California governor candidates end campaigning in close race

By Natalie Guerrero

Democratic governor candidate Dianne Feinstein, on one of the last whistle stops of her campaign, was greeted by an enthusiastic crowd Monday afternoon at San Luis Obispo Airport, while Republican candidate Pete Wilson also urged backers elsewhere in California to get out and vote in an 11th-hour push for support.

Both candidates stumped the state, reaffirming their basic themes and exhorting precinct volunteers to organize all-out efforts to get California's 13.5 million registered voters to the polls in what promised to be a close race.

Secretary of State March Fong Eu said about a fifth of the electorate was expected to cast absentee ballots, which could significantly delay the vote count. She predicted a 62.1 percent turnout, or just over 8 million voters, including some 1.5 million absentee ballots.

See GOVERNOR, page 9

Man arrested for attack at Gamma Phi house

By Alex Main

Two Cal Poly sorority members were attacked by a man in the Gamma Phi Beta sorority house around 3:30 a.m. Saturday. A suspected attacker, who was caught and arrested soon after, was identified as a 25-year-old San Luis Obispo resident.

A police investigation reported that Miller had entered the house through an unlocked door. Seven residents were asleep in the house at the time.

"He went into two different bedrooms in the house," said Gamma Phi Beta House Manager Julie Schulbach. "When we were aware that

See ASSAULT, Page 10

Agriculture plans open house

School wants event to replace past Poly Royal

By Angie Carlevato

In the 1950s, Poly Royal was a chance for students to show off what they learned about agriculture and other subjects.

Last year, the annual event not only grew in size, but it also killed celebration.

"Lemonade Committee" drafted a proposal to replace the riot-killed celebration.

Agriculture hopes to scale down its presentation and offer a two-day open house on April 19 and 20.

Joe Sabol, the school's associate dean, and the "Lemonade Committee" drafted a proposal to replace the riot-killed celebration.

The committee was made up of 12 to 13 members, including faculty from each department and student leaders within the School of Agriculture. They met at the beginning of last summer with two purposes: To explore alternative ways of preserving and improving the traditional activities of Poly Royal and to present their recommendations for action for presentation at the school council and School of Agriculture Student Council and eventually to the university administration.

Their preliminary proposal was to acquire feedback from the 10 departments and students in the 35 agriculture clubs. Their final proposal was recently approved by Dean of the School of Agriculture Lark Carter at the last Lemonade Committee meeting.

Sabol said the committee was then dismissed by Carter, but a new committee probably will replace it to oversee the open house.

Hand Scott, vice president for Student Affairs, will have to approve it next before it goes to Cal Poly President Warren Baker for final approval.

According the the report and based upon the successful history of Poly Royal, the committee believes the following compo...
Israel and Iraq are not similar

Once again I see someone whose knowledge of history expanded almost two months ago by joining the fad of Israel bashing by throwing out opinions that are false, misleading and incorrect.

It was David Holbrook's and Steve Jones' commentaries. Apparently, those persons have never listened to the news before the invasion of Kuwait by Iraq and have not read a history book about the Middle East in his or her life but feels qualified to write commentaries about it. In his or her article, Steve Jones writes about "the state of Israel, a country established by aggression that still has occupying forces on the West Bank, a region that was invaded just like Kuwait.

So let's see now. Iraq claims that Kuwait is stealing oil by pumping too much oil from the wells that are on the borders between the two countries and invaded Kuwait with the results we have heard. Israel, in 1967, is surrounded by the armies of Jordan, Egypt, Syria and Iraq. If anyone in Arab coun- tries, claiming they will destroy Israel and will drive all the Jews into the sea while they gather an enormous army at their borders and try to close Israel by destroying the passage to Eilat. Israel wins the war and later returns Sinai to Egypt in return for peace. Steve Jones does not see any similarities situations that can be directly compared to each other.

And maybe if Mr. Jones reads a little more about the few years before that, say 1947 and 1948, he will find some facts and data about the establishment of Israel and the aggressors of the time.

Steve Jones' commentary is that we do not need the Middle Eastern oil, and thus, we should leave the Middle East. So was the reason for the comment about Israel? And by the way, do you drive a car?
Arab militia leaders sign peace agreement

DAMASCUS, Syria (AP) — Nabi Berri, leader of the Syrian-backed Amal militia, and a top official of the pro-Iranian group Hezbollah late Monday signed a peace accord that will allow Lebanon's army to resume control of Shiite Moslem areas of Lebanon.

