Rash of flashing on campus
Students report two incidents of exposure

By Leslie Morris

A man allegedly exposed himself to two females Monday evening in the Robert E. Kennedy Library, said a Public Safety investigator. The suspect, who wandered around the library looking at books, was reported to have exposed himself in the Robert E. Kennedy Library, said a Public Safety investigator.

The police were called to both incidents. In another exposure incident, a man exposed himself to students on Jan. 21 in the parking lot behind the Health Center. The San Luis Obispo Police Department chased the suspect but lost him.

Man allegedly bares self to 2 sororities on Foothill Blvd.

In another exposure incident, a man allegedly exposed himself and fondled his genitals outside of a dormitory house on Foothill Blvd. around noon. Police said the suspect was wearing a blue shirt, white shorts and a black backpack. He was last seen entering the dormitory house.

Convicts running amok?

How do you feel about the California Men's Colony being so close to Poly? Find out what some students think.

In INSIGHT...

One Cal Poly student tells about his struggle with mental illness and how two local doctors attempt to explain it.

Bicycle bonanza...

That seemingly innocuous bike regulation might result in some citations beginning next week. Find out why.

Council delays decision on city's noise ordinance

Student task force to write new draft

By Leslie Morris

Yet another noise ordinance is in the works by the city of San Luis Obispo. At the Jan. 16 City Council meeting, student supporters said the council's hasty revision of the ordinance was too vague and vowed to write their own.

The Feb. 6 council meeting — the original target date — was too soon to construct a thorough revision, explained ASI President Ricardo Echeverria. The Student/Community Liaison Committee, a group composed of students and other community members, is assigning a task force to rewrite the ordinance declared unconstitutional in December and revised a month later.

"This is an important issue," Echeverria said. "What constitutes a noise violation? It's not black and white ... we would rather see it clear cut." Mayor Ron Dunin says this is a high priority for him because the relationship between students and the rest of the community is crucial. "This is an emotional issue ... the emotions have to be taken out of it," Dunin said. "People have to be willing to adjust on both sides."

"We have to adopt an ordinance that is both practical and enforceable," Dunin said. "It has to be balanced and not skewed toward students or the community."

Councilmember Bill Roalman, who supported the revision, said he envisioned it as a "stop-gap" measure until a new ordinance could be written. He said he thinks the council will be open to considering the new ordinance.

"I can see the need for changing it to be more equitable so everyone can put into it," Roalman said.

But Councilmember Penny Rappa said she is happy with the revised ordinance and doesn't think it is necessary to consider a new one. "The council has a huge number of major issues we have to prioritize," Rappa said. "I don't think it's a priority for me."

Students have been evaluating professors at Cal Poly for 18 years. Those evaluation policies have not changed in the last 16 years.

Additional sections of a course taught by the professor are not required to be evaluated. Results are shown to professors only after grades are issued to students. Tenured professors only after grades are issued to students. Tenured professors only after grades are issued to students.

"I have a strong feeling about our faculty's teaching skills," James Murphy said Friday. "It's not as good as it should be."

Business major Dean Gason agreed with Murphy. "Some professors are professional, and I have no gripes about that," said Gason. "They know their stuff, but they don't know how to teach it appropriately."

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Opinion

Poly lacks geographic diversity

By Mark Sisson

Cal Poly’s “Unity Through Diversity” theme was really tough for me to swallow. I realize I missed the original force over last year’s Poly Royal theme by about 10 months. And I also realize a plethora of articles already have been written about the fact that the Cal Poly student body has all the ethnic diversity of a slice of Wonder bread. But I feel the need to write instead about Poly’s lack of geographic diversity.

Perhaps you have asked yourself these questions: Why is Poly made up of 99.9 percent in-state students? Why hasn’t the administration even considered highly-qualified out-of-state students from the past and instead made room for often mediocre men and women who happen to live in California?

I think the administration felt it had so many in-state applicants, it couldn’t consider out-of-state students. This process has handicapped the university as a whole and Poly students as individuals.

Cal Poly has not just been along with a poor state university system policy. Mon, if not all, other University of California and California State University schools admit students based on merit, not place of residence. The Cal Poly administration deliberately chose to exclude out-of-state students from its student body and, by doing so, shot itself in the foot.

