Sales drop causes El Corral to lay off long-time employees

By Teresa Wilson
Summer Mustang

For some El Corral Bookstore employees, high textbook prices and lay offs mean unemployment.

Nick Routh is one of as many as 10 El Corral employees affected by what he said is the second round of layoffs in the last three years. The layoffs were announced the first week of July.

Routh’s position of associate director of sales, along with four others, is being eliminated. Routh has been with El Corral since 1975.

El Corral and Campus Dining are auxiliary divisions of the Cal Poly Foundation. Both the divisions operate as independent entities but are obligated to pay $950,000 annually into the Foundation. This is part of the more than $1 million projected annual income the Foundation receives. This money is then in the hands of President Warren Baker, who distributes it at his discretion towards such projects as scholarships and underwriting fundraisers.

Frank Mumford, director of administration and planning for the Foundation says this has been a growing dilemma over the course of a few years. "We've been experiencing a downward financial at the bookstore over the last three years," Mumford said. He said that the objective is to "re-engineer our operation" to match the staff numbers with the current workload.

Over the years, the campus bookstore has meant convenience for students. It was like having one-stop shopping for textbooks, school supplies and Cal Poly merchandise. But for many students, the growing competitive market has been the overwhelming choice. This has caused concern for the bookstore, its employees and the Foundation.

One El Corral employee, who wished to remain anonymous, blames the high cost of textbooks as the primary cause for the decrease in sales. She said the layoffs have been stressful not only for those whose positions are being eliminated, but also for those who will be incurring additional responsibilities due to the reduction in staff.

"We're kind of beating our heads on the table," the El Corral employee said. "It is a detriment to students because we are basically forcing people to shop elsewhere."

El Corral and Foundation officials claim layoffs are a last resort means of regaining financial stability.

"It has absolutely nothing to do with individual performance or cause," bookstore director Frank Cowley said. "They are all mar

Sen. O’Connell wants more funding for the CSU system

By Erin Green
Summer Mustang

The deletion of a portion of CSU funding, Jack O’Connell wants money to come from a bill, not students

Since deletion of a portion of CSU funding, Jack O’Connell wants money to come from a bill, not students
**EL CORRAL**

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velos. It boils down to a matter of pricing.

Cawley explained that a lack of profit over the last two or three years has resulted in a loss of over $15,000 for the bookstore.

Students continue to be frustrated with the high price of textbooks in addition to the standard fees they pay each quarter and have been finding new resources for textbooks so they can save a few dollars. The result of demand for lower prices has been an increase in business for local competitor Aida's University Book

FAIR SHARE

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they are receiving?" Conner said.

However, not everyone is pleased with proposed SB645 however. W.S. Moore, a professor in the graphic communication's department thinks the bill sounds more like fantasy than reality. "Although I am a member of a faculty union, this seems a cheap trick to compensate for their recruiting attention." Moore said. "Wouldn't it be nice if people like you could get your laws passed to make every person pay union dues no matter their choice?"

Political science professor Allen Seltzer calls the bill agency shop which means "dues must be paid (with few exceptions) as a condition of employment." CFA chapter president Phil Fetter denies that SB645 is agency shop.

"I want to stress that this is not agency fee. Agency fee mandates membership, we do not mandate membership," Fetter said.

There are still more reactions included in this quarter's article in the middle of this stirring controversy.

"For too long, union members, who make up a minority of faculty, have paid dues to provide our union with the means to negotiate with the Chancellor's office, for the betterment of all faculty," said Basil Fiorito, psychology and human development professor.

Fiorito, a union member, disagrees however, about the amount faculty will be required to pay.

"I have no way of knowing what percentage of my union dues goes to cover the cost of contract negotiation. Even if it were 80 to 85 percent of my dues, I think that's too large a percentage to require of non-union members," Fiorito pointed out.

He believes that if the bill is passed, union dues should be lowered for everyone, including the amount non-members should have to pay. "If the union does nothing in terms of lowering dues, if it ever knows the fair share bill is enacted, I intend to object strenuously to the union and would consider withdrawing from it altogether," he said.

Fetter said nothing concrete has been decided about lowering union dues yet.

"Most people believe if fair share goes in, we'll be able to reduce the dues somehow," Fetter said. "Reduction in the overall dues, I think, is highly likely when we get fair share." Many faculty members may not even know about SB645. Summer is a critical time when the number of faculty members are on campus, and little publicity has been given to the bill. SB645 has been moving quickly through the legislature. The bill has already passed through the Senate and is coming to the Assembly Floor for a vote after the summer recess ends August 16th. The CFA believes that if SB645 is approved, the governor will sign the bill. SB645 would go into effect next January.