The peace agreement, which becomes effective Saturday, was signed at the end of a 10-hour meeting with Syrian and Iranian officials by Berri and Hezbollah Secretary-General Sheik Suhi al-Tuffa.

Ammar, which means Hope in Arabic, and Hezbollah, or Party of God, have fought intermittently since June 1982 vying for control of Lebanon's 1.2 million Shiite Moslems. By police count, 1,100 people have been killed and 3,222 wounded in the fighting.

Deer breaks windows after seeing reflection

AMBRIDGE, Pa. (AP) — A deer broke through a bank's window and smashed three others Monday, apparently mistaking its reflection for a rival, authorities said.

It took police and game wardens about an hour to get the buck back out of the Mellon Bank branch.

"What happened was he broke one window trying to get in and three others trying to get out," Police Chief Jack Lively said.

A road crew used shovels to break the rest of the glass, lined up and drove the buck through the window and into a nearby forest.

Game wardens and police suspect the buck thought his reflection in the bank's window was a rival. Deer are in their mating season and become protective of their turf.

Conjugal visits denied for Hillside Strangler

WALLA WALLA, Wash. (AP) — Prison authorities acted within their authority when they denied convicted Hillside Strangler Kenneth Bianchi conjugal visits with his wife, a judge ruled.

Walla Walla County Superior Court Judge Donald W. Schacht refused to order the state to allow Bianchi to have visits with the woman he married while serving two life sentences for the slayings of two Bellingham women in 1979.

Bianchi, 39, pleaded guilty in California to five counts of murder in the 1979 "Hillside Strangler" case, in which the bodies of 10 women were dumped along various hillsides around the Los Angeles area in late 1977 and early 1978.

Leftists blamed for Shinto Shrine blaze

TOKYO (AP) — A Shinto shrine in southern Japan was damaged by a fire early today, and police believe the attack was part of a terrorist campaign by leftist radicals who hope to disrupt next week's coronation.

Officials on the island of Okinawa said no one was in the shrine at the time of the fire, which was quickly extinguished.

The attack comes four days after two expeditions rocked a police dormitory in Tokyo, killing one policeman and injuring six people.

Japan's militarist past.

TOKYO (AP) — A Shinto shrine in southern Japan was damaged by a fire early today, and police believe the attack was part of a terrorist campaign by leftist radicals who hope to disrupt next week's coronation. Police say the fire could have been caused by a firebomb. Police Suspect Leftists

Leftists blame the attack on the government, saying it was part of a campaign to disrupt next week's coronation. They say the attack was a response to the government's decision to allow the enthronement ceremony to go ahead.

Police, neighbor patrol approved by residents

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Los Angeles Police Department has gone back to basics in a neighborhood scarred by more drive-by shootings than any other in the city last year.

Shedding its hard-nosed "Dragnet" image, the LAPD has blanketed the 30 square miles of two Los Angeles neighborhoods with officers on foot, bicycle and horseback.

The goal of "Operation Cal-de-Sue" is to win back the streets for residents driven indoors by fear of gangs.

Officers are ringing doorbells, leaving business cards and inviting families on evening strolls. They have been rewarded with sweet potato pies and glasses of cold water.

Since the program began, crime in the neighborhood has been cut 12 percent when compared to the same period last year.

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Japan's militarist past.
Superior Court delays adopting bill streamlining prosecutions

Judge says high court may void Proposition 115
By William Douglass

An initiative passed in June, designed to streamline the courts and get drug offenders convicted more quickly, is not being used in San Luis Obispo County Superior Court.

Proposition 115 calls for court procedures that make criminal prosecution quicker. The new law allows voir dire, or jury selection, to be conducted by the judge rather than by attorneys. The traditional method of allowing attorneys to conduct voir dire sometimes takes days or weeks.

The proposition also allows victims and witnesses to avoid appearing in court for preliminary hearings. A police officer can testify in the witnesses' place, telling the court what the witnesses told the police. Only a police officer with more than five years of service can give the hearsay testimony, according to the proposition. Prior to Proposition 115, hearsay testimony was not accepted in criminal court.

In the June ballot, drafters of the proposition said the law is necessary to unburden the backed-up court system and to make way for an increasing wave of drug war prosecutions.