But wait a minute, you say, wouldn’t out-of-state unfairly get the benefits of my parent’s hard-earned tax dollars? Fear not; those few out-of-staters who slip into Cal Poly pay through the nose in extra tuition.

Cal Poly has the ability to attract high-caliber applicants from all over the country. Keeping these people out has only hurt this school. Think how much more exciting it would be to learn your roommate is from Atlanta or Chicago or Honolulu instead of Bakerfield or Fresno.

You always hear graduates must understand today’s global economy to succeed in the real world. Does the administration think it has done students a favor by sending them out of here believing the world revolves around California?

Take a look in the back of your Cal Poly catalog at the faculty listing sometime. It’s heartening to note the tremendous variety in the backgrounds of Poly’s professors.

Now imagine what Cal Poly would be like if the administration only hired teachers who received their degrees in California. Think for a second how many of the best professors here would never get the chance to teach you anything.

The new policy at Cal Poly designed to make out-of-state applicants more competitive with Californians is a step in the right direction. I hereby challenge President Warren Baker to enforce it and admit students based on merit. I can think of no better way to improve Poly.

Mark Sisson is a civil engineering sophomore.
Democrats see new taxes in proposed budget

Say user fees, ‘revenue raisers’, may invite more

WASHINGTON (AP) — To hear some members of Congress tell it, President George Bush’s “revenue raisers” budget just may have set the stage for a $20 billion tax increase this year.

As the administration launched a defense of its tax and spending blueprint Tuesday, influential Democratic legislators said they viewed the Bush budget as an open invitation to raise taxes given the fact that Bush included a number of “revenue raisers” in his own budget.

Both House Budget Committee Chairman James Sasser, D-Tenn., and Senate Budget Committee Chairman James Sasser, D-Tenn., said they were willing to accept Bush’s proposal to raise revenues by $21.7 billion.

But Panetta and Sasser also said that Congress was likely to radically alter the mix of programs proposed by the president to obtain that additional money.

“Reduction in the deficit in half without raising taxes,” Bush said. “Unfortunately, in Bush’s budget, it is not legitimately achieved.”

While the president proclaimed that his 1991 spending plan would slash the deficit in half “without raising taxes,” the budget actually included a hodgepodge of increases in taxes and user fees that would bring in an additional $21.7 billion in the 1991 fiscal year, which starts next October.

The Bush budget proposes $15.7 billion in new tax revenue, which is offset by $1.8 billion in tax cuts.

In addition, the president proposes raising $5.6 billion in new user fees charged for providing government services, $1.6 billion in the sale of government assets and $600 million in other new receipts, bringing the total to $21.7 billion.

Critics of the Bush budget charge that the administration has recycled a variety of proposals, many dating back to the Reagan administration, that Congress has rejected in the past.

One proposal is to assess federal Social Security taxes on state and local government employees in the handful of states who are not now covered by the levy, a $3.8 billion revenue raiser that Bush unsuccessfully sought last year.

Other proposed revenue increases would extend the soon-to-expire 3 percent tax on long distance telephone calls, increase the tax on airline tickets from 8 percent to 10 percent and pick up $2.5 billion by beefed up enforcement at the Internal Revenue Service.

Bush’s biggest revenue raiser for next year is actually a tax cut, the proposed reduction in the capital gains tax, the levy on profits made from the sale of assets such as stocks or real estate.

Bush estimates that would bring in $4.9 billion in additional money in 1991 as people rushed to sell assets to take advantage of the lower tax, but critics charge that the proposal would lose money in later years because of the lower tax bite.

Panetta suggested that Congress might consider compromising on the capital gains cut sought by Bush if the president was willing to consider tax increases in other areas, possibly a higher top tax rate for individuals or a boost in energy taxes.

Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady told reporters Tuesday that the administration was optimistic about the chances for getting a reduction in capital gains passed this year after failing to do so in 1988.

“All of the comments I have heard by returning congressmen and senators indicate to me that they think it has even a better chance” this year, Brady said.

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California’s traffic is increasing twice as fast as population growth, said a study commissioned by the California Highway Network.