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**FUNDING**

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noticeable change in education that would benefit the students. Since the Cal Poly Plan Steering Committee has identified the trend for further funding, students are worried that the problem will get passed onto them. They also worry that the fee increases will not be beneficial.

"If they raise fees, it will be better for a good reason," engineering senior Vas Baradarian said.

However, Moffatt believes the students should not anticipate a fee increase yet.

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**Trustees propose same CSU and UC high school requirements**

By Nanette Pietroforte

Summer Mustang

Students hoping to apply to Cal Poly may have more classes to finish before their acceptance letters arrive.

The Board of Trustees for the California State University (CSU) system is proposing to vote on an initiative in September that would create the same core preparatory course requirements for both the CSU system and the University of California (UC) system. CSU spokesman Ken Swisher says that the initiative will help alleviate the stress of deciding between the two systems.

"This will make it easier for high school students and parents to qualify for higher public education and enter into either system," Swisher said.

Regarding Swisher, the changes will be minimal. High school students hoping to enter into the CSU system are currently required to have completed four years of English, three years of math, one year of visual and performing arts, two years of a foreign language, one year of history and one year of lab science. If passed, students will be required to take an additional year of a social science and lab science. The, Swisher said. The UC system will add the requirement of one year of visual and performing arts.

CSU Chancellor Charles B. Reed thinks with having the same requirements for the CSU and UC systems, parents and students will have a better understanding of the classes needed to progress into a college.

"One of the ways the CSU is seeking to assist college-bound students is to communicate better with them, their parents and counselors about our expectations," Reed said.

Alignment of freshman subject requirements will help establish a clear message about the preparation see requirement, page 3

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(805) 543-0700
Students look toward Cal Poly to find a summer job

By Aaron Emerson
Summer Mustang

July 15, 1999

Lack of employment opportunities has long been a complaint about San Luis Obispo County. Cal Poly Career Services tries to answer the complaints of Cal Poly students by offering numerous jobs on a daily basis. Everyday, Career Services receives new jobs from employers all over the county and offers the jobs to Cal Poly students. Often the supply of jobs outnumber the demand for work.

"We get more than enough jobs for students. Unfortunately many students are unaware of our ability to get them work," Administrative Assistant Melinda Patton said.

Job categories include landscaping, restaurant work, housecleaning, moving, childcare and temporary work. There is also a miscellaneous category of full-time and part-time jobs which don't fit into a specific category and there is also a "New Today" category. For those students who leave San Luis Obispo County during summer quarter, there is a service to find out-of-town jobs as well. Web Walk-Up displays jobs in three categories: careers, coops and summer. These jobs are also categorized by the college you attend at Cal Poly or by major. The job placement services are not open for all, however.

"The services are open to all CSU students, but they must register with Career Services first," Patton said.

To register, students must go to career services to fill out forms, and then they are automatically eligible to browse through the lists of jobs.

"The thing we want students to know is that they should look before summer starts if they are looking for out-of-town work," Patton advised. "The earlier they start looking, the better off they will be." The web-site also offers information on career planning, workshops, job fairs and events, financial aid and alumni services.

If Career Services is unable to fulfill your employment needs, there are numerous other ways to find a job in the county. San Luis Obispo Personnel Services Inc. offers temporary and permanent jobs. They can be reached at 544-1800.

"We have more jobs than we can fill throughout the summer," Consultant Marlane Sanders said. "Just walk-in, or make an appointment to begin the process.

If a county job is desired, the San Luis Obispo County Job Hotline can be reached at 781-5958.

A last source of job listings is the traditional classified section of any area newspaper. There are new jobs listed daily and more than enough for the summer student population.

Career Services can be reached on the Internet at careerservices.calpoly.edu or by phone at 756-2501.

Enthusiastic professor brings life to the classroom

By Teresa Wilson
Summer Mustang

The walls in his office are covered with photographs of people who have touched his life. More importantly, they are the students, faculty and friends whose lives he has touched.

A professor of agricultural education and communication, Joe Sabol gives his students something to look forward to for their next class session.

Enthusiastic is a word that describes Sabol's teaching style. "It should be illegal to be that happy," animal science professor, Ken Scotto said of Sabol. "He is so positive and it's genuine."

One of his many passions, agriculture was passed down to Sabol from his father, a landscape gardener. A love for gardening and an interest in agriculture made an education in agriculture the natural choice.

