**DOUBLE OPINION**

Are people making too much of a fuss over students booing? You decide.

**SPORTS**

Men’s soccer gears up for another season.

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**MAY 20, 1998**

**WEDNESDAY**

**VOLUME LXII, No. 122**

**NATIONALLY KNOWN PROF ADDRESSES DIVERSITY**

By Brad Davis

Daily Copy Editor

Monday night, more than 300 people gathered in Chumash Auditorium for a presentation that’s been three years in the making.

One of the nation’s leading diversity advocates and Prop 209 critic, Ronald Takaki, Ph.D., gave the final lecture of a three part series sponsored by Cal Poly’s ethnic studies department.

Takaki has gained national recognition since he attended a White House meeting with President Bill Clinton last June to advise him on a major speech about race. Takaki drove down to Cal Poly from U.C. Berkeley to present “The Coming Multicultural Millennium.”

The Introduction

Bob Gish, Cal Poly’s ethnic studies department director, delivered an introductory speech to Takaki’s presentation. Gish discussed the nature of his own work here at Cal Poly.

“He brought me here to help update the so-called Cal Poly ways,” he said, “so that Cal Poly mirrors the demographics of the state.”

“America was and is now, more than ever, a multicultural society. I want to work toward and envision what I call California Polytechnic State University. Now that’s the stuff to strut in making a really fine university — a really great university. We want a university of action.”

As a native of Albuquerque, a city with an ethnically diverse populace, Gish remarked about his past. “My world was very, very different. The faces of my friends I looked into were multicultural.”

He continued, “I know I’ve indulged in such a long-winded discussion, but it’s taken three years to get (Takaki) here. The statement evoked a chuckle from the audience.

When Takaki took the podium, the audience applauded.

Takaki A MULTICULTURAL

Takaki began by thanking Gish and then giving a brief biography about how he came from and how he came to be who he is today.

Thanks, Dr. Gish, for such a poetic and passionate introduction,” Takaki, the son of Japanese plantation workers, said. “When I was a teen I was not academically inclined. When I was a teen I used to be a surfer, and my nickname was Ten-Tues-Takaki.”

He then discussed his introduction to academia.

When he entered an Episcopal high school, Takaki, who was born in an Asian-American who held a Ph.D. He said he was so excited he told his mother about his new-found mentor.

Takaki’s instructor, Dr. Nishi, made his class read C.S. Lewis’ “Screwtape Letters,” he said.

San Luis Obispo hopes to make biking around town easier

By Joe Heber

San Luis Obispos is currently working on a multi-million dollar construction project on the east side of the railroad tracks to give bicyclists an easier and more accessible ride.

The project is part of an effort to have bike lanes on all major roads throughout the city, according to Principal Transportation Planner Terry Saunville.

“Our main goal is a richly connected bikeway for a full range of bicyclists,” Saunville said.

Having an extensive bike path on the east side of the railroad tracks is one step toward that goal, according to Saunville.

“We developed the first phase of the plan which was the bridge over the railroad tracks,” Saunville said. “We haven’t been out there to put the railroad tracks.” Saunville said.

“Next time, instead of taking the railroad our or the railroad over, take the bike lanes,” Saunville said.

Construction of the bridge cost approximately $300,000, Saunville said. He added more than 4.5 miles of bike lanes. The improvements are an ongoing process, according to Saunville.

“Every year, we identify projects and try to develop them,” Saunville said. “Some years we make small changes and spend $15,000 to $20,000, and other years we take on large projects and spend $500,000 to $1 million.”

He said the city’s primary concern is downtown and not near Cal Poly.

“People to ride bikes all over town,” Robertson said. “It might encourage more people to ride bikes, which would be good for the environment.”

San Luis Obispo County was also concerned about the environment and developed the Bikeways Plan in 1992 to address the issue.

The plan encourages the development of secure and convenient bicycle parking facilities to encourage people to ride their bikes.

San Luis Obispo is currently working on putting in bike lanes between Johnson Street and Tank Farm Road.

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**San Luis Obispo hopes to make biking around town easier**

By Joe Heber

San Luis Obispo hopes to make biking around town easier.
Legislators call for tuition roll back

A group of California legislators unveiled yesterday a proposal to direct excess state revenue of more than $4 billion into higher education. The group would like to roll back the $1.3 billion in tuition and fees students at California public universities and colleges pay each year. The California State Student Association announced its support of the effort to eliminate tuition led by Senator John Vasconcellos (D-Santa Clara).