The specter of daily vehicle gridlock in and around major growth areas in the state was dangled over each session.

California can expect to have 23.8 million licensed drivers by the year 2000, while the number of registered vehicles leaps to 33.5 million people, the study said.

If the state cannot find money to build the highway network, Bay Area Council.

For More Information Contact Jeannie Bolander 549-0800
When I call Mom, she either wants to talk art or football. Usually football!

N. Carolina man disputes his own death

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C. (AP) — A1 Denoncour survived three wars, but the federal bureaucracy has killed him off with paperwork.

Mary Denoncour got the notice in the mail Saturday: "My wife opened the letter and said 'What is this? What is this?' I said, 'What is it?' She said, 'Read it. They've got you dead.'"

The letter, from the Treasury Department, said Mrs. Denoncour owed the government $508, the amount of her husband's January Social Security check. It said the check was mailed before Denoncour died on Dec. 31.

"I survived World War II, Korea and two tours in Vietnam," Denoncour said. "Then I come out here and this happens."

Denoncour, 69, retired from the Army in 1969 and has taught energy conservation at Fayetteville Technical Community College for about 15 years.

"I called my superior and told him I couldn't teach a class Monday. He asked why. I said, 'Well, I'm deceased.' He just laughed," he said.

He made sure his military retirement benefits weren't affected, then traced the mistake to the Social Security Administration.

"They're the ones that pulled the boo-boo," he said.

The mistake is unusual, an official said.

"It happens rarely. We pay 38 million people every month and about 99 percent are paid correctly and on time," said Darryl Mull, public affairs officer for the Social Security Administration's office in Atlanta.

"He'll get paid next month," Mull said. "It might not be right on time, but he'll be paid sometime shortly after that."

"We'll take every action needed to get him paid timely and get him back in current benefit status," he added.

Denoncour is not so confident.

"It's going to be one heck of a mess," he said. "They're already giving my wife her (widow's) benefits."

"By the time they get through messing with it, it will take years and years," he said. "They'll bug me about it. Social Security is like that."

Eight men arrested in FBI sting for dealing stolen Levi 501 jeans

KISSIMMEE, Fla. (AP) — Eight men have been arrested in an undercover sting operation and charged with dealing in stolen jeans, which agents said were destined for European markets at inflated prices.

The buyers expected to receive 200,000 pairs of stolen Levi 501 jeans initially, with an additional 200,000 pairs monthly, said agents of the Florida Department of Law Enforcement.

"Levi 501 jeans are a hot item in the United States and worth even more in Europe," said agent Mike Brick.

Investigators said the pants that sell here for $30-$35 bring $55 or more in Italy.

Brick said Monday that the agents conducted the operation after a clothing broker asked an undercover agent where he could get large quantities of the jeans for resale overseas.

Agents made it clear to the buyers that the jeans were stolen from a Levi company distribution center, he said.

The defendants could face 5- to 30-year prison terms.
Local experts seek to explain...

Mental illness.

In our society, those four syllables often conjure up visions of hopelessly incurable "nut cases." People who have "lost it" or can't cope. People who are weak — incurable "nut cases." People who have "lost it." And yet a mental illness is something that is still not talked about readily, and it is still hidden, and it is still something that people are ashamed of.

Depression — not to be confused with the occasional "blues" that everyone feels at one time or another — is the most common mental illness.

According to the American Psychiatric Association (APA), 20 percent of the U.S. population will suffer from depression at some point in life. From that group, 20 to 35 percent develop chronic depression that destroys normal life and often leads to suicide or attempted suicide, as in John's case.

An imbalance of neurotransmitters such as serotonin and norepinephrine — natural biochemicals that allow the brain cells to communicate with each other — causes depression.

Scientists believe an imbalance of serotonin causes high anxiety, irritability and insomnia — what John suffered from. And an imbalance of norepinephrine results in fatigue and loss of all motivation.

Medications exist that can balance the chemicals in the brain, but 80 percent of the people that have depression fail to recognize it as a medical illness and don't seek out help, according to the APA.

The main reason for this is the cultural stigma attached to mental illness that started long ago, when the mentally ill were stashed away in insane asylums, said Dr. Gary Stanwyck, a psychiatrist and neurologist who runs a private practice in San Luis Obispo and started, along with two other doctors, the Central Coast Psychiatric Center at French Hospital.