Sabol has taught at the high school and junior college levels but said Cal Poly is the right place for him. He has been teaching at Cal Poly for 27 years.

While he finds teaching to be very rewarding, Sabol said he has most valuable experience at Cal Poly has been his position as adviser for the Agriculture Ambassadors program. Agriculture Ambassadors is the public relations branch of the Cal Poly agriculture department, composed of students dedicated to encouraging high school and junior college students to pursue higher education, helping individuals cultivate their agricultural endeavors, and spreading the word about Cal Poly's agriculture program.

Recent agriculture science graduate Mike Hattrup was involved in Agriculture Ambassadors for more than two years. Hattrup credited "Dr. Joe" for recruiting him into the program and being influential in his Cal Poly experience.

"Sabol was the fuel that fired up my involvement at Cal Poly," Hattrup said.

Hattrup had been at an agriculture exhibition in another town and while walking around the exhibits, Sabol recognized him from school, started talking to him and recruited him to work the Cal Poly booth. The rest was history.

Sabol is amazed at the dedication of the students in the Ambassador program. They receive no monetary or academic compensation for their long hours of service, yet there have been up to 60 or 70 students eager assembling at 7 a.m. meetings and traveling throughout the Western United States promoting agricultural careers.

"We teach each other a lot," Sabol said of his ambassadors. "They are a bunch of givers, not takers. I can't believe how much dedication they have to serve." Sabol helped some graduating ambassadors to celebrate by hosting a barbecue at his home the week before finals last June. As is frequently the case with activities with Sabol, he added a very unique touch to the event few in attendance will soon forget.

Carolyn Jones, the ambassador's road-trip, and her husband Mike supplied each person in attendance with a homing pigeon. Sabol wanted the students to remember how much they had accomplished and celebrate them as they prepared to "fly off."

Sabol proudly shows a photo of his latest graduates sending their pigeons off to spread their wings and venture out into the great wide open.

From the expressions on the students' faces in the picture, the graduates are as proud as their mentor is.

** REQUIREMENT **

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PLenty of OPPORTUNITY: Career Services offers a plethora of potential summer jobs. Career Services also has a website where students can access information on career planning workshops, job fairs and alumni services.

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** REQUIREMENT **

continued from page 2

students need for university study. Reed said. "By working together with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the CSU and UC have made the admission process less complicated.

The requirement changes would go into effect for college freshmen as of Fall 2001.

Eleanor Walker has a college-bound daughter who is part of the first affected college freshman class. Walker recognizes the benefits of having the same requirements for both college systems.

"As a parent, the advantage to this is that the students are qualified for either system," Walker said. "If there is scholarship money involved, it could make it easier to make a decision between CSU and UC."

The additional classes needed that help students already at the college, according to biochemistry and microbiology senior Ryan Tognazzini.

"I think it would be very good because it would free up the impacted CSU system. It would probably allow more room for dedicated transfers and eliminate freshmen who don't know what they want," Tognazzini said.

There are 22 schools in the CSU system and nine in the UC system.
Opinion

Licensing of parents should be considered

The first time I encountered this idea, I fell back in disbelief. But the more I read, the more it became rational. Now some may say that licensing parents to have children goes against a parent's right to have a family. However, a parent can claim no such right because two people must consent to have a child. Together they are supposed to form a right, either legal or natural, because no such right exists. In essence, to conceive a child is a duty to take proactive steps to protect the welfare of all children at home, even from their own parents. In past times it would have been unthinkable that a parent would violate that trust, but as we have seen and read, parents are sometimes the most harmful in the relationship. Parents' motives are not always in the best interest of the child. In this case, society should be prepared to act and should have already taken steps to prevent the occurrence of harm. Certainly not all harmful occurrences are preventable, but we are doing all that we can to prevent them.

Now some may say proactive interference in the raising of a child interferes with the privacy of the home. They may be right, but they may also be wrong because privacy is a double-edged sword. The right to privacy has been used to defend marital rape and abuse within the home. Certainly, none of us would justify privacy as a concern over abuse or rape, so why should we use privacy to override the parent/child relationship? Again it goes back to protecting the child even at the expense of family privacy. Understandably this is a very hard idea to accept and should not be accepted at face value without some serious consideration. This is a high price to pay, but sometimes it is necessary to pay it. The right to privacy has been used to protect the parent/child relationship in order to prevent harm that may never happen.

Perhaps an even more daunting task to be conquered lies ahead. In licensing parents, what should one look for in order to rule out potentially bad parents? What minimum requirements need to be met for a license to be granted? Is it possible to create an unbiased test for potential parents? What would we do if we licensed parents had a child in defiance of this law?

