McVeigh guilty on all counts in bombing

By Michael Fleeman
Associated Press

DENVER - Timothy McVeigh was convicted Monday in the deadliest act of terror on U.S. soil, a verdict that brought jubilation and bitter tears to relatives of the 168 people killed in the Oklahoma City bombing. The jury will now decide whether he should pay with his life.

McVeigh sat at the defense table with his hands in a white-knuckle clasp and an impassive expression as U.S. District Judge Richard Matsch announced the verdict of guilty on all 11 counts of murder and conspiracy.

In the audience, tears welled in the eyes of more than two dozen bombing survivors and victims' relatives. After the court session, they broke into sobs and embraced each other. One man thrust his fists into the air.

"We were holding hands and praying and crying," said Katherine Alaniz, whose father, Claude Medearis, died in the bombing. "My mom reached into her purse and handed me his wedding ring and, of course, I just lost it. I started crying. It was wonderful."

The momentary joy was tempered by memories of the losses in the April 19, 1995, bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building. The blast shattered America's sense of security and belief that this level of terror could never have come from within.

But Welch stood in downtown Oklahoma City near the site of the bombing, where cheers erupted from more than 40,000 people.

See McVEIGH page 5


MUSTANG DAILY

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CAL POLY'S AGRICULTURE DILEMMA

What to do when agriculture interferes with nature

By Matt Berger
and Steve Enders
Mustang Daily Special Report

FOLLOW THE RAINDROP

It's late winter, the end of the rainy season, when a clean drop of water falls out of a cloud and lands on the western side of Cuesta Ridge. That drop meets up with more drops, and together they trickle down the grade into the San Luis Obispo watershed, made up of several creeks that drain into Avila Bay. Follow that one drop closely as it begins its trip down Brizziolara Creek through an adventure in water pollution.

It crosses the railroad tracks and enters range land, collecting dirty runoff. It continues through the agricultural fields, collecting more sediment, herbicides, phosphates and nitrogen into the once-clean water. It continues through the agricultural fields, collecting more sediment, herbicides, phosphates and nitrogen into the once-clean water.

At the Bull Test Unit, runoff from manure piles drains through the run-down grass and weeds, unloading nutrients, phosphates and nitrogen into the once-clean water. It continues through the agricultural fields, collecting more sediment, herbicides, phosphates and nitrogen into the once-clean water.

Finally the drop of rain, augmented by its unfriendly environment, hits the ground, until it reaches Avila Beach, naturally the quality is going to be less, even if people were not here.

But people do live and farm around Brizziolara Creek, and for years they have added significantly to the problem that agriculturalists and environmentalists have only recently begun to think about.

INDIFFERENCE

Hallock said that until the 1960s or 1970s, streams were not considered a major resource, so all land users really didn't care too much about the shape of the creek, what it looked like, its vegetation or its habitat. Hallock has been involved with various projects to raise the standards of Brizziolara and Stenner creeks.

"The awareness was not there, so if you remove a tree to put in a parking lot, which we did at Cal Poly — no major deal; put in a couple more buildings, take a couple trestles out, no big deal," he said.

For years, all the way up into the 1970s, no one worried about the conditions of local creeks. Ranchers and farmers used the creeks as a method to get rid of anything they didn't want, whether it was animal waste, chunks of cement or piles of sediment. Those unhealthy practices have led to the destruction of local creeks.

It is only in the past 20 to 30 years that all sides of the issue have come together to slow down the destruction process.

"Now what you're seeing in the late '90s is pretty much everyone saying that the riparian corridor is important, and I do mean everyone — agriculture, ranchers, intensive agriculture, Cal Poly, the city and so forth," Hallock said.

Cal Poly has become active in its attempts to decrease pollution with new irrigation practices and by reusing its water, but it is a slow process that other agriculturalists are slowly and painfully adapting to.

Besides pressure from the Clean Water Act of 1977 and the Regional Water Quality Control Board, there are no regulations on non-point source pollution. This kind of pollution cannot be traced to one, precise point on a stream's path.

Cal Poly's agricultural lands have been a source of non-point pollution for years, since water from the university's grazing and crop fields has slowly found its way into nearby creeks.