"There were tremendous value judgments made that somehow mental disorders were a product of weak character or lack of personal strength of an individual," Stanwyck said.

"That if you didn't pull yourself up by your boot straps when you were in the midst of all of these things, then you were really not a strong person. I think a great deal of this still goes on today."

Stanwyck said most mental health workers are making a strong effort to educate people that depression is a medical illness.

Unfortunately, he added, there are still some mental health workers who don't realize this.

"Perhaps they haven't been trained that way or they can't intervene in themselves," Stanwyck said.

Insight
SUICIDE

From page 5
someone had told him this could happen he would have laughed and brushed it off. But it happened.
John said it’s impossible to explain the horror that life was for him. But he tried.
“Imagine the anxiety you have before taking a crucial final, and then multiply it five times,” he said.
And twice as hard as before the anxiety, but his grades
“Am I not the only one of his favorite pastimes, because he had trouble
And then imagine it being there
And the anxiety level rose even higher. He knew he needed help, that this "virus" wasn’t going
"I feel I’ve been granted a new lease on life," he said.
Professional help should be sought if you or someone you know has these symptoms nonstop for more than two weeks:

-noticeable change in appetite with either significant weight loss or weight gain.
-noticeable change in sleeping patterns such as insomnia, fitful sleep or sleeping too much.
-loss of interest in activities formerly enjoyed.
-loss of energy, fatigue.

Stanwyck and Shaiken said depression is often passed on
together. Stanwyck has effectively treated entire families with
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Stanwyck and Shaiken said men often
self-medicate themselves with alcohol and other drugs.
"They work well in the sense that it takes away some of the
self-medicate themselves with alcohol and other drugs.
"In the future they will be
diagnosing panic attacks and
depression are good, but they are not
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Poly business seminar to feature 26 speakers, forums, discussions

By Glenn Horn

Students wanting to sneak a peek into the corporate business world will get their chance at the Poly business seminar to feature executives, many of whom are Cal Poly alumni.

"We invite them to come and basically lecture and discuss issues," said Seminar Chair Scott Bary. "We try to get executives whose backgrounds or jobs complement classes."

The seminar will host 11 more speakers than last year.

L.A. offers $3 million for damaged homes

August police raid 'got out of control,' says police chief

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Attorneys for residents whose belongings were damaged during a police raid on their apartments were mulling a city offer of $3 million settlement in a 1984 lawsuit.

Damage included spray-painted walls with slogans including "LAPD Rules." Destruction was extensive and victims wereSequence่อยตามที่ได้รับ:

By Glenn Horn

"I got a real good response... of about 30 percent" from invited executives, "We have. Many of the executives "feel that college did not prepare them sufficiently for the real world."

"Most of them are coming with the attitude, 'hey, I really want to give the students something that I needed to know when I went to school,' " Biry said.

The keynote speaker will be William Schrannhagens, corporate controller for Lucasfilm Ltd.; Cheryl Birch, scheduling analyst for MCA Inc./Universal T.V.; and Gary Ann Douglass, chief financial officer for MCA Records.

"Students will be able to talk with the executives at a cocktail reception from 6 to 7:30 p.m., Feb. 5 at the Madonna Inn Garden Room.

"Many of the executives "feel that 1 needed to know when 1 went to school," Biry said. "But once they do," he added, "we're sure there have been incidents that have not been adequately for the real world."

"We're sure there have been other incidences that have not been reported," said Biry, who is investigating the case. He said the suspect had been reported to police twice, but was not arrested.

"But once they do," he added, "we get right on it to put a stop to it so every one can live comfortably."

"The victims from Monday's incident said they would be able to recognize the suspect if they saw him again, so police are hoping that students will report similar incidents," Biry said. He said that anyone with information about the suspect should call Public Safety at 735-2281, or for emergencies, call 735-2222.

Career Planning Workshop presents "CREATE YOUR OWN CAREER" Three Sessions: Feb. 6, 13, 20 3:00-5:00 p.m.

