ASI debates funding for Children's Center

Students to vote on $1 fee hike

By Larre M. Sterling

ASI held its first meeting of the quarter Wednesday night, and many upcoming decisions were discussed.

Casey Allen, an ASI representative for the School of Business, showed the Board of Directors a slideshow informing them about the lack of facilities and funds at the Cal Poly Children's Center.

According to Liz Regan, director of the Children's Center, the center had about 425 requests for child care during the 1988-89 school year and could only accommodate 117 of the requests.

"The problem is the entire child care area of funding is at levels not parallel with inflation," said Roger Conway, ASI executive director.

Currently, the Children's Center receives a 2 to 3 percent annual budget increase, but the actual cost of inflation is 4 to 5 percent, said Conway.

The Board also approved the ballot for next week's ASI elections. On the ballot will be an initiative regarding the ASI in the construction of a new campus child care facility.

The initiative will allow students to decide whether they will pay $1 more per quarter for the next 10 years to aid ASI in the construction of a new campus child care facility. If passed, the new facility will double the present facility's capacity. A new facility would cost from $640,000 to $800,000.

See ASI, page 6

Parents, students and children rally for support for a new child-care facility

Agricultural practices debated

Speaker says the public misunderstands farming

By Kenz Eniland

Are environmentally concerned citizens overreacting to the use of pesticides, herbicides, agriculture waste, fertilizer runoff and general food safety?

Michael Krebsbach, a 1979 Cal Poly agriculture management graduate, addressed an audience of about 30 people Wednesday on the topic of agriculture and the environment.

Krebsbach used to sell pesticides for Monsanto Agricultural Company from 1979 to 1989, and is currently working on the development and a patent of new oil spill and pollution technology.

"There is simply a major gap in the general public's understanding of how agriculture functions," Krebsbach said. "We (the agriculture industry) are very professional in what we do."

New agriculture technology after World War II spurred agriculture growth, and for the past 30 years there was little concern for the environment, Krebsbach said.

"The environment was seen as wild and something man had to control for his benefit ... Not that that attitude was right or wrong, it was just a different approach (than today's)," Krebsbach said.

Krebsbach said that manufacturers started producing agriculture chemicals during the U.S. industrialization around the turn-of-the-century.

Medical records indicate that the use of these chemicals on food have coincided with the appearance of food safety.

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When killing becomes murder?

When does killing become murder? There is a distinction, and in fact, there are some translations of the Bible's Ten Commandments that state the fifth commandment: "Thou shalt not kill" as "You shall not commit murder"; which as Washington Post columnist Mary Gordon Liddy has said, "is quite another thing.

Killing is the taking of a life, whether or not it is condoned by society. For here I shall refer to killing as the taking of a human life. Murder is that killing that is not condoned by society.

What we, as a society need to determine is when killing becomes murder. Society does permit killing. As self-righteous as our society sometimes pretends to be, we do allow killing that is, in fact, protected by law. We may not permit killing in as arbitrary a manner as many other cultures, but we are not above reproach.

We kill people who have committed atrocities against society so heinous, that we feel that we are justified in killing them. We label this type of killing as execution, but there are few who would deny that this is legalized killing — saying nothing about whether it is justified or not. In fact, many people argue (and many states have been convinced) that such killing makes not one less murder but society.

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Abortion is another form of legalized killing, although I know it is on this point that I will encourage the most resistance. But a fetus is a human being. That is its species. And it is alive with a heart that is brought to an end as the hand of man. So abortion is killing, on the most basic level. Granted, I am saying nothing about various problems with the mother, sustainability of the fetus' life, etc., of any of the other arguments offered by the pro-life movement. I am simply saying that this is killing in which outside factors have led society to condone.

Sending soldiers off to kill and be killed in the name of democracy is very much condoned by society. We, as a society, have decided that putting soldiers to death is worth maintaining democracy throughout the world or whatever our latest catchphrase is.

The above arguments are the exceptions, since most killing is murder. From violent acts of revenge to drug deals gone bad to Mafia-style "hits", few wouldn't argue that these killings are murder and ought not be condoned by society.

To honor the wishes of a terminally ill person who no longer wishes to go on with his life is also murder. Society has weighed the consequences of euthanasia and decided that killing, in this particular instance, is murder.