"It's kind of hard to come to a rancher that has used water in and out of the creek and say, 'You've got to get your animals out of the creek','" Hallock said. "But I think what we're seeing more and more now is, instead of having an environmental group saying, 'You can't do this,' we now have two groups working together saying, 'We can get this job done.'"

PLAIN POLLUTION

A stroll through the Cal Poly campus can be a soothing experience. People, animals, trees, blue sky and sea breezes give the feeling of proximity to nature.

Hike through the lesser-developed areas of campus, and you'll find farm animals, rows of crops, wide pastures and trickling streams.

Now, although slow to less than a dribble, Brizziolara Creek still takes its natural path, and although there haven't been any significant rain since January, water continues to recharge the creek.

A walk toward Cal Poly's agricultural land will show why. Walk past the library and past the Campus Store. Keep going over the bridge that crosses the creek, and turn left past the first parking lot.

A small, concrete-lined ditch on the right hand side of...
My goal is to be the most positive person I know and to learn from everything I can.

**Q & A**

**McShane:**

**His future’s still bright**

By Alan Dunton
Daily Staff Writer

ASI President Steve McShane lost the runoffs, but he didn’t lose his zeal for service. Next year McShane will be involved in some shape or form.

This interview was conducted for the purpose of finding out what makes McShane tick as well as what his future plans are.

**Q:** What went through your head when you learned of your defeat?

**A:** I said to myself, Steve, stay positive. There’s a lot to be learned here. Get everything you can get from this experience. ‘Things can snowball. These are the times I can learn the most, feel I can be my best.’

**Q:** Is there any animosity between you and Cindy Entzi?

**A:** ‘I have been told that any time there’s a large turnout, the incumbent doesn’t do as well. It’s the re-vote that did it. It’s not tradition to have the same president for two years.’

**Q:** Does your involvement define you?

**A:** ‘My self-esteem is not determined by my position. If it was I’d be crushed.’

**Q:** Where do you get your positive energy?

**A:** ‘My goal is to be the most positive person I know and to learn from everything I can.’

**Q:** Who is your role model?

**A:** McShane said that Cal Poly alumnus Jim Considine, who started Cal Poly’s spirit club in the 1960s and was the chair of the CSU Board of Trustees in the early 1990s, is his role model.

**Q:** How important is Cal Poly to you?

**A:** ‘Cal Poly has been the most significant thing to strike my life thus far. The last four years I have learned more about myself and others. Cal Poly lends itself to opportunities, to beginnings and to change.’

**Q:** What’s next for Steve McShane?

**A:** McShane said he will likely pursue either student community relations positions or statewide leadership positions.

‘I want to put myself in a place next year where I can have a good effect on Cal Poly. I feel comfortable with my friends and connections. I didn’t burn any bridges. I built bridges for ASI.’

McShane has received a half-dozen requests for involvement from various organizations around San Luis Obispo.

‘It’s good to know that people see me as a good leader and team player.’

**Q:** Will Entzi be a good president?

**A:** ‘Cindy will do a good job. She’s doing exactly what she said she’d do. It’s what Cal Poly voted for. I want to be a part of her administration. I think I’m qualified. I respect that I am not president.’

**Q:** Where will Steve be in ten years?

**A:** ‘I’ll be a proud Cal Poly alumnus in California working in agribusiness and running an operation.’

McShane added that he has no aspirations of running for president of this country.

**Free Household Hazardous Waste Collection Days**

1997 Schedule

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<tr>
<th>Saturday</th>
<th>June 7</th>
<th>San Luis Obispo &amp; Heritage Ranch</th>
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<td>Saturday</td>
<td>July 19</td>
<td>Morro Bay</td>
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<td>August 16</td>
<td>Pismo Beach</td>
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*Sponsored by the San Luis Obispo County Integrated Waste Management Authority
A drainage ditch, that starts near the horse unit, moves dirty water under a parking lot behind the campus store and into Brizzolara Creek.

**POLLUTION** from page 1

The road, which is hidden from obvious view, holds the answer.

Water — a continuous flow from somewhere near the horses on up the hill. Look up there — where the sprinklers give life to the pasture between the horse and swine units.