Surfrider announces meetings

Surfrider, a nonprofit environmental organization dedicated to the preservation of the world’s waves, oceans and beaches, is meeting today. Surfrider has general meetings every third Wednesday of the month at the Excellent Center at 1101 Grand Avenue in Grover Beach. Today’s meeting is open to everyone. The meeting topic will be Oceanography. Surfrider also has a hotline at 549-6789 for more information.

AmeriCorps looking for members

AmeriCorps of SLO County — the domestic Peace Corps — is looking for a team of people who can work with high-risk youth. Members receive a small caseload of teens and work with them for an entire year, helping them decrease negative behaviors and increase successes.

AmeriCorps service starts Sept. 9, 1998, and ends July 31, 1999. Members must be at least 18 and have a desire to work with high-risk youth. Leadership, team-working and bilingual skills are also desired. Call 549-7890 for more information.

Assemblyman to amend assault weapons ban bill

State Assemblyman Don Perata from Alameda announced Tuesday that he intends to push a state assault weapons ban that is “easier to explain and enforce,” by amending a simplified version of his original assault weapons ban bill. The language in the new bill will be condensed and will address Gov. Pete Wilson’s concern about the complexities of the first bill. It has the support of key Republican legislators.

“I believe that Governor Wilson and I share a common goal,” Perata said in a press release. “We want to pass and enforce a law that will take these weapons of war away from street gangs and our children. At this point, I am not interested in a political exercise or a moral victory. We need to get a bill signed before this statewide epidemic of assault weapon-related violence claims another victim.”

Cal Poly Student Wins $400 from Pepsi vending machine

paid advertisement

“1 didn’t believe it was real,” said James Ayala who won $400 when he purchased a bottle of Pepsi from a vending machine in the Business Building. “You always get stuff that says you’ve won when it’s really just the first step of some contest you’ll never win, but I called the number anyway. Boy, was I shocked when they told me to come in to pick up my $400 gift certificate!” James is a Senior Business Major with one more year of classes. He says the gift certificate will come in real handy for books and school supplies.

Anyone purchasing 20 ounce Pepsi products from vending machines on campus may have a chance to win free books. If the vending machine dispenses a bottle with a $400 gift certificate, the student will save $400 in a Campus Dining vending promotion continuing during May.

His luck changed when he switched to Pepsi. James Ayala, who says he never wins anything, won $400 in a Campus Dining vending promotion continuing during May. 

His luck changed when he switched to Pepsi. James Ayala, who says he never wins anything, won $400 in a Campus Dining vending promotion continuing during May.

Go all out for Mustang Daily’s 2nd Annual Gonzo journalism contest

“True Gonzo reporting needs the talents of a master journalist, the eye of an artist/photographer and the heavy balls of an actor. Because the writer must be a participant in the scene, while (he’s) writing it... Probably the closest analogy to the ideal would be a film director/producer who writes his own scripts, does his own camera work and somehow manages to film himself in the action, as the protagonist or at least the main character.”

—Hunter S. Thompson

The Great Shark Hunt

In the spirit of the Duke of Gonzo, Mustang Daily is proud to present the second-ever Gonzo Journalism Contest. Everyone can enter, and winners of the contest will get to see their names in print for the Gonzo Issue, June 1. Entries must be factual (sort of) narratives and no longer than 801 words.

ENTRIES ARE DUE THURSDAY, MAY 28 BY 7 P.M.

The rest is up to you.

Submit entries to:

Hannah Innery

Mustang Daily

Graphic Arts Building (26), room 226

ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

• Handwritten or typed entries

• All entries must be received by 7 p.m. on May 28

• Entries must be between 800 and 1,000 words

• Must include a descriptive title and a short synopsis of the entry

• Artwork for stories is welcome

For more information, visit www.talpoly.com
TAKAKI

from page 1

Then the students would have to write their own weekly letter.
"Dr. Nishi) would make marks in the margins of my letter," Takaki said. "Sometimes he would write 'interesting,' and every once in a while he would write, 'insightful.'"