I am not sure that there is adequate criteria to rule out potentially bad parents, but this does not mean that we should not pursue this avenue. There is no simple answer to the problem of child abuse; each instance happens for different reasons. If "the children are our future," why should we not devote more resources to nurturing their development? This idea is not so foreign as it would seem; after all, we subject potential adoptive parents to rigorous scrutiny. What's the difference of applying this standard to biological parents?

Scott A. Lemos is a political science senior.

Scott A. Lemos

Prisoners should earn their keep

Usually I'm behind the American Civil Liberties Union 100 percent, no questions asked. But a recent denouncement of a California initiative that will be put to the voter test in March 2000 has me opposing the ACLU for the first time.

The Gang Violence and Juvenile Crime Prevention Act would allow juvenile pris­ons to make their own work while incarcerated. More specifically, it permits juvenile prisoners to work alongside commercial businesses, providing a captive labor force to companies such as Wal-Mart and TWA. The prisoners are paid minimum wage, and the juvenile prison system argues it forces some level of productivity on prisoners. I'm not narrow-minded or one-sided; I see the ACLU's argument clearly and acknowledge that it is logical and valid. The ACLU fears that creating a partner­ship between private business and public prison could create a profit motive, which could ultimately turn the focus away from reforming juvenile offenders and toward keeping prisoners in the system in order to keep profits stable, or even increase profits. It seems to me that more prisoners would look forward to getting out of prison if they truly believed they could become worthwhile members of society.

The ACLU is trying to protect criminals' rights these days. I'm not.

I know that many innocent people have been wrongfully imprisoned, some for most of their lives. The ACLU would use this as an argument against making prisoners work, but I think that if I were a prisoner, I'd be happy to work. What I mean is, if I'm stuck in there anyway (even if I'm innocent), I'd look forward to working to keep myself busy, even if it just pays minimum wage.

The ACLU worries this initiative could lead to privatization of prisons. However, the history on this issue suggests otherwise.

Adult prisons have been using this capti­tive labor force for years. Many U.S. compa­nies hire prisoners to produce their prod­ucts; it just hasn't spread to juvenile prisons yet. But, keep in mind the ACLU vehem­ently denounces the practice at adult pris­ons for all the same reasons.

Making prisoners work for commercial companies has neither caused the privatiza­tion of prisons nor led to public discourse about the possibility of privatizing prisons. The ACLU argues that prisons will begin keeping prisoners incarcerated in order to drive profits up because under the current rules, prisons receive a chunk of the profits earned by their inmates. My argument is prisoners do not need to worry about keeping prisoners longer than court ruled prison terms specific. In California alone, more than 90 percent of criminal offenders serve less than their sen­tence's specific. And nearly half of prisoners in California serve 50 percent of their sen­tences. Prisoners are packed tight. Beginning just a few years ago, for the first time in U.S. history, more prisoners were built than colleges and universities, and the trend has continued each year since.

Our society is more violent than ever. Kids killing kids, parents and teachers. No matter what deterrents are in place, the continued stream of killings by America's youth proves the methods to deter crime aren't strong enough. Prisons won't be wor­rying about how to fill work orders, as the ACLU suggests. It's unrealistic.

I suppose the issue pokes at the sensitive part of me who wants to see criminals pay for the destruction they cause, even if it is giving back to society by producing com­mercial goods. It doesn't seem like the greatest idea at first. It seems like there would be a better way for juvenile criminals to give back some of what they've destroyed. But the more I think about it, I wouldn't want these people out and about around town volunteering. It's a win-win situation. The prisoners can do the money they earn to their fami­lies and, at the same time, become produc­tive members of society.

When you vote in March, please remember the example of most recent Ron Allen Kres in our community. That's all you should need.

Make criminals, even juvenile criminals, give something back to ALL of us in the community.

Kristin Dohse is a journalism senior.

Commentary

Scott A. Lemos is a political science senior.

Scott A. Lemos
Religion should create unity

Editor:

I write this in response to the July 9 articles written about world religions. I read with some dismay the article about Christianity ("Christianity is built on the Bible."). I was raised a Christian from birth, and too often am bothered by the pessimism many Christians demonstrate over their own religion with.

I find it ironic that a religion whose God is one who loves unconditionally isn't always represented this way by its followers. Too often separation is encouraged when we should love people regardless of race, sex, religion, etc.