Green water. It runs down the hill, under the parking lot, and if you walk back toward the bridge that you crossed earlier, you’ll see where it comes out.

A 24-inch drainage pipe with green, frothy water spewing into what you thought was a pristine creek. A thick, putrid ball of foam rises from the discharge about three feet above the water’s surface.

“I can’t think of the last time I saw fish in that creek,” said biological sciences technician Phil Ashley. “I think it was sometime before the last drought.”

He said that since he was a student at Cal Poly in the ‘60s, water from agriculture has flowed unchecked into both Brizzolara and Stemer creeks.

But back then, Ashley said, any student could walk back into Poly Canyon and see other students fishing or wading in the waters.

Put a line in the water now, and you’ll be lucky to get a nibble from a mosquitofish.

**WHERE THE ALGAE GROWS**

Where there’s water, there’s algae.

Nobody really thinks about it much. Your neighborhood swimming pool had it sometimes. But there’s a difference. In this creek, there’s a lot of it, and it just doesn’t grow quickly up from the ground.

According to a study commissioned by the Regional Water Quality Control Board and conducted by Cal Poly’s soil sciences, architectural engineering and biological sciences departments, what determines the growth of algae is the speed at which a creek flows.

Now, the creek is nearly still, so there isn’t a tug from water, and sediment doesn’t catch it on when flowing by, thereby pulling it out from its fragile roots.

What causes this algae to grow is high amounts of nutrients from organic, natural wastes. The combination of animal waste with water runoff from nearby crops produce the right conditions for algae growth.

“Nitrogen fertilizer is probably going to be the most critical one because nitrogen is going to be mobile in the soil,” Hallock said.

He said that the runoff is nothing new, and that more care is taken now than in the past to prevent certain contaminants from getting into the water.

Hallock said, “Our buildings and parking lots go right up to the creek. It was basically the method to get rid of everything we don’t want.”

Although most humans no longer usually discard their unwanted wastes into creeks, algae and more natural occurrences plague the creeks now.

When water comes into contact with animal waste, pesticides or fertilizers, it becomes highly concentrated with nutrients that were in those materials to begin with. When the water accumulates, and other conditions are right, algae grows.

Algae in a slow-moving, unshaded creek can grow rapidly. The algae essentially takes over in the water, preventing other plants from growing and driving away wildlife, like fish.

Brizzolara Creek has several “hot spots” which are polluted locations close to the creek. Hallock said. These spots include the road into Poly Canyon, the Bull Test Unit, the parking lots and, most recently, the Utilities project.

The scene of the drainage ditch from the Poly Campus’ grazing land between the swine and horse units is another of Hallock’s described “hot spots.”

Hallock said that over-irrigation should not be occurring, because Cal Poly should be trying to match the land’s need for water so runoff doesn’t occur.

“It probably happens once in a while,” Hallock said.

But the fact that it does happen is made worse by the fact that the swine and horse units are another of Hallock’s described “hot spots.”

See **POLLUTION** page 6

**The Cal Poly Agriculture/Environmental Dilemma**

Modern agriculture produces huge amounts of pollutants from its wastes, including fertilizers, animal waste and irrigation debris that are harmful to wildlife around creeks.

Cal Poly has large amounts of swine and cattle and farmland needing constant fertilization and pesticides. Normally harmless nutrients don’t just get soaked up by hungry plants.

Eventually, all of these nutrients sink into the ground or run off into nearby creeks. The consequence is algae growth which prevents other plants and wildlife from thriving in the waters.

**Following water from Cal Poly’s Swine Unit**

1. Fresh water is flushed through the swine unit and an aerated tank that cleans out the waste from pig pens.

2. The polluted water flows into a filter that separates the solid waste from water. The solids are dried on current platforms and sediments from manure on grazing lands after it is put through a composting process.

3. The filtered water goes into two holding ponds. Because the water does not yet pass the standards of the environmental protection agency, it cannot be irrigated over edible crop lands.

4. Instead, the water is pumped out of the holding ponds and also treated to grazing lands on nearby hills.

5. A concrete drain collects water from the grazing fields and adjacent horse unit and disposes green, foamy water straight over in Brizzolara Creek.

