Cal Poly professors get six NSF grants for lab equipment

By Alison Skratt
Managing Editor

Six Cal Poly departments received almost $279,000 in grants from the National Science Foundation's 1988 Instrumentation and Laboratory Program to fund equipment for various labs across campus.

The program is in its fourth year. And Cal Poly has had an excellent record for the previous three, said Margaret Cardoza, director of grants development. Cal Poly had two grants in 1985, two in 1986 and three in 1987, totalling about $210,000.

So, she said, getting six grants this year, totalling more than the three years before, was quite an accomplishment.

Cal Poly's President Warren Baker was reappointed last year to the NSF's governing body, the National Science Board.

The grants, ranging from $15,000 to $100,000, will help enormously in stretching Cal Poly's equipment budget, said Cardoza. They will provide matching funds for new equipment in these departments: industrial engineering, biological sciences, natural resource management, metallurgical and materials engineering, electronic and electrical engineering and architecture.

This year's winning proposals are:
- $100,000 for a new, non-destructive evaluation facility for the metallurgical and materials engineering department. Professor Daniel Walsh wrote the proposal.
- $50,000 for a data acquisition, analysis and presentation system for the natural resources management department. Department head Norman Pillsbury's proposal secured the sum.
- $45,000 to complete an electron-optics laboratory that will allow for broadening courses in fiber optics, and creates new ones in electro-optical engineering. Professor Michael Wollman wrote the winning proposal for the electronic and electrical engineering department.
- $48,000 to initiate three core lab courses for the new biotechnology minor program. Professor Paul Cano wrote the proposal for the biological sciences department.
- $13,400 for a pneumatic automation simulator for the industrial engineering department. Professor K.N. Balasubramanian wrote the proposal.
- $14,600 to buy equipment for an architectural science lab. Professor Donald Wollard wrote the proposal for this grant for the architecture department.

Temporary shelter might close

By Christine C. Temple
Staff writer

If a permanent building location for a homeless shelter is not found by Oct. 31, the Salvation Army announced that it will fold the umbrella it has held over the San Luis Obispo homeless issue since Feb. 1.

The Salvation Army has been providing a small van to transport the homeless from City Hall to its one-way service at Division Avenue.

The shelter has an open fire and grill to heat canned foods, two 60-by-20 foot open trailers and 20 cots with blankets for overnight lodging. Without refrigeration, storage and washing facilities, the Salvation Army says it feels its efforts to provide humane protection have been crippled.

Of the two trailers provided, only one has electricity, said Site Director Jennifer Abbott, emphasizing that exposed electrical wires in the one trailer endanger nighttime users. Leaks in both trailers also cause the growth of mold and mildew, she said.

Abbott said the shelter would close if thoroughly inspected by health officials.

Captain Dan Hughes of the Salvation Army right Council members that because the health and safety of the program coordinators is at risk, he feels it is time to find a more permanent facility.

San Luis Obispo Coalition for the Homeless Chairman George Moylan said the community must find something workable that will continue to be supported.

"Any proposal in any zone does not specifically allow for a shelter...but this leaves an opening for legal problems," he said.

Moylan pointed out that there are only three options in dealing with the homeless issue.

"These people can either be eliminated, institutionalized, or sheltered," Moylan said. "The first went out with Hitler, the second is more than society is willing to pay and the third is one way of inexcusably confronting the problem." the Salvation Army with $17,172. An additional $18,000, only 14 percent of the Salvation Army's budget, will be given by the end of 1988. The county gave the Salvation Army $45,000 from November 1987 through June 1988 and will finish the year with another $39,750 allotment.

"We're doing the best we can, but we can't do it alone," Moylan said. "We have no authority to tell them what they can and cannot do," said Flynn.

Councilmembers last week concluded the discussion.

See HOMELESS, page 7

Panel: Dukakis wins small edge

WINSTON-SALEM, N.C. (AP) - George Bush and Michael Dukakis clashed over deficits, drugs and the Pledge of Allegiance in a cracking campaign debate Sunday night. Bush said, "I hope people don't think I'm questioning his patriotism," but Dukakis recorded that he was and added, "I resent it."