The San Luis Obispo County Superior Court has not adopted the changes called for by Proposition 115, Judge Christopher Money said last week at a meeting of the County Bar Association.

"As of today, Proposition 115 has not affected the Superior Court," he said.

Money said the court will hold off implementing the sweeping changes until the California Supreme Court decides on the constitutionality of the measure. "They may find that the proposition infringes on the defendant's rights," he said.

VOTE FOR PROP 115, page 12

OPEN HOUSE

From page 1

nents need to be included in their open house: educational displays; fitting and showing contests, open house; educational displays; industry sales.

Sabol recommended that another committee be formed to work out the numerous operational challenges associated with this major activity.

"In order for us to host an effective open house, each department must conduct activities that will draw people to campus," Sabol said.

With fundraising close to the top of the list, Sabol said the department has to be creative in order to put on an open house similar to those in the past.

"We left fundraising in there because it does so many good things for clubs, but we realize that without 120,000 people we're not going to make the money that we used to make," he said.

The tractor pull, hosted by the agriculture department, will not be offered during the same weekend as the open house, and even the rodeo has been pushed back to May. "This open house is going to be very geared toward education," he said.

Something else the School of Agriculture is trying to weave into this complex package is that Cal Poly is 90 years old next year. The School of Agriculture was here in 1901, Sabol said, so it would be a good time to have a celebration.

"Maybe we need to have a little celebration to make us look back at our heritage of our agriculture or where we've been," he said. "We don't want to use the word 'party,' but it could be a little celebration of ag education on this campus."
Prop. 128 stirs statewide debate

By Grant Landy

Proposition 128 is one of the most sweeping and controversial proposals on the November ballot. Known as "Big Green" by its supporters and the "Hayden Initiative" by its opponents, Proposition 128 calls for significant changes in the way the state regulates environmental and natural resource issues, namely pesticide use, forestry management, oil drilling, air pollution and water safety. It also establishes an elective position of Environmental Advocate to oversee the entire operation.

Proponents of the initiative, including the Sierra Club and the National Wildlife Federation, claim that the state's efforts toward limiting damaging inindustrial and agricultural practices have been ineffective. They argue that the measure is a necessary ingredient for a healthy California environment.

Opponents of the measure, including most industrial and agricultural business, say the consequences of such a proposal will destroy the state's economy. They believe that adequate protections are in place now, and that the program can only survive by raising taxes or cutting other state programs.

Former San Luis Obispo city councilman and Cal Poly political science professor Allen Settle believes that the proposition will not pass statewide, but may gain a majority vote in San Luis Obispo County. "I think it will pass in the County, but it won't be a mandate,

Areas like this one near Montana De Oro could be affected by Prop. 128.

See PRO P 128, page 8

Wilson, Feinstein take stands on key issues

By Natalie Guerrero

In less than 24 hours Californians will have elected a new governor. Who will win? Democrat Dianne Feinstein or Republican Sen. Pete Wilson?

According to a recent Los Angeles Times poll, there is no clear leader in this year's governor's race. The poll surveyed 1,992 registered voters statewide and found Feinstein being supported by 41 percent and Wilson with 39 percent. But with a margin of error, statistically both candidates are tied. The Los Angeles Times poll found that Feinstein's strengths are her political philosophy and a sense of "dynamism" that she projects. Wilson's strong points are his experience and the image of a solid, knowledgeable manager.

Even though both were California mayors — Feinstein for San Francisco and Wilson for San Diego — and both were born in 1933, that's where the similarities end.

The big issues of this year's governor's race deal with the environment, crime, drugs, education, abortion and taxes — each candidate has addressed them differently.

• Environment

In the environment, Proposition 128, the Big Green initiative which is also known as the Tom Hayden initiative, has taken center stage. Feinstein has endorsed Prop. 128 saying "I am proud to support the most significant environmental protection measure. Big Green would phase out the use of cancer-causing pesticides and food, reduce the ozone-depleting chemicals, protect California's old-growth redwood forests and strictly (regulate) ocean dumping to prevent toxic pollution." She said this in a position paper published by the Feinstein for Governor's Committee.

Prop. 143 could help Poly build facilities

University may use bond money for six projects

By Mary Frederisy

Proposition 143, the Higher Education Facilities Bond Act, includes six projects on the Cal Poly campus. If passed, the proposition would supply $450 million for the second half of a two-part building program.