In the abortion cases, we have weighed the consequences and decided that this is justice. They are not cast in stone; actually they are as moldable as clay with public opinion being the sculptor. But for now these are the rules by which we must play. It is morality by consensus; the American way. While it may not be the perfect system, it is the only one we've got.

Steve Jones is the Opinion Editor for Mustang Daily.

Letters to the Editor

Our baby burden

I'm writing in response to the article, "Pro-lifers should support kids," How can Larry Sterling possibly blame the pro-life movement for the infant mortality rate?

There are plenty of Christian organizations and pregnancy crisis centers out there that would love to help a woman with the limited resources she has. It would seem the pro-aborters with all their money and Planned Parenthood with its government subsidies could combat infant mortality, but they're too busy promoting abortion.

I agree that infant mortality is a tragedy, but the pro-life movement is not aoup fighting abortion. If we did, isn't the baby we are trying to save already be aborted? What about the other babies that were perfectly normal and aborted for convenience? The pro-life movement is fighting for life in the most basic right of all. If we can't even give the babies their lives, what good will pre-natal care do? And need I to the millions of abortions done annually, 39,000 infant mortalities looks trivial.

Stephen Schwager

Mechanical Engineering

Scheduling blues

I'm graduating this year, or I hope to, and to graduate I need certain classes to satisfy the requirements. I've planned out what classes I need to take. According to my department, I'm allowed to take Construction Management 332 as an elective and the CM's department head approved me to take the class, so I enrolled into the class through CAPTURE. The day I went to class I received a little surprise. I was not allowed to take the class. In fact I was told, not asked, to leave the classroom. The only explanation given was that I was not on the instructor's role sheet.

To add to my problem there were no other electives I could have taken to satisfy the graduation requirements. I went to see the CM's department head and the instructor there was no another way. So back to my problem I shall refer to as getting into his class even though I knew it was his fault for not informing me that I would be allowed to take CM 332. The next class time received not another surprise. The instructor that I had already set up his class for me and I was out of luck as far as getting into his class even with the department head's approval.

David Park

ARN

LETTERS POLICY

Letters to the editor should be no longer than 300 words; although letters with fewer than 150 words get priority. They should include the author's name, address, phone number and major/field. Submit letters to Room 236 of the Graphic Arts building. They may be edited for length, clarity or factual content. Contact the Opinion editor if you wish to write a guest column.
Poly junior awarded CEAC scholarship
Extra effort provides big payoff for transfer engineering student
By Natalie Guerrero

A civil engineering transfer student found that a little extra effort can mean a big payoff. Kristen Bouma, a junior from Belmont, Calif., was awarded a $3,000 scholarship from the Consulting Engineers Association of California (CEAC) last March. Bouma placed second among 45 upper-division and undergraduate students attending accredited engineering schools throughout California.

This was CEAC's 14th annual competition for students interested in consulting engineering as a possible career goal. "I actually don't think people realize how much money is really out there," said Bouma. "People think it takes a lot of time to understand our system, but it is well worth the time for the amount of money you receive."

Kent Butler, School of Engineering associate dean, was pleasantly surprised about Bouma's determination in applying but it is well worth the time for participation in college activities. Each category equaled a certain amount of points that totaled 100.

"To be a winner of our award, a person must score high in all parts of the scholarship entry and Kristen did that," said Christy Keith, administrative assistant to the executive director of CEAC.

Bouma's grade point average is 3.5, and she made the Dean's Honor list in addition to winning the $3,000 scholarship. And before coming to Cal Poly, she was a big payoff for transfer engineering student.

CEAC, and the dean of the School of Engineering, Peter Lee, will accompany her to the meeting.

Bouma's scholarship entry was judged on five categories: cumulative grade point average, an essay, work experience, a professional recommendation and participation in college activities. Each category equaled a certain amount of points that totaled 100.

"To be a winner of our award, a person must score high in all parts of the scholarship entry and Kristen did that," said Christy Keith, administrative assistant to the executive director of CEAC.