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  - **Children’s Creative Learning Centers, Inc. (CCLC)***

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**See POLLUTION page 6**
Editor,
I've got one word for Justin Martin. (Thursday's Letters to the Editor) Cal Poly's fashion spokesman: Whaaaat. It appears Mr. Martin is upset that he is Mr. Big Brave Surfer Man and he wants to be identified as such by the clothes he wears, and is now too happy with his status to dress similarly to him. He wants us to understand the life-threatening situations he courageously puts himself in and he alone is privileged to wear "surf" clothing. Oooooooh, 6 a.m. ...shirts...sharks...does he want privileged to wear "surf" clothing. Oooooooh, wear baseball hats and people who aren't hippies can't wear Birkenstocks? Am I some kind of poser if I put on a pair of jeans as he is not a cowboy and stop wearing tennis shoes as he has no doubt has no time for tees wearing surf clothes, and drive "miles in search of the perfect waves." Or retain his perfect class and "search for the perfect wave," or "search for perfect waves."

Dean Witte
Information Technology Services

Editor, Lighten up bro!

In response to Justin Martin's letter: If I don't have the right to wear a "surf" shirt because I don't surf, then that means you should not have the right to open your mouth, because you are an idiot. You worry more about what I wear than worry about what I wear. I've never surfed. I have a few "surf" shirts. Admittedly, I like the colors. It sure as hell ain't for the little logo. In short, worry about your own clothes, not everyone else's, "dude."

Travis Roberts
Computer engineering senior

Editor, Surfing apperal, I remind you that people are wearing "their" stuff. I guess some people just need more attention than others. So is he saying that people who don't play baseball can't wear baseball hats and people who aren't hippies can't wear Birkenstocks? Am I some kind of poser if I put on a pair of Billabong shorts but don't own a surf board? I just don't think so.

I thought I left sixth grade a long time ago, perhaps Mr. Martin should too. We wear clothes because we like them, not because we want to be like you, Mr. Martin. And why do you care what I wear? Is it hurting anyone? I would suggest that he spend less time worrying about other people's clothes and a little more time worrying about himself.

Mr. Martin, I am a friendly guy too. That is why I felt obligated to point out how foolish and childish your remarks are before you go pop off to some non-surfing power lifter in a pair of Billabong shorts and a Quicksilver shirt. Anyone know how to get to Moonoggin?

Carl Withrow
English senior

Editor, This is in regard to an opinion that was written by Justin Martin in your concern with non-surfers wearing surf clothes. First off, I should state who I am and my background. My name is Ryan Riccietti and I founded and am president of the Cal Poly Surf Club and Team. I grew up in a beachfront house and have also risked my neck out in the water. In addition, I have put on, judged and competed in many surf contests since I was a young crumb-snatch'er.

Justin, I think someone needs to let you know that the clothes do not make the man. I realize that you frustrate me to see many students wearing surf clothes who do not surf, but do you know how childish you sound? It seems to me that you love surfing for its image and not for the love of the sport. This is probably one of the major diseases of the sport. It's guys like you who give surfing a bad name. Your article reminded me of when I was back in high school. Everyone seemed to be so concerned about their look. Well buddy, wake up! You are in college now.

That thing is funny in my fiancé works down at Central Coast Surfboards.

Ryan Riccietti
Poltical science senior

Editor, She would not have a job nor would COS stay in business if it were not for the many non-surfers who purchase clothes and products there. As for myself, if you know me, I rarely wear surfing clothes. If you saw me, you would assume that I was one of those "surfer wannabes." The funny thing is that some of the best surfers I know do not look or dress like surfers, yet they rip out in the water.

The point I am trying to make is very simple. It is not about the clothes you wear, it is all about how you surf and your attitude. Too many people like yourself think that you are of an elite class just because you can stand up on a board. You need to take a step back and re-evaluate where your frustrations are really coming from. Maybe you should stop wearing surf clothes, and set yourself free of the stereotype. Just go out in the water and have fun rather than worrying about what people are wearing. Your surfing will probably get better, you will stop wasting your energy on trivial things and you will stop sounding so arrogant.

Love, peace and granola!!!!!! See you in the water.