Counseling Center

Please Call 756-2511 to Pre-Register

Strong winds cause huge swells in N. California

A strong offshore gale from the north whipped up 20-foot waves along the North Coast on Tuesday and was expected to bring more high swells as it continued to move south.

At Crescent City, about 15 miles south of the Oregon border, the 38 mph winds sent waves crashing up against the Battery Point Lighthouse, said Ann Wood, clerk at the Crescent City Harbor District.

"It's a spectacular sight," she said. "This is a rather irregular storm."

Sunny skies alternated with dark, "ominous" skies and hail, said Wood, who estimated that winter swells of 8 to 10 feet are more common.

In Yreka, a 12-foot section of Interstate 5 was reported closed due to a series of accidents caused by the quick-hitting winter storm that dumped several inches of snow in Northern California and southern Oregon.

California Highway Patrol Officer Dan Renner said no one was seriously injured in the accidents. He also said that Caltrans crews were working to clear the road by the end of the day. It was uncertain when it would reopen.

The U.S. Coast Guard issued small craft advisories for waters within 60 miles of the North Coast and gale warnings for boats starting out.

"It's pretty rough offshore north of San Francisco. It's starting to pick up all the way north of here," said Petty Officer Justin Wood at the Coast Guard station near Humboldt Bay.

While there had not been any reports of boats lost or capsized because of the weather, the rough seas were forcing some crafts to wait out the storm before entering area harbors, he said.

Waves along the North Coast ranged from 15 to 20 feet during the day, and offshore buoys recorded waves of more than 30 feet, according to the National Weather Service.

"The current is out of the gale, which first hit California late Monday, was expected to continue south along the Central Coast during the day. Sea heights of 5 to 10 feet were reported there during the day but were expected to reach at least 15 feet by Tuesday evening.

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Califorina Gold Fitness and Health Club

Mustang Daily Wednesday, Jan. 31, 1990
Bikers, beware

Police to cite inner campus riders next week

By Brandon K. Engle
Staff Writer

Public Safety began issuing warnings Monday to students caught riding their bikes on campus streets marked restricted.

"This week we will be issuing warnings," said Lt. Leroy Whitmer of Public Safety. "Next week we will be issuing citations."

A citation could cost more than $50 in fines, said Whitmer.

One officer will be on patrol on Poly View Drive — the inner perimeter road on campus — to make sure that bikes are walked, not ridden.

Campus rules state that bicycles are not allowed on Poly View Drive. Bicycles are still allowed through the center of campus on Via Carta in the green lane.

Police say bicycle thefts are up

By Brandon K. Engle
Staff Writer

Students who use bicycles on campus should also be aware that bike theft is on the rise since late last year.

Thefts have been "non-stop since the beginning of the year," said Ray Berrett, investigator for Public Safety.

Last year $30,000 to $40,000 worth of bikes were stolen from campus. They often are stripped and the parts are sold.

"People are not using the U-bolt locks effectively," said Berrett. "They'll lock the front wheel of the bicycle to the bike rack or other solid object."

He said bike thieves release the front wheel and take the bicycle. Then they take the front wheel off, exchange it and ride away, Berrett said.

Bike thefts most often occur during the evening hours and on weekends. Over the last year Sierra Madre Hall, Yosemite Hall and the Robert E. Kennedy Library have been the target of frequent bike theft.

Bicycles are not to be ridden on sidewalks and should preferably be locked properly in provided bike racks.

Safe cycling book in works

With bicycle thefts increasing and with limitations on where cyclists can and cannot ride bikes, one might be inclined to ask if there is anything positive for cyclists at Cal Poly. The answer is yes, according to a Cal Poly Wheelman.

Greg McGuffey, a 27-year-old physical education senior, is creating a booklet on safe riding techniques and rules of the road.

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Thieves aren't just stealing bikes — they are stealing seats, wheels, handle bars, chains and derailleurs.

"One person had his bike totally disassembled behind the dorm — they left the frame, (but) everything else that was not U-bolt locked was taken," said Berrett.

Bicyclists who do not stop when asked by a Public Safety officer will be arrested for evading an officer.

Bicycles are not to be ridden on sidewalks and should preferably be locked properly in provided bike racks.