Bouma's grade point average is 3.5, and she made the Dean's Honor list in winter quarter. She is a member of the Society of Civil Engineering, the Society of Women Engineers and the Engineer­ ing & Physical Science Organization. She also has worked for an engineering consulting firm called Italia-Crosby Engineers in Redwood City. As a technical assistant in the firm, she edited CADD drawings (computer-generated drawings) and drafted technical illustrations for marketing proposals.

Bouma received her Associate of Science degree in engineering at Canada Community College in Redwood City. And before coming to Cal Poly, she was awarded two $1,000 scholarships.

Butler in Coronado, Calif. near San Diego. CEAC is a statewide organization of professional engineers in private practice who provide technical expertise for the development of the state's infrastructure.

Her travel expenses will be covered by CEAC, and the dean of the School of Engineering, Peter Lee, will accompany her to the meeting.

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KREBSBACH

From page 1 of many new degenerative diseases in the past 100 years, "which gives us some concern," he said.

The first degenerative diseases appeared about 10 years after the industrial revolution, Krebsbach said.

"About 100 years ago, heart disease was virtually unknown, and today, it is the leading cause of death in America," he said.

"With the advent of industrialization, the advent of degenerative diseases came into being and they have gone up," So while modern agriculture techniques provide a greater abundance of food, there is not proportionately better health.

"While agriculture production capabilities have increased dramatically since World War II, American health and world health really have not increased," Krebsbach said.

Some members of the audience, made up mostly of Cal Poly agriculture professors and students, scoffed and refuted Krebsbach's statements.

Krebsbach went on to say, however, that what has increased is agriculture production capabilities. And side benefits for the consumer include a greater variety of food, the food we eat today looks better, and it takes less people to grow more, said Krebsbach.

"The move toward more organic food production on farms will occur, not because organically grown is necessarily better for the consumer, but because of consumer demand.

"More farmers will use less chemicals if there is profit in it," Krebsbach said.
Ag Awareness Day is here again

Club info booths and displays draw attention in U.U.

By Kenn Easland

While Poly Royal may be the time when campus clubs and organizations display their information, 12 Cal Poly agriculture clubs set up display and information booths yesterday in the University Union.

"We call it Agriculture Awareness Day, but we need more than one day," said Marion Nesburn, chairperson for Agriculture Awareness Day. "It isn't enough exposure for students who want to talk to the clubs, so we're hoping to have it last several days next year."

The club members who participated in Agriculture Awareness Day think of it as a warm-up for Poly Royal.

"It's a time when our clubs can answer students' questions; give them facts, not just speculation and give out information on how to join their clubs," Patterson said.

Some of the campus clubs that set up displays were:
- The Soil Club/Soil & Water Conservation Club displayed literature and offered demonstrations on soil erosion and the importance of proper ground tilling.
- The Veterinary Science Club was answering questions on the veterinarian's role in the livestock industry, the prevention of Lyme disease, supposedly carried by some ticks, why puppy vaccinations are important, and why keeping your dog on a leash is important. They also are having an annual photo contest for the funniest picture, the best picture, and the ugliest picture. For more information, call 545-9233.
- The Ornamental Horticulture Club emphasized the importance of water conservation, and that the lack of water doesn't mean the lack of green plants. For water conservation, they recommend putting a plastic bottle in the toilet tank with an inch or two of sand or pebbles in.

The Ornamental Horticulture Club shows that the drought does not mean an end to green plants.

T-SHIRT

From page 3 to USC, UC Santa Barbara and Chico State and said they aren't sure exactly how much money they've made.

"We invest our money so we can make as much as possible," said Nesburn. "All I can say is we need a lot more, and students are usually willing to help our cause."

Their "cause" usually is not questioned. Self-acclaimed anthropic consumer Jay Austin, a senior physics major, said, "I don't care where the money goes as long as I get my t-shirt."

The two men said they stay friends while traveling, but ran into some difficulty when they came to San Luis Obispo. Bates explained that on their first night here, they didn't have a place to stay, so they walked into an open classroom in one of the science buildings and slept there.

"It was actually pretty humorous," said Bates. "We brought in our popcorn maker and our stereo, exercised and munched out. We kept talking about how funny it would be to get caught."

Solicitation and sleeping in classrooms are not allowed on the Cal Poly campus, said Public Safety Investigator Ray Berrett. Berrett said Public Safety would have to receive a complaint for any action to be taken.