Takaki said one day Dr. Nishi offered him a chance to go to the College of Wooster (Ohio), a liberal arts school, adding that he wasn't all that interested in college at the time. Besides, Takaki said he thought the school was too far from his home in Hawaii. Dr. Nishi inquired about Takaki's Wooster-enrollment on his behalf anyway.

A few weeks later Takaki received a letter of acceptance from the college.

"The dean of the school just asked me to complete the attached application," he said. "They weren't offering me preferential treatment, they were offering me the opportunity for equality of education." The audience applauded this remark.

Then Takaki gave a brief account of his first experience at the College of Wooster, where he eventually completed his undergraduate studies in 1961. He said this was the first time he really felt like a minority.

"I would walk through campus and have people ask me questions like, 'How long have you been in this country?' and 'Where did you learn English?'" he said. "There are many questions still encountered by many Asian-Americans today.

He further recalled "One day I stepped into my college professor's chambers. My professor asked, 'How long have you been in this country?' I said, 'I'm from Hawaii.' Again he asked, 'How long have you been in this country?' How do you tell your professor Hawaii is part of this country?' This anecdote was greeted with audience laughter.

TAKAKI'S MESSAGE TO CAL POLY

Takaki urged Cal Poly to consider changing its current cultural pluralism requirement to coincide with its general education (GE) curriculum. This request comes at the heels of a current plan to reorganize GE classes into four units from three.

Takaki first spoke briefly about U.C. Berkeley's multicultural pluralism requirement, established at the university in 1989. Then he compared its requirement to that of Cal Poly, even though Cal Poly's requirement differ from ours," he asked. "You do have a U.S. cultural pluralism requirement. Your requirement is separate from the GE requirement? What we did was... we folded the multicultural requirement into the GE requirement. This requirement has revitalized the social sciences and humanities."

U.C. Berkeley requires students to complete 225 courses which can be taken to fulfill both the multicultural pluralism requirement and GE requirement, according to Takaki. Berkeley requires undergraduates to complete a seven-course multicultural pluralism breadth requirement which covers several different categories. Each course is worth four units of credit.

Berkeley offers incoming students credit in some of those areas based on past high school courses which relate to the subject matter.

The number of units required may also differ by department. Some may require more work be done than others. He continued: "Your requirement is different. Your U.S. cultural pluralism requirement is out here (an indication illustrated by hand gesture), outside the GE requirement."

Cal Poly currently requires undergraduate students take one course, from a list of several, to fulfill its cultural pluralism requirement.

"Multiculturalism has an intellectual purpose," Takaki said. "What I'm suggesting is to integrate the U.S. cultural pluralism requirement into the GE."

He then addressed the need for such a curriculum change.

"Cal Poly admitted 117 African American students last year," Takaki said. "Forty-five were admitted this year maybe 52 will show up."

The reason for this, he explained, is because students of color may not feel comfortable attending a university which doesn't represent and reflect them in its curriculum.

He said that if an African American engineering student had a choice between attending Cal Poly and attending Berkeley, he or she would most likely choose Berkeley over this school.

"Develop a curriculum that includes (underrepresented students)," Takaki said. "Give them a playing field that is level. The best way to do that is to overturn Prop 209."

A question and answer session followed the presentation. The first question came from George Lewis, a current member of Cal Poly's GE governing board. He asked Takaki how Cal Poly practices multiculturalism differently than Berkeley.

"The cultural pluralism requirement won't be folded into the GE requirement... Where do you get that?" Lewis asked.

Takaki restated his earlier statement about how Cal Poly's requirement is separate from the GE curriculum.

"If this university (Cal Poly) is committed to multiculturalism, it's going to have to put some funding in it," Takaki added. "We (Berkeley) rejected 800 African American and Hispanic students with 4.0s... they didn't have competitive SAT scores."

Another audience member asked: "If you do change admission standards to get 'insightfulness,'" she was referring to Dr. Nishi's confidence in..."
Uncle Sam isn't a peacekeeper

Editor,

I wholeheartedly agree with Alan Dunton that nuclear weapons should not be in the possession of the governments of India and Pakistan. Both governments are displaying their short-sightedness while ignoring the immense consequences that come with the possession of a nuclear bomb. Given the volatile nature of the region, nuclear weapons can escalate local conflicts to world-wide destruction, especially in the hands of two of the most corrupt governments in the world.