The money would be divided between the community college, California State University, and University of California systems. The construction here would include equipment for the dairy science unit, working drawings and construction on a second dairy science unit, working drawings and construction on a poultry science unit, plans for the renovation and upgradings of the campus' heating system, working drawings for the performing arts center and plans and drawings for a separate site development this year.

The first part of the building program used money from Proposition 121, which was passed in June. That money is being used for the physical education/ recreational sports facility, the performing arts center, planning funds for the dairy science lab building and planning funds for the poultry science unit.

Doug Gerard, dean of facilities maintenance, said that if Prop. 143 does not pass, the projects will not be stopped immediately.

There would, however, be long-term problems. "We are talking about a lot of money," Gerard said. "And it is not available anywhere else in the state budget right now."

He said that bonds like Prop. 143 are the only way, at this time, to finance higher education in the state.

"All states operate on a bond- ed indebtedness," Gerard said. "And California is really quite low compared to other states. There is really no danger that the credit rating of the state is in jeopardy."

Gerard said that other alternatives to bond issues are not realistic. "At the moment, bonds are the only route available," he said. "I don't see increasing taxes or increasing tuition or limiting enrollment."

In a fact sheet written by the CSU Chancellor's Office, the CSU said over the next 15 years it will enroll an additional 500,000 new students.

Gerard said that continued construction is crucial to avoid having to change admission standards.

"We know enrollment is going to go up," he said. "If no facilities can be provided, one of the variables would be to restrict admissions.

Californians for Higher Education (CHE) is a strategic action committee that promotes bond issues for higher education.

"We support Proposition 143 because it is the only way we can meet the growing needs of students," said Linda Wallace, a representative from the CHE. "It is also the only way to deal with the problems."

Wilson is opposed to the initiative and sides with the Republican stand that this proposition would only produce a new state bureaucracy and cost state and local tax payers $12 billion a year to finance.

Besides Big Green, as governor, Feinstein said she would create a department of Ocean Resources, which would oversee the 15 agencies that have jurisdiction over coastal waters. She also wants to promote a statewide recycling program and accelerate toxic waste cleanup.

Wilson, as governor, proposes to create a cabinet-level Environmental Protection Agency for California. He also proposes to establish an Institute on the Environment, a think-tank in the University of California system and a leadership conference to review the state's energy and environment. See CANDIDATES, page 8

Nov. 6, 1990
By Don Rogers

Increasing the tax on alcohol is about the only thing the supporters of Proposals 126 and 134 agree upon. The question that arises is which proposition is more sensible.

Like many other initiatives in the Nov. 6 election, Proposals 126 and 134 address the same issue, but from different points of view.

Both initiatives call for an increase in taxes on alcoholic beverages—a tax, which for wine, hasn't been adjusted since 1937. The difference between the two initiatives is that alcohol has the lowest alcohol tax rate in the nation.

The alternative to Proposition 126, "Alcohol Abuse and Education," was formed in response to Proposal 134. Proposal 126 will raise alcohol taxes to the national level and place the revenue in the state's General Fund for the following purposes:

- Education
- Law Enforcement
- Improving the health and safety of the citizenry

Supporters include the California Council of Police and Sheriffs, the California Teachers Association, the California Association of Winemakers and Taxpayers for Common Sense.

Proposal 126 will generate an additional $200 million of revenue per year.

Proposal 126 will be directed to public schools for alcohol education programs and the balance available for local and state programs.

Proposal 126 raises an additional $1 billion over 10 years for drunk driving and treatment programs. Since the money will be available in the General Fund, supporters say it can be used for curing alcoholics in rehabilitation centers, the training of alcoholics in treatment centers, hiring additional law enforcement officers and to increase funds on illegal drug and alcohol abuse.

Law enforcement analysts Ken Umbach and Senator Bill Learners evaluated both proposals. Their findings suggest that Proposition 134 will make California's budget process even more difficult than it is now.

Proposal 134 will direct its revenue to specified funds available only for specified programs. It also sets a minimum amount of spending for each of these specified programs.

Since the proposal lacks in dollar and per-capita levels for the specified programs, fifteen percent will go to "ineffective" alcohol and "inept" programs. Twenty-one percent will be given for law enforcement.