I doubt the ecumenical movement many people will fear will destroy the ABSOLUTE truth, only what some believe to be absolutely true. What it might destroy is some of the negativism and conflict between religions. Why be afraid to admit that many religions have something in common? Many religions have the same goal, but a somewhat different means of reaching that goal.

I think religion for many people is a moral guide and instructs us on what it truly means to live. After all, according to the Bible, God is love. Concentrating on our differences takes us away from what is common. When we observe our differences, it does more harm than good. Ever since have been fought over religious differences! Tell me what God has come from that.

In the article Cassandra Jones wrote about Christianity, she said there is only one interpretation of the Bible and it does not belong to man. Unfortunately we are left to determine what we believe to be the correct meaning of the Bible, so it becomes impossible not to interpret. A book which is filled with stories, from which we should understand a deeper meaning, isn't always easy to translate. I think it is safer to take the most important messages and put them into practice. I believe "love" is one of the most important messages the Bible has to offer.

This is the foundation from which Christianity grew.

Ultimately Cassandra, I don't intend to correct your beliefs. But let us never be so arrogant as to discount the beliefs of others. Arrogance can consume us and we have much to learn from each other. It is this narrow-mindedness which is the true enemy. It is the narrow-mindedness which takes us far from God. Let us focus our studies on the truly important issues religion deals with and always remember to stay in touch with our beliefs. If the love in our hearts is ever overcome by religious arrogance, we should question the beliefs that make us feel this way.

Eric Graham is a mechanical engineering junior.

Ecumenism is a good thing

Editor:

Cassandra Jones said a lot of good things about Christianity in her article "Christianity is built on the Bible," but she made one big mistake: she condemned the ecumenical movement.

First of all, the ecumenical movement is not a concept vital to a Bible. The header implied that her article's objective was to relate the basic beliefs about Christianity. Ecumenism is not a belief but an issue. She spent half of her article talking about the ecumenical movement instead of something more important to Christianity like how one becomes saved or "born again."

The key to salvation is first recognizing your life is far from perfect and you need a relationship with God. Because God is perfect and you're not, you need to be purified. This is where Jesus comes in. He was a perfect person who did both man and God. He died on a cross to take away the sins of the entire world. Secondly, you must ask him to forgive all of your sins. Once purified, God can have a relationship with you. In order to do so, the Holy Spirit lives in your soul.

Being a Christian doesn't stop there though. Jones mentioned studying the Bible, but that's not all. Jesus said that the greatest commandment is to love the Lord your God with all your heart, soul and mind. He also commands us to go out into the world and share our faith with all people. Now I know this is kind of cliché, but basically Jesus loves you. He just wants you to return the love and share it with others.

Secondly, the ecumenical movement is a good thing. Jones cited scripture to prove her point, but in doing so she made one big assumption. She assumed only one denomination is right in its doctrine. I don't know what church she goes to, but I would venture to guess that its doctrine isn't much different from my church's.

Many Christians today tend to emphasize the differences between their churches, yet in reality there are more similarities. I've been to different churches here in town, and none of them taught false doctrine. They all had different practices, some of which I did not share, but there were no major conflicts of doctrine. In deciding whether a church is good or not, we need to separate practice from doctrine.

Finally, ecumenism is a good thing because it brings all Christians closer together and enables them to accomplish their goals together.

It provides an otherwise fragmented church with a sense of unity. Keep in mind that while striving for unity, ecumenism does not compromise on doctrine. If you want to see ecumenism alive on our campus, you should check out something known as the Mega Meeting. Those happen about once a quarter, and all Christians are invited. At least give ecumenism a chance.

Barnaby Hughes is a history sophomore.

Responsibility is not relative

Editor:

Both July 8 articles expounding on the virtues of teaching responsibility to our children fall into the trap of speaking of responsibility as only one would speak of liability in order to assess blame or find. Both articles would have one believe if we taught children to accept blame for their actions, then tragedies like the one that occurred at Columbine High School would be avoided. However, one need only look to the similar shootings on Jonestown and Paducah to realize that the assailants in both cases took responsibility for their actions. The suffering that ensued was controlled the roles they played in the killings.

Teaching our children simply to take responsibility for their actions is not a surrogate of teaching them to act responsibly. Responsibility is not something to be passively "taken" or "accepted." One must "act" with responsibility. To act with responsibility means that one is cognizant of the effects of actions on oneself and others, and one chooses actions that have the greatest benefit for all people whom may be affected.

It is important to note that acting with responsibility affects all decisions one makes, great and small. Such action is not reserved for the Khololok and Harriss of the world. All our actions affect the people around us, and those effects in turn influence the actions others take.