Ryan Riccietti
Politics science senior

Editor, I have a friend who was a surfer and he's still a surfer and we're not. As far as non-surfers wearing surf clothes, there may be a few cowboys wearing Billabong shirts that I gave him: my fiancé my mother and my sister. She is a surfer and we're not. I have a laugh when we see certain people wearing surf clothes but, don't worry that they may be viewed as a surfer or beating anything or anyone at chess. So enough with the name calling.

Now why does the fact that people wear "surf clothes" bother him? He never actually said why. Being a hiker, I could just as well ask why people who don't hike wear hiking boots. Justin, I'd get the same answer. Mr. Martin would get if he actually asked some-one if they want to be treated like surfers and stop trying to label people by their clothes.

And by the way, the odds of you, Mr. Martin, ever being my boss are so slim that I'm willing to bet all the money I have and all the money I ever will have against it.

Greg Fryer
Electrical engineering sophomore

Editor, First I'd like to apologize to everyone for the minority of surfers who have the attitude of Justin Martin. In fact I'm sure most surfers were extremely embarrassed by what he had to say. I'm going on a limb here, and guessing Justin has been surfing for two years (basically a beginner). Most surfers don't care what the hell other people wear. Yeah, we may get a laugh when we see certain people wearing surf clothes, but we don't worry that they may be viewed as a surfer or beating anything or anyone at chess.

And as far as beginners in the water, most surfers only become interested with them when they surf in spots where they shouldn't be. But as far as non-surfers wearing surf clothes, there may be a few cowboys wearing Billabong shirts that I gave him: my fiancé my mother and my sister. She is a surfer and we're not. I have a laugh when we see certain people wearing surf clothes but, don't worry that they may be viewed as a surfer or beating anything or anyone at chess. So enough with the name calling.

I think there are two points that I want to round off with. 1. A surfer is making money off all that surf clothes being worn (great!). How can you tell if someone does or doesn't surf by the clothes they wear? Hell, I wear KJUS and tractor pull shirts, and I'm not a cowboy! Anyway, remember that saying "If you can't beat 'em, kill 'em look by the book."

Justin, I hope you're never my boss.

Walter Cerny
Agricultural Engineering

Editor, I would like to thank you for printing Justin Martin's letter regarding his dissatifaction with non-surfers wearing surf clothes. His letter brought to light the trials and tribulations of real surfers. His dedication to his sport is awe inspiring. I have a newfound respect for the plight of the surfing community. Justin, as with all surfers, has suffered too long as a result this cruel injustice on the part of posers at Cal Poly.

I should hope that this matter is resolved immediately. I only wish that Mr. Martin had included a list of clothing that would be acceptable to wear as not to offend him and the rest of the sport of surfing at Cal Poly.

Tony Barnard
Advertising Director

Page 4

Editor, All right, now that I've been stereotyped, I'll dual back. Obviously Mr. Martin, the surfer, is a bum who will never get a job and live in a small shack and surf all his life, never doing anything to society. Now that's probably as true as me having a wet dream about surfing and beating anything or anyone at chess. So enough with the name calling.

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Editor, If you truly believe your claims then do something. I'm sure most surfers were extremely embarrassed by what he had to say. I'm going on a limb here, and guessing Justin has been surfing for two years (basically a beginner). Most surfers don't care what the hell other people wear. Yeah, we may get a laugh when we see certain people wearing surf clothes, but we don't worry that they may be viewed as a surfer or beating anything or anyone at chess.

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I should hope that this matter is resolved immediately. I only wish that Mr. Martin had included a list of clothing that would be acceptable to wear as not to offend him and the rest of the "athlete and enduring culture" called surfers. Let's get a little more peaceful and remember the words of Rodney King, "Can't we all just get along?"

David Waldrop
Political science junior
McVeigh from page 1

McVeigh has put us through so much and now," Welch said. "I thought it'd all be joy, but it isn't. A very dull victory. The bottom line is my little girl isn't coming back and I have the rest of my life to deal with that."

The same jury that took 25 1/2 hours over four days to convict McVeigh returns Wednesday to hear evidence on whether he should die by injection. It will be a mini-trial featuring what likely will be the most wrenching testimony of the case: survivors and relatives describing the upheaval in their lives. McVeigh will probably call family members to plead for mercy.