"Bush sought repeatedly in the 90-minute debate to depict Dukakis as a liberal Democrat who is "out of the mainstream," Dukakis challenged the vice president's judgment and ticked off a string of what he called Reagan administration failures, with emphasis on the Iran-Contra affair.

He said it was a "tragedy" for the president to sell arms to Iran in exchange for hostages, and said Bush had threatened to stop city support of the program.

"The population of San Luis Obispo is becoming hostage to this small group of people," said Dukakis.

Dukakis also threatened to stop city support of the program.

"We're doing the best we can, but we can't do it alone," Moylan said. "We have no authority to tell them what they can and cannot do," said Flynn.

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See HOMELESS, page 7

Inside
Ecology plus economics equals environment. See Commentary page 3.
New b淋ima research sheds light on treatment. See page 4.
Olympian Ben Johnson stripped of his gold medal. See Spgts page 5.

Poly students watch hopefuls' first debate

By Tara Glaumvlo
Staff writer

About 20 members of the Young Democrats turned out at Osoos Street's Rose and Crown to "make people aware of the issues," said Tom Ferraro, president of the organization.

"I'm quite serious...about knowing what's going on," said Shara Peters, Young Democrat president and coordinator of the debate.

The Democratic Central Committee of San Luis Obispo sponsored the event at Rose and Crown to "make people aware of the issues," said Tom Ferraro, president of the organization.

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Round one: Won?

Round one of this great presidential boxing match is over, and the uproar over his use of family evidence that he accomplished anything as an attorney.

Besides Quayle's assertion that he joined the National Guard to go to law school as soon as possible, he did not go to law school right away. He did not meet Indiana University law school's academic requirements. They refused to take him in, which is extremely important to me.

When I first started at Cal Poly, in fall 1986, I was immediately struck by how few minority students attend this school. As I walked around the campus my first few days here, I kept looking for Hispanic, Black and Asian students but I mostly saw were white students.

I had a hard time adjusting to this since I came from a university that was much more racially diverse than Cal Poly. I attended the University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kan., where students from Mexico, South America, the Middle East, Africa, Asia and the United States learned and lived together. Mexicans, Nicaraguans, Africans, Chinese, Koreans and students from many other countries and from here learned about each other by studying, partying and living together. I learned quite a bit about myself and about other races when I lived with a black student from Kansas City, Kan., and, later, with a student from Cuba.

I did not realize when I applied to Cal Poly that it was for the most part an all-white university. But I soon realized it after my first week here.

Granted, there are minority students attending school here, but they are few in number. When I last worked for the Mustang Daily, as the minority affairs reporter, there were about 72 white students for every black student. I doubt that number has changed very much since then.

By attending school here, students are being deprived of real education: how to get along with, take the place of, minorities who come from a different racial background and culture than themselves. When white students graduate from Cal Poly, they will have to learn to put their own way down to get along with clients, customers, co-workers and other minorities.

Has Cal Poly failed in teaching its white students about other cultures and races by having so few minority students attend this school? I think so. By lacking in the cultural diversity found in other universities, Cal Poly is depriving its students of an important, and essential, aspect of college education — learning how to accept others by talking, socializing and learning together.

I know many people at Cal Poly are working hard to increase the number of minority students on campus, but they are facing an uphill battle. Some of the students I've talked with, and I'm cer­tain other minority students feel the same, feel out of place and unwelcome on this campus sometimes, simply because they are a different race. It would be difficult, if not impossible, for recruiters to drastically increase the minority pop­ulation on campus because minority high school students realize how few blacks, Hispanics and Asians attend Cal Poly. How can you sell minority students on this school if you can't guarantee them they will feel welcome or have a large support network of other minorities.

It disturbs me when I hear white students ques­tion how minority students can get into school here. I've heard white students say Blacks and other minorities only get into Cal Poly because of minority quotas. How ignorant, cruel and small-minded can students be? I hope that is not the prevailing attitude white students hold toward minority students. When I see blacks, Hispanics and Asians on campus I do not question they fact that they are here. Instead I wish there were more minority students like them here.

The next time you are walking to class in a sea of white students think about what you are missing out on by attending Cal Poly.

Poly: cultural wasteland

The financial and editorial backing of his father got Quayle elected to the House in 1976. With plane tickets and lacking of his uncle's Indianapolis newspapers he became a U.S. senator in 1980.