Supporters include Mothers Against Drunk Driving, The California Association of Highway Patrolmen and the California Council of Community Mental Health Agencies.

The major argument for Proposition 134 is that alcohol abuse, related accidents and injury cost California taxpayers $12 billion annually.

Another argument is that California has the lowest alcohol tax rate in the nation.

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SLO representatives

Anti-incumbent trend not likely in local race

Although incumbent candidates across the country are not expected to fare well in today's elections, San Luis Obispo County's congressional representatives aren't likely to change.

Democrat Leon Panetta, of the 16th District, represents the area that extends from Monterey south to Lee Ossie and in to San Luis Obispo. That area is solidly Democrat. Panetta has been the district's representative to U.S. Congress since 1977.

Panetta's opponent is SLO City Councilmember Jerry Reiss. Reiss has made a point to keep City Council matters top priority and has said his congressional campaign has been limited because of that. He has also had difficulty gaining recognition in the district outside of the San Luis Obispo area.

In the 20th District, Republican Incumbent Bill Thomas is favored as well. The 20th District, which includes South County, North County and the area east of San Luis Obispo. That area is Republican-dominated.

Thomas' biggest worry in regard to his opposition is their names. His Democratic opponent is Michael Thomas and another opponent is William Dilbeck, a Libertarian. Bill Thomas changed his name on the ballot from "William" to "Bill" to avoid added confusion.

Michael Thomas, 29, of Nipomo is new to the political scene. He has not associated his campaign with the Democratic headquarters locally and admits he is not a strong Democrat.

BOND ISSUES

Local offices and measures

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Superintendent of Schools

Running for this position are Linda Shepherd, county schools administrator and Norman E. Miller, deputy county superintendent.

County Auditor

Running for this position are Roger Freberg, a businessman; appointed incumbent Royce Lambert; Gary Rankel, consultant and teacher; incumbent John Swift; Dennis Brown, administrator; and appointed incumbent D.G. Porter.

MEASURE J
San Luis Obispo County, Resource Allocation for Transit Capital Improvements

Measure J would authorize the SLO Area Coordinating Council to submit current and future rail and other mass transit service capital improvements (gas-saving measures) to the State Department of Transportation to be included in its resource allocation recommendations for some of the gas tax revenue that is now collected and allocated statewide.

Port San Luis Harbor District

Running for this position are Dennis Michael Nuiman, a Cal Poly professor; Tom Harrington, a property manager and naturalist; incumbent Jim Blecha; Alexander "Kirk" Miller, Cal Poly coordinator of Cooperative Education and Placement Services; and appointed incumbent Brett Phillips. Voters may vote for no more than two candidates.

Coastal San Luis Resources Conservation District

Running for this position are Gere Sibbach, deputy auditor-controller and Stan Rosefield, a supervising accountant.

BOND ISSUES

Proposition 142 — Veteran's Bond Act

Prop 142 provides $400 million for farm and home aid to California veterans. This bond would provide funds for 3,200 additional veterans to receive loans. The bond would go to the Department of Veterans Affairs to purchase farms, homes and mobile homes.

Proposition 143 — Higher Education Facilities Bond Act

Please see the story on page 5

Proposition 144 — New Prison Construction Bond Act

Prop 144 gives $650 million to fund construction to relieve overcrowding in state prisons and Youth Authority facilities. The increase in the number of people in state prisons is expected to continue, and existing facilities are not designed to handle this increase. The bond would fund new prisons now under construction and the alteration of existing prisons.

Proposition 145 — California Housing Bond Act

The act establishes a housing program to fund:

- preservation of rental housing
- emergency shelters and transitional housing for the homeless
- multifamily mortgage loan and bond insurance
- farmworker housing rehabilitation loans to assure that unreinforced masonry buildings can withstand earth quakes.

This bond would fund various housing programs to help meet the needs for affordable and decent housing. Many of the $50 million for work to be done on those programs provide low-interest loans and grants for the construction of or $25 million for work on youth centers rehabilitation of housing for low-income persons.

Proposition 146 — School Facilities Bond Act

Prop 146 gives $800 million to fund construction and improvement of public schools. The bond would fund projects under the State School Building Lease-Purchase Program and other school facility projects. The bond would be used to buy land, construct, reconstruct or modernize school buildings.