The massacres occurring in our schools are messages to the survivors. The survivors are not just the people present at the shootings but all of us who are left to ask why. The news reporters would have you believe that there was nothing that could have been done to foresee or prevent the violence. Those that cannot or will not take responsibility for the actions of our community members as a whole will be unable to affect any meaningful change that will prevent such crimes against the rest of us in the future. To these people, accepting responsibility for the actions of our community members would obligate them to repair the damage caused by deviant members of our society and act responsibly to prevent such damage in the future. Those people do not act out of loyalty to society but out of selfishness. They will never apply themselves to making a change for the improvement of our society because to make a change we would be to admit their involvement in the crime of creating a society whose members are defective. I am wary of pundits who offer solutions to a problem they will not take responsibility for because they are not acting in our interest.

Kevin von Horn is a SLO community member.
Juvenile humor pays off for ‘Pie’

By Steven Geringer
Summer Mustang

Cast: a film full of teenage characters, thrown in a good helping of sex and add a dash of “There’s Something About Mary” humor, and you are guaranteed a box office success.”

“American Pie,” written by virgin filmmakers Paul and Chris Weir, delivers into the outlandish and raunchy humor where 1990’s “Mary” left off.

Full of obscenities and shocking situations, the brotherly duo can be compared to Bobby and Peter Farrelly, writers of “Mary” and “Kingpin,” whose films have been successful in the box office.

The four friends in “American Pie” couldn’t be different from one another. Jim (Jason Biggs) is your average high school kid with absorbing and kooky ideas of pleasing himself. Oz (Chris Klein of “Electronic”) turns in the typical jerk who must change his ways of communicating with women. Kevin (Thomas Ian Nicholas, star of 1994’s “Rookie of the Year”) is a rookie in his own right with his girlfriend Vicky. Lastly, sophisticated chauvinist Finch (Eddie Kaye Thomas) is too out there to have ever been lucky. But, these four horny teens share one common goal: to get laid.

In the scheme of things, Kevin conjures up a plan to form a pact to get laid on prom night. Each boy has his destination set and is locked on his target.

Jim is betrothed by a beautiful foreign exchange student, Nadia (Shannon Elizabeth), and plans to study with her one day after school. Coming to study after ballet practice, Nadia mentions that she will need to change her clothes at his house. After much persuasion by his friends, Jim agrees to broadcast Nadia changing her clothes to the raging testosterone-filled teens live via the Internet.

Things become steamy, and Jim comes to feel the embarrassment of being a teenager and then some.

Oz has a different plan. He joins the school choir in an attempt to “cash in on the uncharted land” of beautiful women and meets the beautiful Heather (Mena Suvari). Oz watches the Home and Garden Channel and attempts to become more sensitive. His aim is also, you guessed it, to have sex.

Kevin can’t say the words “I love you” to his girlfriend Vicky (Tara Reid) nor can he make her reach orgasm. Kevin’s shortcomings render him frantick and perpetually obsessed with sex. To aid his frustrations, Kevin discovers “the bible,” a hidden manual giving confidential information on how to please a woman and make her keep coming back for more. Vicky is definitely impressed with his new technique but won’t allow him to get past third base.

Finally, there is Finch (Eddie Kaye Thomas) who has many of the same characteristics as actor John Turturro. Finch’s “secret” (coincidentally started by himself) is passed around school stating that he has beaten up the bully on campus, has a crazy tattoo and has quite large genitalia. In order to maintain his “coolness” stature, Finch plans on going stag to the prom. It isn’t too much of a problem as the school’s bully slips a laxative in Finch’s coffee, and he is humiliated in front of the entire student body.

Eventually from night hits with the boys donning rented tuxes and condoms in every coat pocket. While the plot hogs on whether penetration has been achieved, solid and liquid foods do play a part of the group’s sexual experiences, hence the film title, “American Pie.”

So, what is the final outcome you ask? Do they hit a home run? It wouldn’t be fair to give away an ending for such a well-written and hilarious script. But, it should be said that the ending isn’t exactly what the viewer might predict, including an act of revenge on the school’s bully by Finch, leaving Finch to say “like wine, women improve with age.”

Sweden ends WASBE on a high with eclectic concert

By Kimberly D. Kralkik
Summer Mustang

Can you imagine giving an hour and a half presentation with no notes, no visual aids and no prompting? That’s just what Sweden’s Omnibus Wind Ensemble did Friday.