Voters have an opportunity to beat Bush and Quayle in November. Dan Quayle is another example of the intelec­tually bankrupt yuppie scorn the country club Republicans are trying to foil on the American public as a poor excuse for leadership. The voters can see through their good-taste, two-shoes facade and trite cliches.

Jim Sensmyer Connecticut

no matter what, they would hire someone who knew what he was doing. "But typically he would get drunk on Saturday night," another old-timer said.

When Quayle was elected to the House in 1976, he became a U.S. senator in 1980. His father was a conservative senator in Indiana and Quayle's father got Quayle elected to the House in 1976.

Despite Quayle's assertion that he joined the National Guard to go to law school as soon as possible, he did not go to law school right away. He did not meet Indiana University law school's academic requirements. They refused to take him in, which is extremely important to me.

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对学生来说，在‘60s和‘70s里还有超过任何其他领域的人参与了美国的环境运动，这是一个全新的思考方式，无人能不胜其重。

这一运动的灵感来自我的一本书《Environomics》，这本书探讨了经济学和环境问题。

在这里，我们有了一些例子。

- 将核能和环境问题结合。价格-Anderson的《以环境问题为中心的政策制定》限制了某些产业的环境破坏。
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- 通过竞争来降低环境破坏。
- 环境破坏的减少，有助于增加就业。
- 环境破坏的减少，有助于增加健康。
- 环境破坏的减少，有助于增加经济。

环境经济学在推动环保运动中的作用，是一个复杂的问题。然而，我们已经看到一些成果。

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- 环境破坏的减少，有助于增加健康。
- 环境破坏的减少，有助于增加经济。

正是这些因素的结合，使得环境经济学成为可能。因此，我们应该关注环境经济学，因为它有助于解决环境问题。
Bulimia linked to hormone level

By Laura Fleischer
Staff Writer

The results of a study on bulimia published in the Sept. 15 issue of the New England Journal of Medicine will not affect the treatment of bulimia victims at Cal Poly, said a mental health nurse at the Cal Poly Health Center.

The study, conducted by Drs. Rodger Liddle and Thomas Geraciotti Jr. concluded that there is an association between women suffering from bulimia and a gastrointestinal hormone which induces a feeling of fullness.

"What we have at this point is an association where bulimics have low levels of a hormone," Liddle said in a telephone interview. "It's the first indication that there may be a hormonal abnormality involved. Bulimia is certainly a very complicated illness."

Bulimia, an eating disorder characterized by uncontrollable binge eating, is estimated to affect one in 10 to one in six college women ages 18 to 24.

In the study, 14 bulimics were compared to a 10-member control group. Those suffering from bulimia were found to have lower levels of the hormone cholecystokinin than those in the control group.

Rita Rich, mental health nurse at the Cal Poly Health Center, said she feels that although the study's conclusion is based on legitimate facts, it is generally inconclusive at this time due to the limited number of people tested.

"I think that it is probably something we need to continue to look at," Rich said.

The study also found that antidepressant treatment helped some bulimics and raised their levels of the hormone.

"There are a number of women who are depressed as well as bulimic, but that isn't true with all of them," Rich said.

Rich said she feels that factors in the cause of the disease can be sociological as well as psychological and are frequently related to poor self-esteem.

The treatment of bulimic students at Cal Poly includes nutritional assessment and planning, a physical exam, individual counseling, group counseling and in some cases, antidepressants.

Liddle said there are still many unanswered questions as to why the hormone level was low to begin with and why it improved with antidepressants.

"We need to look at a larger number of patients ... at other treatments ... at patients with other types of eating disorders," Liddle said.
‘Terminator’ Carey
Defensive stalwart

Tom Carey, defensive lineman for the Cal Poly Mustangs, was named the Western Football Conference’s Defensive Player of the Week.

The 6-2, 233-pound senior, had 11 tackles Saturday night against Angelo State, seven of which were solo and several that were for 50 negative yards.

Big Ben Busted

SEOUl, South Korea (AP) —
Canadian Olympic champion Ben Johnson tested positive for anabolic steroids after breaking the world record in the 100-meter dash, the International Olympic Committee’s medical commission said Tuesday. Johnson’s manager said it was a mistake or sabotage.