While agreeing that countries with nuclear weapons should voluntarily cease and desist with their programs, I don't believe the United States government is in any position to make that recommendation, either by diplomatic means, or by force. This is the nation, after all, where Henry Kissinger had to introduce the concept of both the former Soviet Union and the U.S. producing a set yearly limit of nuclear warheads because the arms race was escalating uncontrollably. Recommending that the governments cut back on research and production of nuclear weapons wasn't even considered, since Kissinger knew that both nations were engaged in a "one-upmanship concept" that wasn't bound by rational thought. The U.S. set the standard for what we see now. This is the nation where a beloved former president, Ronald Reagan, remarked that the U.S. had collapsed the Soviet system because the U.S. had simply outspent them on nuclear weapons.

And furthermore, I don't think that Pakistan is much persuaded by the U.S. anymore, ever since the Congress, in a show of stu­died diplomacy, withheld fighter jets that Pakistan had already paid for. The U.S. government never returned the money, thus straining already fragile relations.

As a final thought, Dunton's comment of the U.S. being a "peace-keeping" nation is simply laughable. Unchecked sanctions on Iraq, Cuba and Sudan serve to starve and kill only civilians, a war fought over oil even with the fact that the majority of our oil is supplied by Mexico, Nigeria and other states not even remotely close to the Middle East. Since the Monroe Doctrine, widespread illegal intervention in virtually every Latin American country does not make a peace-keeper.

Nabeel Sultan is an electrical engineering junior.

Some facts about testing nuclear weapons

Editor,

Just for the betterment of your readers' knowledge about the current nuclear tests in India, and to give some truth to "Put up your nukes," the opinion article that nuclear warheads because the arms race was escalating uncontrollably. Recommending that the governments cut back on research and production of nuclear weapons wasn't even considered, since Kissinger knew that both nations were engaged in a "one-upmanship concept" that wasn't bound by rational thought. The U.S. set the standard for what we see now. This is the nation where a beloved former president, Ronald Reagan, remarked that the U.S. had collapsed the Soviet system because the U.S. had simply outspent them on nuclear weapons.

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Nabeel Sultan is an electrical engineering junior.
Our tame little campus isn't so tame after all

Binge drinking is becoming a problem at Cal Poly, especially in the dorms

By Jessica Niland

I never thought I would consider Cal Poly to have a problem with drinking. Anyone who has partied with our neigh-
bers to the south in Isla Vista knows that what goes on here in the way of alcohol consumption in comparison is relatively tame. Still, recent events at Cal Poly suggest otherwise.

According to an article in the Telegram Tribune, drinking arrests on campus have soared from five in 1996 to more than 30 in 1997. The article also reports that three students were carried away from the dorms in ambulance lorries in a period of six weeks recently, all of whom were intoxicated from drinking alcohol.

This points to the fact that there is a problem with alcohol consumption among Cal Poly students, particularly in the dorms.

Many students come to college with the impression that it is one huge club to drink and become debauched. Then they get to Cal Poly and are told to drink on campus is a big no no.

According to the magazine, research suggests making alcohol illegal may give it an illicit thrill for younger drinkers. It becomes like a chal-
lenge to some to see how much they can get away with. More get away with drinking on campus than are caught, I would venture to guess. Compound this with the fact that many college freshmen didn't do a lot of drinking in high school and before you know it, you've got people being admitted off to the hospital.

According to Time, America's 12 million undergraduates drink 4 billion cans of beer a year, averaging 55 six-packs apiece and each spend $446 on alcohol be-
verages, more than they spend on soft drinks and textbooks combined. I'm pretty sure half of that was consumed by Cal Poly stu-
dents at Wildflower this year.

The college life and drinking are practi-
cally synonymous. Even on so-called 'dry' campuses, no one thinks that drinking doesn't occur. But does requiring a student to drink and attend to drink make a campus truly 'dry'?

I'm not suggesting that every student at the institution is a drinker, but the majority of students do occasionally decide to have a few drinks.

If a student at this particular 'dry' campus gets caught drinking on cam-
pus, they are required to attend alcohol training and counseling, discuss their inci-
dent with the campus police and write a five to seven page report on their experi-
ence and what they learned from it.

Does that effectively teach a student that the campus is dry, or that drinking irresponsibly is a dumb thing to do?

The truth is, a student's drinking prob-
lem starts before a student comes to col-
gen, it begins at home, and that is where
the problem needs to be remedied, not at Cal Poly.