Juries remained under a gag order preventing them from discussing the reasons for their verdict. Prosecutors contended McVeigh drove a Ryder truck loaded with a 4,000-pound fuel-and-fertilizer bomb to the Murrah building and set the fuse in a fertilizer plant months before the bombing.

"It's not over until he's dead," she said.

Prosecutors Joseph Hartzler and Patrick Ryan spoke at a gathering of more than 100 victims' relatives and survivors at a nearby church that they had been using as a haven. Complimented on their handling of the case, Hartzler replied that the "work was a labor of love." Two red-eyed jurors held tissues in their hands as they emerged from the courtroom. McVeigh was escorted out by Federal Bureau of Investigation agents. McVeigh will probably call family members to plead for mercy.

When the verdict was read, McVeigh started at the judge. None of his attorneys comforted him or said anything to him. As jurors were polled as to whether they were sure of their decision, the forensic star of the trial, McVeigh and answered in a loud firm voice, "Yes." Two red-eyed jurors held tissues in their hands and appeared close to tears. After Matsch dismissed the jury, McVeigh was escorted out by two U.S. marshals. He shook hands with attorney Stephen Jones' hand and the two exchanged whispered words. Just as he was taken out of the courtroom, he shook Christopher Tritton's hand.

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The verdict came just over two years after the explosion gutted the nine-story federal building.

Immediately after the bombing, there was speculation among members of the public that the attack, like the World Trade Center bombing two years earlier, was the work of foreign terrorists. McVeigh's arrest instead cast a spotlight on America's militia movement and like-minded right-wing extremists who were the focus of a larger conspiracy involving overseas terrorists or American white supremacists.

And, the defense raised the specter of a second, unknown bomber who may have died in the blast.

All were rejected by the jury, just as they had been rejected by the victims' families.

"He's not human," said Charles Tomlin, who lost a grown son in the bombing. "This is a monster that blew up a building."

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All were rejected by the jury, just as they had been rejected by the victims' families.

"He's not human," said Charles Tomlin, who lost a grown son in the bombing. "This is a monster that blew up a building."
obvious by the green water running down the hill. Hallock is also aware of the problem, and sees some seriousness in it.

"It's not something I would want to drink, it's not something I'd want my kids to play in," he said.

So with scientists, professors and crop managers all aware of the problem, what's being done about it?

**Solutions**

Hallock said that what needs to be considered is that agriculture produces the food we eat. That is a tradeoff that needs to reach a balance so people can enjoy a healthy creek and live healthy lives by eating food.

"It's a disaster," he said, "it's been like this for 20 years!"

Hallock said that "simple provisions" could be taken to prevent the problem.

"All of [the waste water] goes downtown!"

"We're doing a number of different management programs," he said. "It's all pretty much in the talking stage, and there hasn't been a tremendous amount of implementation."

"Ideas are being shared on what to do about the problem. One advancement is the drainage and settling ponds near the swine unit. Also, livestock is fenced out and kept from walking directly into creeks.

Probably the most easily noticed effort is the planting of "buffer strips" to try to regenerate the natural habitat. These areas include the planting of willows, berry bushes, sycamores and shrubs that are common to riparian habitats to filter the nutrients before they run into the creek water.

Colb said that Cal Poly is currently the target of a Maximum Daily Load program, which will limit the amounts of sediments and nutrients that can enter the creek.

He said that within the next year, the board will make recommendations to Cal Poly on how to reduce its load. The program is usually voluntary, Colb said, but if Cal Poly doesn't progress the board can issue fines or other penalties.

The first step to the solution of a problem is always the simple recognition that the problem exists. Cal Poly's environmentalists, soil scientists and agriculturists all agree: Runoff is a problem. One advantage of having such a problem at Cal Poly, at least, is that ideas on preventative measures and possible solutions probably will never run out.

"Data has shown that there's no public health risks, except during storms." - Howard Colb, Regional Water Quality Control Board

Ashley thinks the runoff problem can be overcome.

"One of my common haunts is driving that creek and seeing the drainage there," he said.

