent the Ravens into halftime with the 10-point lead.

That was one of the few times the Baltimore quarterback was on target, twice missing open receivers, behind the Giants' secondary.

Facing first and 10 in the second quarter, New York's Jesse James intercepted a poorly thrown Dilfer pass and ran it into the end zone, but the Giants' Keith Hamilton was called for holding on the play, negating the interception.

The Ravens got their second big play late in the first half, a 44-yard pass from Dilfer to Qadry Ismail that set up Stover's 47-yard field goal that made it 10-0.

The Giants mounted their first drive after that, as Tiki Barber ran 27 yards to the Baltimore 29. But on the next play, Collins went for the end zone and Chris McAdoo intercepted and sent the Ravens into halftime with the 10-point lead.
Baseball still undefeated at Baggett

**Mustangs sweep series against University of Utah**

By Matt Smart

The sun continues to shine on the Mustangs in Baggett Stadium. The baseball team hosted University of Utah, sweeping the three-game series and sending the Utahites back to Utah from the Central Coast sunshine without a win.

Utah head coach Tim Esmay indirectly commented on the good weather when he summed up the series. "I am happy with the series," he said. "This was our first time outside in four months. Happy with the pitching staff. Happy with the defense. The offense is a little rusty."

On Saturday, Cal Poly beat Utah in a doubleheader, 6-5 and 3-1. Last year, Cal Poly opened the season against Utah at home losing both games at their old home stadium, Shinshemeyer Park.

The first game had originally been scheduled for Friday but was rained out. Junior pitcher Kevin Corema was credited with the win in the first game. The success in the second game was due in part to sophomore pitcher Tyler Fitch who pitched five innings and only allowed three runs.

The Mustangs finished the three-game series with a 9-8 win on Sunday morning before the kickoff of the Super Bowl. After a game-winning hit by junior Chris Martinez in the tenth inning that allowed sophomore Scott Anderson to score, fans rushed out of the stadium to their cars, some of whom could be heard muttering about kickoff starting soon.

Pitcher Kevin Corema makes a putout in the ninth inning of the first game of Saturday's doubleheader.

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Ravens romp in Super blowout

**TAMPA, Fla. (AP) - Baltimore's brown defense backed up its bragging.**

After boastfully revealing that the Giants couldn't move their league-leading unit, Roy Lewis and the Ravens did what they said they would, beating New York 47-7 for their first Super Bowl victory.

Despite the score, Sunday's game was as advertised - a battle of defenses until New York's wilted out.

So effective was Baltimore's defense that the New York offense never got inside its 29. The game might as well have been helped along by Trent Dilfer's 38-yard touch.

Baltimore, the first time that's ever happened in Super Bowl. Otherwise, Ray Lewis, the Super Bowl MVP, and the rest of the Baltimore defense smothered the Giants, who scored 41 points and painted only once against Minnesota in the NFC title game.

The victory gave 75-year-old Art Modell his first Super Bowl win in 45 years as an owner. He won one NFL title in 35 seasons in Cleveland before moving his franchise to Baltimore in 1996, but he had never won two close AFC title games in Cleveland.

Modell won by beating his good friend Wellington Mara of the Giants, who has 75 seasons in the NFL.

So effective was Baltimore's defense that the New York offense never got inside its 29. The game might as well have been helped along by Trent Dilfer's 38-yard touch.

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**Sports Trivia**

**Yesterday's Answer:**

The Green Bay Packers drafted Aaron Brooks in its

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**Scores**

**BASEBALL**

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| WOMEN'S BASKETBALL**

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**WOMEN'S SWIMMING**

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Please submit sports trivia answers to: mmart@calpoly.edu

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**Schedule**

**WEDNESDAY**

- Men's basketball vs. Pacific  
  - at Mott Gym  
  - 7 p.m.

**FRIDAY**

- Women's basketball vs. Long Beach State  
  - at Long Beach  
  - 7:30 p.m.

- Baseball vs. University of San Diego  
  - at Baggett Stadium  
  - 5 p.m.

- Swimming vs. UC Irvine  
  - at Mott Pool  
  - 11 a.m.

**SATURDAY**

- Men's basketball vs. Idaho  
  - at Idaho  
  - 7 p.m.

- Baseball vs. University of San Diego  
  - at Baggett Stadium  
  - 1 p.m.