Dr. Gustavo Tuccimei, president of the Italian Sports Doctors Association and a member of the medical commission, said the IOC executive board was to decide Tuesday on what action to take.

“We do not know what happened and how it happened, but apparently somebody has sabotaged Ben and we will find out who it was and how it was done.”

Johnson won his long-awaited showdown with American rival Carl Lewis on Saturday in an astonishing 9.79 seconds, four-hundredths of a second under his world record set at the 1987 world championships in Rome. Lewis was second in an American-record 9.92 seconds.

If Johnson is disqualified, it could open the way for Lewis to be awarded the gold medal, reviving his bid to win an unprecedented four gold medals in two successive Olympics.

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From page 1

The vice president replied, "Yes, we shouldn't trade arms for hostages, but we have made vast improvements in our anti-terrorism." Some hostages were freed during the arms dealing with Iran, but others were seized and nine Americans remain in captivity.

A question about Republican vice presidential candidate Dan Quayle brought another heated exchange. Bush defended his youthful running mate, said he had been subjected to unfair speculation and added, "he has my confidence." Dukakis guessed that "for most people the notion of President Quayle is a very, very troubling notion."

The vice president and the Massachusetts governor shook hands at center stage before the debate and again after. "Good job," Dukakis said to his Republican rival after their 90-minute clash.

Both men then headed for post-debate rallies.

"I enjoyed it. I thought it was a good night," said Dukakis. Asked if he won, he replied, "People seemed to be pretty enthusiastic."

Bush campaign chairman James A. Baker III said, "The vice president did an extraordinarily good job in our opinion." He said he thought Bush "reinforced the differences we've been talking about.

The combatants argued their case a little more than six weeks before Election Day from behind wooden lecterns on a stage at Wait Chapel on Wake Forest University's campus. The live audience at Wait Chapel on the Wake Forest University's campus numbered a few thousand — but the television audience was in the millions. And with many voters still undecided, the campaign turned the debate as a pivotal event.

Neither man committed an obvious gaffe during the 90 minutes. An Associated Press panel of six veteran debate judges gave Dukakis a narrow edge over Bush. Three judges thought Dukakis won and three picked Bush, but the Democrat got the most points overall. Dukakis got top marks for presentation and organization, while Bush bested his opponent in refutation and reasoning.

An ABC News poll of 639 debate-watchers taken immediately after the debate found that 44 percent rated Dukakis the winner, 36 percent gave the edge to Bush and 20 percent said it was a tie.

The formal debate rules were designed to prohibit direct candidate-to-candidate comment, but there was no shortage of hostilities. Dukakis was asked to specify three programs he would cut to curb the federal budget, and said he would reduce "certain weapons systems, which we don't need and can't afford.

Bush focused on Bush, and said the Republican wants more on defense, cut capital gains tax, spend more on other programs yet improve the balance.

"If he's serious about what he's saying the only way he can do it is by raiding the Social Security trust fund," Dukakis said. "If he keeps this up, he's going to be the Joe Isuzu of American politics," he said, drawing laughter from the audience with his reference to the television advertising character who exaggerates everything he says about the product.

"Is this the time to unleash our one liners?" Bush said in response. "That answer was about as clear as Boston Harbor," he said in reference to environment problems in Dukakis' home state. Running mates Dan Quayle and Lloyd Bentsen meet in Omaha, Neb., on Oct. 5.

From page 1

The debate was more in Dukakis' favor.

Member Stephanie Ball said Dukakis did a good job covering such issues as the homeless, defense spending and the concerns of the middle class.

Other viewers remained confused with the outcome.

Halfway through the debate, Eric Lawler, a senior speech communications/political science major, said disgustedly, "(Dukakis) comes out with these cute one-liners and everyone claps.

"(The audience) was indirectly led to support Dukakis" because "obviously the panel was leaning toward Dukakis," he said.

Organizers and participants were pleased with the 75 to 100 viewers who attended the debate at Rose and Crown.

The candidates were praised by the 75 to 100 viewers who attended the debate at Rose and Crown.

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CHAPTER ONE QUIZ

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