The group, consisting of 12 people, didn’t miss a note during their “From Mozart to Zappa” concert Friday, and that was without reading any sheet music.

Their stage presence was hal the show, and boy did they drive a show! Bobbing and weaving with the music, their eyes closed with rapturous expressions on their faces, they played more than one and a half hours of classical and jazz music arranged for the wind ensemble.

Some might think the arrange ment of Mozart’s Overture to the opera, “The Magic Flute,” was deadened by the loss of the strings, however, the use of all wind instruments was quite a treat. No one expects a wind ensemble to sound the same as an orchestra.

The choreography used in the pieces played was sometimes spontaneous and showed just how much the music the group is. One particular piece, “Circo della Vinta,” was an excellent composition of music and movement. It told the story of the circle of life with melodic sounds and harmonious movement, with instruments and bodies conversing with one another.

Even the explanations given by the group’s bassoon player were full of humor and joy. He com pared their first pieces to a Caesar salad: light, crisp and full of crunchy bits. They ended with a spicy mix of contemporary comp osing and arranging. All the while, they were joking and lau ghing with the audience, keeping all enraptured throughout the con cert.

One marvels at the skill displayed by these musicians and by the dedication and passion they have for their work.

Omnibus was one of the WASBE concerts available this weekend for San Luis Obispo resi dents to enjoy. They started off the last weekend of the festival with a smile. An audience of 1,300 people was on hand to celebrate the close of the ninth annual WASBE festi val - the final performance of the United States Air Force Band. More than 1,100 people attended WASBE which included work shops and international music exchange. The weekend concert ran July 5 - 11. Bands from all over the world came to San Luis Obispo for the conference, and WASBE organizing commit tee chairman Jonni Baggen said everything ran smoothly with only a few glitches.

The first WASBE festival in 1981 was held in Manchester, England. The festival occurs every two years, and the next one is set to be in Lucerne, Switzerland.
Summer Mustang

SUMMER continued from page 8

assistant soccer coaches. However, its
men's first and second basketball assistants make $45,304 and $44,639
a year respectively.

McCorrhen said Fresno State isn't a fair comparison. Whereas Cal Poly is funded with $5.3 million, Fresno is funded with approximately $20 million.

Students generate the funds for the athletic budget through a $54 fee paid every quarter for instructionally relat­ed activities (IRA's), with $50 of that fee going to athletics alone. The IRA's pay for scholarships, operation budgets, salaries, etc.

Matthew McLaughlin, a mechan­i-cal engineering senior, said the $5,000 a year for assistant soccer coaching "doesn't seem like a lot," but he doesn't know the specifics involved in the job.

"It's not like it's a junior high school soccer team, so it's probably a bit of work, therefore $5,000 isn't a lot," he said.

Wolfgang Gartner, the men's head soccer coach, thinks the money paid is not distributed in this university's best interest.

"I have a problem with the overall funding on this campus," he said. "I don't know why.

Gartner understands the logic in his and Crozier's salaries, which draw money from the bottom line still remains.

"You need to use the resources you have as effectively as you can in an equitable fashion," McCorren said. "Not that women's soccer isn't deserving - we are very proud of the team - but I question the way the $8,000 a year is about 22 to 30 percent of the schedule's rating for every quarter for instructionally relat­ed activities (IRA's), with $50 of that fee going to athletics alone. The IRA's pay for scholarships, operation budgets, salaries, etc.

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Summer Mustang

**SPORTS BAR**

**SPORTS TRIVIA**

**LAST WEEK’S ANSWER**

Denny McLain won the last pitcher to win 30 games in a major league season.

Congrats Chad Kocy!

**THIS WEEK’S QUESTION**

Which rookie led the American League in hits in 1997?

Please submit answer to aroussopolymail.calpoly.edu

Please include your name. The first correct answer received via e-mail will be printed in the next issue of the paper.

**SCORES**

**SOCCER**

Nevada 1
Roadrunners 2

**BASEBALL**

Santa Maria 2
Blues 4
San Francisco 0
Blues 7
San Francisco 5
Blues 4

**SCHEDULE**

**TODAY**

* Blues at Humboldt Crabs at 7:30 p.m.

**SATURDAY**

* Roadrunners vs. San Gabriel Valley at Arroyo Grande High School at 3:30 p.m.
* Blues at Santa Barbara Foresters, doubleheader starts at 1:05 p.m.

**SUNDAY**

* Los Angeles Comets at Blues at San Luis Obispo Stadium at 6:15 p.m.