Proposition 147 — County Correctional Facility Capital Expenditure and Juvenile Facility Bond Act

Prop 147 finances construction, remodeling, replacement and maintenance of county correctional and juvenile facilities with a $225 million bond. This would cover jails, juvenile detention centers, youth centers and youth shelters. The bond would give:

- $150 million for work on county correctional facilities
- $50 million for work to be done on county juvenile facilities and grants for the construction of or $25 million for work on youth centers rehabilitation of housing for low-income persons.

Proposition 148 — Water Resources Bond Act

Prop 148 provides

- $130 million for work on water resources program
- make changes in a 1988 water bond regarding administrative fees
- make changes in a 1976 water bond regarding loans.

Proposition 149 — California Park, Recreation and Wildlife Enhancement Act

Prop 149 provides $437 million to fund a program for acquisition, development, rehabilitation and restoration of real property for state park, beach, recreation, greenbelt, wildfire fire protection, coastal, historical or museum purposes. The bond money would be used mainly for building new parks and trails, improve existing parks, increase public access to beaches and natural areas and buy land or pay developers not to develop it. It also would be used to restore land to a more natural state, add land and improve forest fire stations, zoos, aquariums and museums.

Proposition 150 — County Courthouse Facility Capital Expenditure Bond Act

Prop 150 gives $200 million to fund construction, rebuilding, remodeling, replacement and maintenance of county courthouse facilities.

Proposition 151 — Child Care Facilities Financing Act

Prop 151 provides a bond of $30 million to fund childcare facilities. The bond would give money to construct, acquire, renovate and equip facilities.
From page 5

Prop 128 would only continue to hurt the American farmer.

"About the only thing America can still do is farm," he said. "Prop 128 is trying to run us out of business."

Prop 128 would destabilize and degrade the consumer, a local restaurant manager, said that after Prop 128, "it'll make sense that food costs and consumer costs."

"We'd have to supplement the consumer to the consumer to meet rising prices," said Roy C. Stevenson.

From page 5

California

Crime

"Tough on crime and drug abuse" is the message for both candidates. The "Image" magazine of the San Francisco Chronicle on its election day edition describes Feinstein as being "tough" while Wilson is described as being "compassionate." But the underlying issue in the election is that voters will be paying for higher education even if no one in their family is going to a public college or university.

Dianne Feinstein was born on

October 24, 1938, in San Francisco, California, and is the daughter of S.F. Senator and has been on many Senate committees. Wilson was born in Lake Forest, Ill., in 1933. He graduated from Yale University in 1955 and received his law degree from the UC Berkeley's Boalt Hall in 1962. He was also a first lieutenant in the U.S. Marine Corps.

"Tough on crime and drug abuse" is the message for both candidates. The "Image" magazine of the San Francisco Chronicle on its election day edition describes Feinstein as being "tough" while Wilson is described as being "compassionate." But the underlying issue in the election is that voters will be paying for higher education even if no one in their family is going to a public college or university.
Violence means increased firings for Palestinians

D Hassie, a carpenter from the Occupied West Bank, said he was fed up with strikes, curfews and the army closing the roads. "He was fed up with strikes, curfews and the army closing the roads," Kanouneh said in an interview in this refugee camp south of Jerusalem. "And, I think, he was afraid." A wave of stabbings attacks by Palestinians and Israelis since mid-October was the last straw in labor tensions built up during the 34-month-old uprising against Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The Arab stabbings of Israelis and counterattacks by Jews followed the Oct. 8 slayings of 20 Palestinians and Israelis since mid-Oct. was the last straw in labor tensions built up during the 34-month-old uprising against Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Sami Kanouneh is one of thousands of Palestinians who have lost their jobs since the Temple Mount riot.

Israel's Employment Service reported 10,000 requests for workers during a five-day army closure of the occupied territories to prevent Arab attacks. That is seven times more than normal, said Benny Schwartz of the service.

The layoffs couldn't come at a worse time for the 1.7 million Palestinians living in lands seized by Israel in the 1967 Middle East war. They already faced new competition for jobs from the thousands of Soviet Jews emigrating to Israel. The 130-store Co-op Blue Square supermarket chain has replaced its Arab cleaning crews with Soviets, company officials said. And Palestinians can't turn to the occupied lands for work.