In Europe, drinking isn't taboo, but drinking irresponsibly is a dumb thing to do. The

truth is, a student's drinking prob-
lem starts before a student comes to col-
lege. They get away from the nest for the first time and just go nuts. They meet new peo-
ple, want to fit in, and decide that the only way to do that is to drink when others are drinking.

They don't know their limits and wake up the next morn-
ing in the hospital, with their breath smelling like 'Liquor Chas,' and a hangover the size of a

Huge.

"According to Time, America's 12 million undergraduates drink 4 billion cans of beer a year, averaging 55 six-packs apiece and each spend $446 on alcoholic beverages, more than they spend on soft drinks and textbooks combined."

Mr. Rushmore. It is only after this that they are acclimated by their R.A.s and the campus police, and are told that they need to learn to drink responsibly, which supposedly they will learn by writing a paper. How does that help? Are they going to learn anything the next time their room
mate passes them the bot-
tle? Probably not. Being from a
European family, I was taught at a young age how to drink responsibly and I had an occasional beer or glass of wine with dinner and learned

my limit at a young age. If I wanted a beer, I would just ask my parents if it was okay, and if they were positive that I was going to stay at home, they were okay with it.

So to say that I didn't have the occa-
sional irresponsible night, or didn't wind up in trouble because of drinking, but with the help of my parents I learned how to be responsible about it.

The only way to teach someone how to drink responsibly is to let them drink. It may sound hypocritical, but the best way to learn your limit is to find your limit. And the only way to do that is to drink.

Is there a preconceived notion by the administrators at Cal Poly that when you call a campus 'dry,' students are supposed to believe that there isn't alcohol around?

Are we supposed to turn a blind eye at the supermarket when we walk down the beverage aisle and see the fluorescent lights shining on the liquor and beer?

By Mark Hartz

"Are we supposed to turn a blind eye at the supermarket when we walk down the beverage aisle and see the fluorescent lights shining on the liquor and beer?"

Wouldn't such an attitude cause stu-
dents to go even more bulk-wild when they finally reach drinking age?

I'm not suggesting that anyone under-
age go out and get someone to buy them a twelve-pack and get just a bit drunk, but if they are in a safe environment, say a dorm room, and absolutely refuse to drive anywhere, what's the harm? Have someone stay the night and play baby-sitter to make sure no one passes out and chokes on their own vomit.

Another misconception about college
drinkers is that some people view college drinkers as 'binge' drinkers, or people who imbibe more than five drinks in one sitting. That's a ridiculous statistic. This makes it seem as if everyone goes to a bar and bangs out at a kegger is a binge drinker. I view a binge drinker as someone who gets completely blitzed every time they decide to have some drinks.

I might drink more than five drinks in one evening, but does that make me a problem drinker? I go to class, I've been on the Dean's List. I'm of legal age to drink. So if I chose to live on campus, I would have to drive to the bars to have a drink, which is a terrible way to possibly injuri-
ing another person? (Okay, that wouldn't be responsible binge drinking, but I'm trying to prove a point.)

Just because it is a 'dry' cam-
pus, I would not be able to have a life or the life of another? Now that's irre-
sponsible.

Mark Hartz is a journalism senior or Daily Staff Writer who never touches the stuff.
Hackers claim serious weaknesses in U.S. computer networks exist

By Rob Wells
Associated Press

WASHINGTON — A Senate committee heard seven of the nation's top computer hackers claim Tuesday they could cripple the Internet in a half-hour. Given more time and money, they boasted, they could interrupt satellite transmissions or electricity grids and snop on the president's movements.

While Internet security experts said such claims might be hyperbole, testimony before the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee raised troubling questions for the nation's public and private computer networks.

Sen. John Glenn, D-Ohio, said the testimony pointed to a threat to national security.

"If you look at this, in some ways it's a whole new way of making war," Glenn said, referring to attacks on sensitive computer systems. "I don't think that overstates it a bit."

The General Accounting Office, an arm of Congress, released two studies at the hearing critical of computer security at the State Department and Federal Aviation Administration. The State Department's unclassified automated information systems "are very susceptible to hackers, (and) terrorists," the GAO said. The military found weaknesses in physical security of FAA computer systems.