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COLLAPSE from page 5

said witness Russ Tiberio of San Francisco. "Crack, mash, gone. That fast."

Steve Mayer, Waterworld's general manager, said a guard at the top normally allows just one person a time to descend. Meetings every Tues. at 6 p.m. at the MOC. Call 547-8740 for info.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Instructor for College math class, 6-23-97, Carma Roberts (Mil. students) tel 408-393-1501
Fax resume 408-394-3399, Biondo

ENTERTAINMENT

Christian Music Fest at Avila Hot Springs, June 6, 7, 8. Call Rose 474-9964. Looking for artisans for craft fair!

SERVICES

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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

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Society of Hispanic Advocates for Health invites you to join our club! Volunteers in the community, build your resume, earn some service hours. Meetings every Tues. at 6 p.m. at the MOC. Call 547-8740 for info.

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MISTER BOFFO

by Joe Martin

CITIZEN DOG

by MARK O'HARE

DROP THAT BRICK!

TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1997

At John Muir Medical Center in Walnut Creek, five people were admitted. Two were listed in serious condition and three in good condition, according to hospital spokesperson Kirsten Adams. It was not immediately known when many were male and how many were female.

Graphic Arts Building, Room 226 Cal Poly, San Luis Obispo, CA 93407 (805) 576-1143

IN THE BLEACHERS

by Steve Moore

"Do you see the person who hooked you in the lip, hauled you onto shore and attempted to clean and gut you? Take your time."
Randy Johnson clone, college record-breaker lead draft list

By Ron Walker
Associated Press

NEW YORK - By all accounts, J.D. Drew is the most talented, most polished player available in Tuesday's major league draft.

He's regarded by many scouts as the best college outfielder ever. He's the only Division I player to hit 30 home runs and steal 30 bases in the same season. And he's simply a wonder­most polished player available in

Tuesday's major league draft. He was picked seventh by San Francisco, but not offered a contract within the required 15 days; Boras took advantage and wound up getting White a $10.2 million contract from the expans­tion Tampa Bay Devil Rays.

Drew, a 21-year-old junior, also figures to command a steep price, which the Philadelphia Phillies seem willing to pay with the No. 2 pick.

"We've never shied away from hard signs, but we're taking a harder look than ever because signability is more of a factor than ever," said general manager Fred Claire.

Last year, the prices went up dramatically. High school pitcher Matt White was picked seventh by San Francisco, but not offered a contract within the required 15 days; Boras took advantage and wound up getting White a $10.2 million contract from the expansion Tampa Bay Devil Rays.

Boras, who replaced Brian Hill as the Phillies' lead negotiator, met with scouts Monday night, meaning the teams could be seeing quite a bit of each other in September.

The game was called nearly three hours before the 7:35 p.m. EDT start. No makeup date was set, but it is likely at least one of the two rainouts will be played as part of a doubleheader when the Indians return to Baltimore on Sept. 15-16.

Both teams also have a open date after a two-game series in Cleveland on Sept. 8-9, and Baltimore manager Davey Johnson expects the teams will play at Camden Yards on that day.

Director of Elections Germaine Wing said Monday she expects about 125,000 peo­ple - 30 percent of San Francisco's registered voters - to cast ballots.

Both must be approved by a simple majority.

There's Magic in the air for Chuck Daly

ORLANDO, Fla. (AP) - Chuck Daly moved closer to his return to the NBA on Monday, working out final details on a contract that will pay him a reported $15 million over three years to coach the Orlando Magic.

Two weeks ago, Daly rejected an informal offer from Magic gen­eral manager John Gabriel.

The Magic had tried to lure

Chicago Bulls coach Phil Jackson with a five-year, $30 million offer but Jackson said he couldn't make a decision until after the playoffs.

The Bulls are facing the Utah Jazz in the finals this week.

The Magic also held informal talks with Bob Hill and Richie Adubato, who replaced Brian Hill in midseason as coach during a players revolt.

Both teams also have a open date after a two-game series in Cleveland on Sept. 8-9, and Baltimore manager Davey Johnson expects the teams will play at Camden Yards on that day.

Both must be approved by a simple majority.