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APPLIED MATERIALS

GOVERNOR

From page 8
San Luis Obispo Democrats, described the crowd that greeted Feinstein in San Luis Obispo as a mixture of democracy from the Roosevelt, Kennedy and Carter era.

This campaign stop was organized by the Central Coast Democratic Committee, the local Plumbers and Streamfitters Association and the San Luis Obispo Laborers International Union.

In her brief speech, Feinstein said this governor's race was going to be a close call. "But there's good news, an independent poll has put me ahead by one percentage point," she said. Feinstein urged the crowd to go out and vote.

"For the last eight years, we have had a philosophy that favors the rich," Feinstein said. "This election we need to change that." While Democrats are trying to end the Republicans' eight-year reign at the governor's position, Republican Party officials nationwide hoped to install a GOP governor in California to block a Democrat-engineered reapportionment, the census-based redrawing of political boundaries in which the state's 45-member congressional delegation is expected to increase to 52.

Feinstein also reviewed her positions on abortion and crime. Even though a poster with a pro-life view stood above the Feinstein's signs, it did not seem to bother Feinstein. "I am 100 percent pro-choice," she said. Other than San Luis Obispo, Feinstein planned stops in San Diego, Santa Monica, Davis, finishing the day at the Delancey Street Town Hall in San Francisco.

Wilson, beginning the day in Sacramento and ending it in Southern California, which included rallies in San Jose, Long Beach, Mission Viejo and San Diego — the last two attended by former President Ronald Reagan.

Ten people representing the community stood behind Feinstein as she spoke. These people included assemblyman democratic candidate John Lbyker, ASI President Adam Taylor and John Grice, a Cal Poly Young Democrats representative.

Peter Wilson visited San Luis Obispo early in his campaign and participated in a fundraiser at the Embassy Suites Hotel for Andrea Seastrand, who is running for her late husband Eric's seat in the California assembly.

— Associated Press contributed to this report.

ASSAULT

From Page 1
There was someone in the house, we called the police right away," Miller allegedly attacked two women who successfully fought him off. When the police arrived, the suspect ran to hide.

Schulbach said she was impressed by the work of the police officers who answered the call. "The police were here about a minute after we called," she said. "They were great. They were so protective and caring. They really helped us out."

Miller was originally from the Tulare area and has lived in San Luis Obispo for about three months, Brennler said.

Brennler said Miller has a history of assaults-related arrests and has been booked at San Luis Obispo County Jail with bail set at $8,000. Twenty thousand dollars of the bail is for the charges from Saturday's incident, and the other $16,000 are for outstanding warrants from Tulare County, Brennler said.

Miller was still in jail Monday evening.

The two victims sustained minor injuries and were treated at San Luis Obispo General Hospital and released.

The names of the two victims have not been disclosed. Schulbach said Monday afternoon that the women were physically recovering and would be meeting with counselors to deal with the emotional aftermath.

"We're on our way back now," she said. "The girls are doing pretty well."

Fiscalscience President Kelly McRiben said she could not comment on the incident Monday because she was not aware of all the details of the attack. She said, however, that security members were meeting with the police Monday afternoon to discuss the incident.

Schulbach said the police have increased security, doing more drive-bys in the area near the sorority house.

"Locks on the doors in the house also are being improved, with deadbolts being added. Schulbach said that the police would be speaking at the Gamma Phi Beta sorority house meeting Monday night.

Schulbach said that people needed to be careful and said she thought the incident could have been avoided by making sure all the doors in the house were locked. "This guy was a total stranger," she said. "This seems like a safe town — but it's not always."

...not something with which to wrap the fish...
HUMOR

From page 3

wackos in New York City is not new to me. I think I have a tangent on my forehead. I did not mean to tune in and "jump" up to "jump" up to "jump" up to "jump".

I was sitting on a contoured plastic chair in Penn Station once, minding my own business in an unobtrusively meek way, when yet another explorer from the planet Believer sat down next to me for what.