See SAFETY, page 9

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Malaysia builds electrified fences

Hopes to stop charging elephants from trampling crops

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia (AP) - The government has built more than 600 miles of electrically charged fences to keep wild elephants from destroying crops, a newspaper said Tuesday.

The government is believed to have killed the animals but only to scare them away from the plantation, said Mohamed Hamid, director-general of the Department of Wildlife.

The problem is a result of Malaysia's expanding crops, which have driven more than 1,000 wild elephants off the jungle lands they once roamed.

As the land is cleared for oil palm, rubber and other crops, the elephants return in search of food and eat the crops, Mohamed told a reporter for the New Straits Times.

Since 1969, wild elephants have attacked more than $11 million damage to crops, said Mohamed.

He said his department has begun rounding up the elephants and driving them to areas far from the plantations, but up to 500 of the animals have yet to be caught.

Authorities built more than 600 miles of fences that carry enough of an electrical shock to drive the animals away but not kill them, he added.

Still, when they can find no other food, the elephants sometimes crash through the fences to get at crops, he said.

Trenches then run down the elephants, shoot them with tranquillizer guns and chain them to a solid object.

Flanked by two same elephants, the wild elephants then are coaxed onto trucks and moved to new locations.

SAFETY

From page 8

Safe bike rider — not just what the rules are but how those rules fit into the bigger picture," said McGuffey. "Basically you lose if you lock the bike to the frame and through the back wheel and lock it to a solid object. Berrett cautioned, however, that this leaves the back wheel exposed and they do get stolen as well.

One simple way of slowing bike thefts and increasing recovery rates is to have bikes registered. All bikes on campus have to be registered with the Public Safety.

"Students living off campus should register their bikes with the San Luis Obispo Police Department," he said.

"If a bike is stolen, it is important to report the incident to the police. Many students never report their bikes stolen, thus leaving the police department with a warehouse full of recovered bikes and bike parts."

"We have stacks of bikes that have been recovered," said Berrett. "I've got a brand new bicy­cle out here that was recovered. It's got the little nubs still left on the tires and it's never been reported stolen." He said the department can't return it to because the owner never registered the bike.

Recovered bikes are stored for six months. Bikes not picked up by their owners are then auc­tioned off.

"Ninety percent of the problems I see could be avoided," said McGuffey. "If people opened their eyes and didn't have Walkmans on their ears."

"Nobody's ever written down the fact that you need to keep your eyes open and listen to traf­fic," he said.

" safe bike rider — not just what the rules are but how those rules fit into the bigger picture," said McGuffey. "Basically you lose if you lock the bike to the frame and through the back wheel and lock it to a solid object. Berrett cautioned, however, that this leaves the back wheel exposed and they do get stolen as well.

One simple way of slowing bike thefts and increasing recovery rates is to have bikes registered. All bikes on campus have to be registered with the Public Safety.

"Students living off campus should register their bikes with the San Luis Obispo Police Department," he said.

"If a bike is stolen, it is important to report the incident to the police. Many students never report their bikes stolen, thus leaving the police department with a warehouse full of recovered bikes and bike parts."

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"Safe and considerate is what we want to see as people be out there," says McGuffey. "You have to be responsible for your actions.

The booklet will be available free to students by spring quarter. McGuffey also hopes to be able to provide seminars for students on how to develop pro­per riding techniques. No one has ever taken this approach to bike safety before, said McGuffey.

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SAFETY

From page 8

As the land is cleared for oil palm, rubber and other crops, the elephants return in search of food and eat the crops, Mohamed told a reporter for the New Straits Times.

Since 1969, wild elephants have attacked more than $11 million damage to crops, said Mohamed.

He said his department has begun rounding up the elephants and driving them to areas far from the plantations, but up to 500 of the animals have yet to be caught.

Authorities built more than 600 miles of fences that carry enough of an electrical shock to drive the animals away but not kill them, he added.

Still, when they can find no other food, the elephants sometimes crash through the fences to get at crops, he said.

Trenches then run down the elephants, shoot them with tranquillizer guns and chain them to a solid object.

Flanked by two same elephants, the wild elephants then are coaxed onto trucks and moved to new locations.

The fences are not designed to keep the elephants from destroying crops, which have forced the country's jungle lands they once roamed.