"Selling t-shirts without permission is not a criminal offense, it's just a violation of university rules," said Barrett. "If a complaint was filed, the men would receive a citation which would include a fine."

Bates and Nesburn said they plan to leave San Luis Obispo on Friday afternoon.

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The next term starts June 4, 1990, and an orientation meeting for those interested will be held on Friday, April 20th., at Cal Poly in rm. 292 of Fischer Science hall. For more information call 735-2754 today!

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CORVALLIS, Ore. (AP) —
Woodsy Owl and his "Give a Hoot, Don't Pollute" refrain are the latest victims in the battle between loggers and environmentalists to save the spotted owl.

Smoky Bear will continue to visit schools near the Siuslaw National Forest as an anti-fire crusader. But his pal Woody won't be coming along.

"Right now is not the time to have Woody in the limelight," said Noem Hesseidahl, public affairs officer for the forest. "The emotions are running pretty high on the spotted owl issue right now."

Hesseidahl said Wednesday the decision to keep Woody out of the schools was made in conjunction with the state Department of Forestry, which co-sponsors the visits.

Also discussed. Although no decision has been made, if this happens RA's will register for classes with athletes and disabled students.

Agriculture

"If students miss the displays and demonstrations, they'll be able to see us at Poly Royal," Patterson said.

"We're trying to take a positive approach to a subject that can be kind of ugly or disheartening," Schacht said.

Like Brody, Schacht emphasized stopping the abuse before it occurs. "We're supposed to be there to prevent serious situations from happening," she said. Besides contributing to the the Council, Schacht also works regularly as the director of the San Luis Obispo Child Development Center.

Overall, both Brody and Schacht seemed optimistic about the progress of their fight against child abuse.

"There's always hope for the future," Schacht said. "That's part of the beauty of working with kids."

Brody expressed similar feelings. "We have lofty goals that we're trying to be realistic about," she said.

Most of all, though, Brody clearly emphasized the need for people to get involved in the campaign against child abuse. And in a county where an average of 2,000 cases of abuse are reported each year, she said, that is a campaign no one can afford to take lightly.

For more information on the issue of child abuse, call the San Luis Obispo County Child Abuse Prevention Council at 805-543-5216.
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Sports Calendar

Friday, April 13

- Women's Gymnastics vs. Colorado Springs — The women will be in Colorado Springs, Colo., for the Division II national championship. The meet is ranked first in the nation at the Division II level. The meet continues through Saturday.

- Men's Gymnastics vs. CSU Bakersfield — The men also will be competing in Colorado Springs for the Division II national championship. Cal Poly is the only school at nationals being represented by two teams.

- Women's Tennis vs. CSU Bakersfield — The CCAA match begins at 2 p.m. in Bakersfield.

- Softball vs. UC Riverside — The Mustangs will host the Highlanders at Cal Poly beginning at 1:30 p.m.

- Lacrosse vs. UC Davis — Cal Poly rounds out its regular-season play in Davis. The match starts at 7 p.m.

- Women's Water Polo — The Mustangs will be at UC San Diego for the Collegiate Qualifying Tournament. The tournament runs through Sunday.

Saturday, April 14

- Men's Tennis vs. CU Los Angeles — Cal Poly plays its first of two weekend matches at Cal Poly. Matches get underway at 10 a.m.

- Women's Tennis vs. CU Los Angeles — The Mustangs will battle the Golden Eagles at the Cal Poly tennis courts in CCAA play. Matches begin at 2 p.m.

- Track — Athletes from both teams will split up this weekend. Some will be at CU Los Angeles for a meet against CU Los Angeles, CU Northridge and CSU Bakersfield. The others will travel to Eugene, Ore., to compete against Oregon, Georgetown and Washington State.

- Softball vs. CSU Dominguez Hills — The Mustangs second CCAA home game in two days begins at noon.

- Cycling — The Wheelmen will be in Davis Saturday for road races and Sunday for a criterium. Some team members will travel south to race at Northbridge.

Sunday, April 15

- Men's Tennis vs. Sonoma State — The men begin a non-conference match at the Cal Poly tennis courts at noon.

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