She began to cite from memory an article from that day's Wall Street Journal. It was a long, complex piece full of financial arcane, and she repeated it verbatim. I knew this because, contrary to habit, I had read that day's Wall Street Journal out of steppingle boredom whilst waiting for a train in Philadelphia, another town packed to the tits with loons.

\[ \text{We have all engaged in questionable behavior in public. Admit it, kids. How many times have you accidentally said something out loud, with no discernible fellow conversant nearby? Really? Oh, come on. Surely, after your miserable little lifetime you've accidentally said something about while waiting for -- never mind. I guess it's back to the lithium for Uncle Dik.} \]

\[ \text{Speaking of lithium, how about that Kitsy Dakuka, huh? It must be a terrible conflict for her, trying to enjoy the scads of money she made off the book while realizing that to get it she had to tell everybody in the western world that she drank hairspray. Drunk hairspray is no mean feat, according to Kitsy, as it is a bich ripping off the nostril to get to the fine nectar inside. (Helpful party hint: hairspray with fish, nail polish remover with red mom.)} \]

\[ \text{Lots of famous people have gone out where the losses don't run. Pick up any issue of People magazine, and you will find between its covers tales of hopelessness and despair the likes of which will make you wish you had spent your $2 on a shot of gin. It is no small irony that probably the sanest man in Hollywood is Jack Nicholson.} \]

\[ \text{The larger issue that we should be concerned about, of course, is why these celebrities have a need to share their intimate perve r sions of mind with heedless stratas of people.} \]

\[ \text{Think about the craziest thing you've ever done. Don't hold back. You're blocking, I can tell you. It'll give you a hint:} \]

\[ \text{Remember that time you got drunk and took that Alaskan King Salmon to the ... there you go! A birthday! Now, how would you like to see that on TV?} \]

\[ \text{"Reefer Madness" is a propaganda film that shows people exhibiting end-stage psychosis from taking a drug on a mari­ juana cigarette. It has some of the finest portrayals of insanity I've seen on film, and I often imitate its worse scenes when I crave attention, or when I want the check to move faster. Try this sometimes: If the guy in front of you in the express lane at the Piggly Wiggly defies you. Then you in his basket, your eyes and laugh madly while serenously fingering your Mrs. Butterworth. Nobody wants to be brained by a basket of Mrs. Butterworth. This has worked wonders for me. If you don't purchase imitation syrup products, any hefty bottled or can­ ned good will do. People will give you weird looks.} \]

\[ \text{Does insanity run in your family? Pay attention to the fact that your parents are siblings. Yap, you're an only child. Sorry about your aunt and uncle. This makes your brother your cousin, as well. With so many people around, no wonder you can't have any private conversations, I mean. Kind of makes you want to do something drastic. I don't blame you. You're starting to look like a little squiggle. You need a vacation.} \]

\[ \text{Have I got a woman for you ...} \]

\[ \text{Dik Saalfeld submits a humor column to Mustang daily every week from his home in Washington, D.C.} \]
PROP 115

From page 4

Money said that in the meaning time, the Superior Court will ignore the proposition. "Now we are past the effective date of the proposition, and the court has not been asked or required to implement it."

"The San Luis Obispo County Municipal Court, which has jurisdiction over misdemeanor and traffic cases as well as felony pretrial hearings, is using Proposition 115. Municipal Court Judge Edward Chidlaw said his department implemented the changes on the Wednesday after the measure was approved by voters.

"From our perspective, it is working," Chidlaw said. Jury selection in Municipal Court was down to slightly more than one hour, compared to an average of four hours before Proposition 115, Chidlaw said. Although judges are conducting jury selection at the municipal level, they are allowing attorney input in the process.

Allowing hearsay in preliminary felony hearings makes the process go faster, Chidlaw said. But the changes have not sped up the system enough to decrease the case load.

"We are still learning," Chidlaw said. "Kind of flying by the seat of our pants." Attorney Patricia Ashbaugh, who represents criminal defendants, said the proposition is not in the best interest of justice. "We don't feel it has been the benefit the drafters thought it would be," she said.

Ashbaugh said a defendant should have the right to face his or her accusers in court. She said witnesses are more likely to be truthful when they face the judge and are sworn in, rather than giving the information to a police officer in the field.

"We lose perspective on the case when we don't have real, live witnesses coming into court," she said. Ashbaugh said her firm has adopted the policy of challenging all secondhand and thirdhand hearsay by police officers, allowing them to testify only to what they were personally told.

Deputy District Attorney David Pomeroy said he was unsure how much hearsay will be accepted under proposition 115. "It is unclear whether a police officer will be able to testify only to firsthand hearsay, or will the officer be able to read the entire police report into the record?" Either way, Pomeroy said, Prop 115 benefits prosecutors. "It is a great time to be a prosecutor."