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The Pentagon's plan to close or scale back 72 U.S. military installations has riled officials in large cities and small towns. Targeted communities nationwide are mobilizing to "fight like the dickens" to avoid the cuts.

California would be the hardest hit under Defense Secretary Dick Cheney's proposal, with 10 bases — including Monterey's Fort Ord — employing more than 70,000 civilians and 22,000 civilian workers slated for closure or reductions.

But the closings also would hit hard in communities such as Charlestown, Ind., a southern Indiana town of 5,700 where the Defense Department plans to mothball a munitions plant and lay off 900 workers.

"It's the only place a lot of the people have worked," said Mayor Bob Brawell, who once worked as a security guard at the Indiana Army Ammunitions Plant.

"They've worked there all their lives.

In announcing his $292.1 billion fiscal 1991 spending plan Monday, Cheney called for Congress to "have the guts" to make tough decisions about closing military bases.

The response in affected communities came quickly.

Pennsylvania's two Republican U.S. senators, John Heinz and Arlen Specter, spoke up outside the Philadelphia Naval Shipyard, pledging to fight legislation recommending that the yard be closed.

California's Navy yard is a winner," said Sen. John Heinz, "we are going to keep it a winner. Anybody who is thinking of trying to make it a loser will find out they've got the wrong crowd here.

Some lawmakers accused the Republican administration of targeting military installations in Democratic districts.

Rep. Glen Browder, D-Ala., banded in his arts to save Fort McClellan, which officials said if closed would cost the Alabama area in eastern Alabama 2,700 military positions and 1,500 civilian jobs.

"If they are looking for a political fight, they've come to the right place. We're ready," said the freshman congressman, who defeated Republican John Rice last year in a special election to replace the late Bill Nichols.

California would bear the largest share of the cuts.

One of the bases that would be closed is the Alameda Naval Air Station, which has 8,300 service personnel and employs 5,100 civilians for a combined payroll of $340 million in the island city of 77,000 in the San Francisco Bay area.

"This is really a terrible thing to do," said Mayor Chuck Cortina of Monterey, who is in the process of laying off 70 people, "and we're not going to lay back and let it happen," said Mayor Chuck Cortina.

Cortina was going to fight like the dickens to keep this base open.

Fort Ord is home of the Army's Light Infantry Division, which helped invade Panama last month. The base is the largest possible closure in California would be Fort Ord near Monterey and the Long Beach Naval Sh )*d.

S. African police squelch protest

1,000 demonstrate against arrival of British cricketers

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa (AP) — Police used batons, rubber bullets and tear gas Tuesday to prevent 1,000 blacks from marching on a stadium to protest a boycotting English cricket team's match against a South African university team.

The cricket team's tour has caused confrontations everywhere place the visiting cricketers have appeared, including their hotels, where black employees refuse to serve them. The team is defining an international ban on sports contacts with South Africa.

There also were demonstrations by black squatters in recent political unrest in a powerful police must act to stop them.

An approved protest by about 500 people outside the stadium was allowed to go on undisturbed.

Police also fired tear gas at 150 black squatters protesting their eviction from Kraasnfontein, a neighborhood designated for whites outside Cape Town.

Police in Cape Town urged the public to stay out of the city center Wednesday and Friday "they are afraid of black violence and want to make the stadium a safe place," said Simons, who has 5,100 employees.

The stadium clash between police and blacks was at Bloemfontein, in the Orange Free State.

One policeman punched a black teenager in the chest with a baton, another pressed his truncheon against a black youth's neck to bring him down, as some demonstrators threw stones at police vehicles and erected burning tire barricades in the streets of Mangaung township.

Obied Nkosi, an organizer for the anti-apartheid National Sports Council, said 30 people were injured.

Police said 45 people were arrested and one white man was injured when his vehicle was stoned by protesters.

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The suits claim white teachers suffer lost earnings, including wages and benefits under the policies. Both suits seek a court order blocking the affirmative action practices and money damages to reimburse plaintiffs for lost wages and benefits. Attorney Robert E. Gymbert is representing plaintiffs in both lawsuits.

Representatives of both school districts failed to comment because they had not yet seen the lawsuits.

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