This work has revealed a disturbing picture of our government's lack of an effective and competent response to critical operations from disruptions or critical operations from disruptions," Gene Dodaro of the GAO said in a statement to the panel.

A presidential commission reported in October that it found "no evidence of an impending cyberattack" but cautioned that "we have claims against us." It also cited "an unprecedented national risk" because computer and telephone systems "are very susceptible to hackers, (and) terrorists," the GAO said.

"No evidence that computer attacks have been anything other than common vandalism" and have not threatened the flying public. The hearing's focal point was the testimony of a Boston area computer experts, described by Sen. Fred Thompson, R-Tenn., chairman of the hearing, as belonging to the nation's leading "hackers think tank," known as L0pht (pronounced "loft").

"I'm informed that you think that you could make the Internet unusable for the entire nation. Is that correct?" Thompson asked.

"That's correct," replied Mudge, a frizzy-haired computer expert who cooperates with Cal Poly and about 200 others, with just a few packets, he added, referring to bundles of data that flow across the global computer network.

"We went on to describe generally the potential of the "local" to the "most distant" of us, just a few packets, he said, referring to bundles of data that flow across the global computer network.

"No one else has been able to exchange information with other major networks, such as MCI.

Cal Poly Television News is looking for a Chief Photographer for '98-99.

INTERESTED?? Contact King Harris x6145

Soccer from page 8

With the Pac-10 it's the Pac-10/Fling conference. These two conferences, combined, form the Mountain Pacific Soccer Federation.

Cal Poly's schedule includes teams such as Stanford, U.C. Berkeley, Cal State Northridge, University of Washington and the defending national champions, UCLA.

"UCLA is the team to beat. They are to soccer what Notre Dame is to football, the last 40 years," he said. "But I'm confident like any coach is before the season starts."

Gartner said his previous schedule also included more away games than home games, and that was reflected in the team's record. Cal Poly was 4-2 on the home pitch.

Baker from page 7

Baker earned the Newcastle High School's Bronze Commendation Award in 1992. She was also announced as the Newcastle High School Student of the Year and received the Brage Cragh Achievement Award — the top student award in the state — in 1993. Baker was also active in an anti-drug campaign in Australia throughout high school.

"Brice has proven a winner on the court and in the classroom," Mimnaugh said. "Her greatest strength is her ability to lead, her understanding of the game, her assist-to-turnover ratio and her three-point shooting ability."

Baker averaged 22 points, six assists and five rebounds per game at Newcastle High School.

She has also received numerous awards in basketball, and for one of her efforts on the court she led her high school team to the state championships in 1993, was named Victoria Player of the Year in 1996 and played for a Women's National Basketball League team in 1996 and 1997.

"There is not a harder trainer in Australian basketball, and when she steps on the court, she's going to beat you with her consistency and her great conditioning," Mimnaugh said.

Mimnaugh describes Baker as having a lot of leadership abilities which could help the team.

"She has incredible work ethic and an ability to direct and get people headed where she is," Mimnaugh said. "She is a leader by example and even more so in the classroom."
Women’s basketball recruits Australian power for point

By Christine Lavelle
DAILY STAFF WRITER

A 21-year-old point guard from “Down Under” will join the Cal Poly women’s basketball team in Fall 1998.

Kristy Baker, from Newcastle, Australia, is the newest addition to the team. She will begin her time at Cal Poly next fall as a full ride-scholarship as a point guard or off guard and a psychology major.

“Kristy is a great decision maker and a great shooter,” said Faith Mimnaugh, Cal Poly women’s basketball head coach. “She will definitely find her way on the court.”

Mimnaugh has had her eye on Baker since the late 1980s when she was playing basketball in Australia. Mimnaugh said she kept track of her basketball career because she knew she had potential.

“I watched her play as a little girl and knew she would be really good,” Mimnaugh said. “I recruited her when I was coaching at the University of Evansville, but she turned me down.”

Mimnaugh said Baker was accepted straight out of high school to the Australian Institute of Sports which is the most prestigious basketball team in the country. Mimnaugh said the Institute is like a training site for the Olympics and Baker played many exhibition games while she was there.

While playing for the Institute, Baker also took time to study at Deacon University part-time.

“I was impressed not only by her athletic ability but her studies and academic ability,” Mimnaugh said.

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See BAKER page 6
SPORTS

SPORTS BAR

SPORTS TRIVIA

Tuesday's Answer:
The first Indianapolis 500 was held in 1911.