**BRIEFS**

**Track and Field**

Cal Poly track star Aaron Culp, who finished seventh in the 100-meter race (second among American athletes) at the World University Games in Spain.

**Soccer**

The Central Coast Soccer League is taking sign-ups for their upcoming soccer season. They are also asking for coaching volunteers, team parents and referees.

**What summer vacation?**

Summer camps subsidize assistant coaches salaries

By Cassandra Jones
Summer Mustang

Summer sport camps may be a way for the pre-college students to experience campus life for a week and glean pointers from accomplished athletes, but they mean much more for some of the faculty at Cal Poly.

"They are a way for me to generate income for my assistant coach," said Alex Crozier, the Cal Poly women's soccer head coach.

Kellem Kassis makes about $8,000 a year as a part-time assistant who, despite the job description, works full-time hours. She has been an assistant coach at Cal Poly for four years, two of which she volunteered.

"The first two years, I was excited," said Kassis, who, before graduating from Cal Poly, led the Mustangs to the Division II National Championship Game and was named Most Valuable Player of the Final Four.

Now, she is engaged and notices that there is no way she could support a family on the income she generates. "I don't know how long I will be able to stay here and do this job," she said.

The supplemental income earned from this summer's soccer camps hasn't been figured out for the 1999-2000 school year, but Crozier said Kassis earned an extra $5,000 last year.

"It's tough to make a living off of that," Crozier said. "She's working full-time and having to hold two other jobs." Kassis isn't the only one who's having to eke out a living at Cal Poly.

According to Athletic Director John McCutcheon, the assistant coaches in men's soccer, wrestling and track and field are all at the bottom of the priority scale for funding.

Glenn Ferro, the assistant men's soccer coach, has the same contract as Kassis. Having been with Cal Poly for nine years, he has only seen increases in the cost of living, not his paycheck. He too, works the summer camps to earn extra money.

"If I had to live off the salary they contracted it, it would be ridiculous," he said.

The assistant coach positions were originally created to be an entry-level graduate assistantship type of position, according to McCutcheon.

"If I had every wish, I would provide the maximum amount of scholarships, full compensation of allowable coaches andlarger operating and recruiting budgets," McCutcheon said.

But, he said, "That world doesn't exist, nor here and not anywhere else in the country."

He is limited with an approximate $5.3 million budget, to disburse funds among 17 Division I Varsity sports. The priorities are men's and women's basketball, softball, baseball and women's volleyball, with $1.2 million of that money going to scholarships.

According to McCutcheon, the full-time assistant coach salaries in these sports range from $27,200 to $35,000. Depending on the individual's experience and history.

These figures coincide with Fresno State University's men and women's sports complex on schedule

Aaron Emerson
Summer Mustang

In less than two years, Cal Poly students and clubs will be playing on the campus' new $9 million Sports Complex.

The complex began construction Oct. 23, 1998 and is scheduled to be finished in August of 2000.

"We are right on schedule to finish in 18 months and after a three-month period for grounds-keeping and maintenance, it will be open for use," project manager William MacNair said.

The complex, which is being funded by Associated Students Inc., will consist of a baseball stadium, a softball stadium, three soccer fields and three multi-purpose fields.

"The three multi-purpose fields will be used for soccer or any other sport that ASI feels fit," project manager William MacNair said. "ASI will have the word on which clubs will use which fields."

Three-game winning streak has Runnereas in playoff position

By Aaron Culp
Summer Mustang

The Central Coast Roadrunners hope momentum carries them through an important weekend.

Hot off a three-game winning streak, and one point behind the second-place San Gabriel Highlanders, the Roadrunners (4-6) need a win on Saturday and on Sunday to secure post-season play.

"If we can win four of the next six and lose two, 8-8 will get us in the playoffs," Runrunrnier coach Larry Smyth said. "I'm very surprised we're in a playoff race with our record right now."

The Roadrunners are 1-2 against Saturday's opponent, San Gabriel Valley. In each of their losses against the Highlanders, the Roadrunniers fell by one goal. Though the score of their earlier matches would indicate close games, Smyth said his team lost because they missed several chances to score.

"If we can convert on our opportunities, we can see PLAYOFFS page 7

Runnereas host camp

By Aaron Culp
Summer Mustang

Local kids, the Central Coast Roadrunners and a group of international soccer stars are gearing up for a soccer camp that begins next week.

The soccer field at Cuesta College is see SOCCER CAMP page 7

The Central Coast Road Runners are gearing up for a soccer camp that begins next week.

The soccer field at Cuesta College is

**SOARING:**

Runrunrniers have playoff aspirations.