No one submitted the correct answer.

Today's Question:
Name the two American men track and field athletes who were stripped of their medals at the 1968 Olympics in Mexico City.

Submit your answer to:
Mhaulay@polamail.calpoly.edu
Please include your answer and your name as you would like it to appear in the paper.

DAILY POLL

What is your favorite Cal Poly team to watch?

Visit the web site:
www.mustangdaily.calpoly.edu

BRIEFS

More recruits sign

Daily Staff Report

TRACK AND CROSS COUNTRY

The Cal Poly Track and Cross Country teams already Excel over their competition. The Mustangs have signed another student-athlete to add to that strength.

Gary Passamani from Aptos High School will compete for Cal Poly next year.

Passamani won the 3,200 meter event at the Arcadia Invitational with a time of 9:05. That time is currently the best mark in the state and the third best in the nation. He also ran the 1,600 meters in 4:12.3, the second best mark in California and the 68th best time nationally.

BASEBALL

It has only been one week since the Cal Poly baseball team season's officially ended, but they never put down their bats.

The Mustangs are already adding to their roster for next year by signing underclassmen with some experience.

Mark Riddle, Kyle Allbright and Tim Nelson are three of Cal Poly's recruits for next year.

Riddle, who plays catcher, is transferring from Chabot College. In 1998, he hit .660 with 15 doubles.

Allbright, an outfielder, is transferring from Palomar College. He earned first-team All-Pacific Coast Conference. He was drafted by the Seattle Mariners in the 1997 Major League Baseball amateur draft.

Nelson, originally from Canada, is transferring from Alan Hancock College. He holds single-season records in base runs with 19 and RBI with 54.

Clash Coming

The San Jose Clash MLS soccer team is coming to Cal Poly's Mustang Stadium on Monday, May 25 at 5 p.m. to take on the Central Coast RodeoRumers. Tickets are on sale now. Call 543-1588.

Men's soccer gears up to be No. 1 in 1998

"Our conference is an interesting one. It's the toughest one in soccer, I think."

-Wolfgang Gartner
Head Coach Cal Poly men's soccer

The Cal Poly men's soccer team officially begins its season Sept 2 at Mustang Stadium against Cal State-Los Angeles. But that doesn't mean they are taking it easy until the summer.

Last weekend the Mustangs hosted a seven-on-seven tournament at Mustang Stadium where 20 teams showed up to compete. Teams included current players, alumni, local talent and even a few 10-ah players.

The money raised for the tournament goes to the Cal Poly soccer fund-raisers - go to both the men's and women's soccer teams to pay part of the salary for the assistant coaches. Other money is from a flag camp and a golf tournament.

"It's the upperclassmen that help out with the old Mustangs," said coach Wolfgang Gartner. Gartner has been coaching the Mustangs for 16 years.

We looked at all of the tournament, we had good weather and let us to a non-social hi-tough experience around with athletic contests. And from running chicks to the touch of the Cal Poly Club to recruiting Gartner added. He said that the same players gone to another schools to hear scholarships that Cal Poly doesn't get. You have to work hard for scholarships.”

"We take a certain amount of money which is the equivalent to four scholarships and we divide it among 20 players," he said. "Sometimes you lose a recruit or one full ride at another school, but at the same time, the school is still affordable..."

"He said that mixing failure-on-a lack of money is challenging.

"In college sports, there are many more ingredients to winning and being successful than money - you will always have a little less than the other guy," he said.

The soccer camp each summer brings out-of-state kids ages 5-15 to the area and connects them with Cal Poly's "learn by doing" philosophy.

"Anything that helps the recruiting side and puts Cal Poly on the map is important," he said. "It also provides a little money for our scholarships."

It gives the players some summer employment. Cal Poly host 10 soccer players to graduation. Last year, Gartner said this year's team will do well.

"The star of relatively seasoned players plus some outstanding freshman recruits, there are some exceptional players," he said. "If we had somebody last year, it was a little late," he continued. "I don't think we're as significant in soccer, but you can't go without an." The list of incoming freshmen this year average a little over six feet and 157 pounds.

Another factor that Cal Poly has to deal with is its schedule.

"It's our conference is an interesting one," Gartner said. "It's the toughest one in soccer. I think. It may be the..."

See SOCCER page 6