Monterey back to square one on coal-fired plant

By Kathy Campbell

Monterey County decided Wednesday to "start over" on a draft environmental impact report for the Marport coal-fired co-generation power plant in order to include new comments and questions submitted after the comment deadline.

The proposal for the 49.9 megawatt plant, to be located about 10 miles north of the San Luis Obispo County line, was reviewed in Monterey County, but local officials were not notified until residents of the rural area contacted them. By then, the response deadline had passed. At San Luis Obispo County's request, the comment period was extended until June 17.

"The extension is now a moot point," said Kathy West, project planner for Monterey County. West said she has received so many comments and new questions about the project that the draft environmental report will be revised.

West said the applicant, Sunlun Energy Corp. of Seal Beach, requested the revised report. It will be amended to include the new material, and the hearing process will start over, she said.

West said the new issues to be addressed in the revised report include the transmission line from the plant to PG&E lines, groundwater contamination, traffic and hazardous waste.

The hearing process is likely to continue another six months, West said. The Marport project is one of two co-generation plants proposed for the northern area of southern Monterey County. Lockwood residents, concerned about the impact of the plant currently under review, contacted the California Energy Commission and found that contracts had been signed for sale of electricity to PG&E from a second plant as well. Resident Patricia Ash told the San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors last week about the second plant, but SunLun's representatives have since said the plans for it had already been dropped.

The current application is for one power plant that will use about 15 percent of its energy to produce steam for oil extraction. The rest will be sold to PG&E.

Local officials are especially concerned about the coal-fired plant's impact on air quality. The draft environmental study indicated that about 977 tons of pollutants would be released annually.

District 5 candidates share county views

By Meta Freeman

With election day around the corner, candidates for the county's Fifth District, which includes the majority of San Luis Obispo and the southern part of Atascadero, were asked to share their views on local issues. Here are their responses.

Candidate Melanie Billig, 44, is a former mayor, councilmember and planning commissioner of San Luis Obispo. She has been involved in various community activities and committees and is a former high school teacher.

On growth management: Billig said she would support a growth management ordinance in the county. She was responsible for initiating one for the city of San Luis Obispo while she was mayor.

On the transportation of toxic waste: "I think that toxic waste is definitely a real problem. They ought to be put on roads that are not going through heavily populated and industrial communities. My position would be that toxic wastes ought to be on routes like Highway 166 that can be carefully monitored by the Highway Patrol and that won't near our heavily populated areas." She said the Board of Supervisors has not taken a very strong stand on this in the past.

On the Board of Supervisors' relationship with city councils: "The Board of Supervisors has to have a cooperative relationship and one where it respects the city's general plans and not try to intimidate the city councils into doing development." She said the Board of Supervisors has no say in the Planning Commission.

Poly Afro-American population stays low

By John Alexiou

There is the same number of Afro-American students today at Cal Poly as there was in 1968, only three years after this group was granted the right to vote.

Today Afro-Americans are part of America's mainstream society - illustrated in this year's presidential election - but the numbers at Cal Poly still remain the same.

Walter Harris was one of Cal Poly's first Afro-American students in the educational opportunity program founded 20 years ago. Now a counselor for Student Academic Services Outreach Program, he hopes to change the educational system for minority students.

"Blacks are declining in numbers in college education throughout the country," Harris said. "If we don't do active things, we'll lose." Many, however, feel the university is recruiting and accepting students by the color of their skin rather than by their academic excellence.

"I don't think (Cal Poly) should try to go out and get students that are not chosen by the color of their race or ethnicity," said Ernie Schone, a fourth-year mechanical engineering major. "I think we should admit people just on their academic achievements, their GPA, etc., opposed to what color they are." People do not agree that the effectiveness and the results of these programs accomplish what they set out to do.

"It's not that the government wants to help minorities, they want to keep face with the population, so they develop programs," he said. "Programs aren't efficient, they just look good - that's the reality." But one of the goals of SAS is to academically prepare under-represented students before they apply to a university, explained Maria Arvarizu, also an Outreach counselor.

"We try to educate minority students about higher education students about higher education programs. If their parents aren't educated, students won't have the information about getting into college available to them," she said.

Second in a three-part series on minority students at Cal Poly. Tomorrow, methods of helping minority students feel accepted at Cal Poly are explored.

SLO County ballot week - vote June 7

See SUPERVISOR, page 8

See MINORITIES, page 14
Sandbox scribblings in the stalls

When I first came to Cal Poly I was the typical freshman, afraid that I might not fit in and be able to relate to the college lifestyle. I pondered those insecurities until I came across some familiar scribbles on the walls of the University Union restrooms — graffiti.

I discovered that graffiti at the college level in many ways goes beyond the typical, “cheeky” and “silly” graffiti. There is a whole new dimension in graffiti as art. I realize silly juveniles aren’t the only ones who get the urge to whip out their pens in the restroom.

Since Cal Poly realizes many of its students like to display their thoughts while doing private things, it has placed writing boards in various restrooms for the specific purpose of writing graffiti. The boards are conveniently located just to the right of the toilets, at arm level to accommodate the scribbling urges of young students.

The women’s stalls in the U.U. display a variety of scrawl, from the exchange of hellos between friends — they apparently frequent the same stall — to the intimate secrets of some personal lives.

I’m always amazed at the serious attempts at poetry. One woman wrote, “I wish we had the heart of children. Their love is strong, and eyes are bare/We only dare to say ‘please love me’ at the seventh glass of wine.” How does a woman get such a beautiful insight into what she did in such a spot?

Then there are the animal-rights activists who write things like “Save the dolphins — boycott tuna please!” It goes to show that the restroom is as good a place as any to picket for our fellow mammals.

Religious commentaries are regular features. It’s always comforting to know that “Jesus loves me” while I’m using the toilet.

There’s the restroom version of “Dear Abby,” which every stall has some story about a troubled and/or heartbroken girl seeking help, followed by the suggestions of various restroom psychologists. Well, it’s cheaper than seeing a psychologist. And besides, a lot of the advice seems to be quite good. Still, there’s something a little unsettling about some impres­sionable young women making major decisions based on what they’ve “read in the toilet stall.”

There are also philosophers who try to make elegant statements as few words as possible: “Love lost equals love gained,” or “Peace,” and “Love is where you find it.” Some are sufficiently wise to remind you to “Have a nice day” before you flush.

Naturally, women aren’t the only ones who write on their stalls. Walls, in fact, are notorious for it. Though I can’t say I’ve ever seen a man’s restroom graffiti, I’ve heard about it from my male friends. Apparently, poetry and philosophy can also be found in the men’s stalls. But unlike female attempts to make statements of beauty, the male samples of creative expression are typically more crude. For example, the infamous “Here I sit all broken hearted, tried to s—, but only f— d.”

Poly’s hypocrisy is the problem

Editor — The policy of the University of California is to provide housing for students. For example, UCLA houses 1/3 of its population and its goal is 1/2. It is not building dormitories, but apartments. The California State University, and Cal Poly in particular, should be more responsive to student needs.

There has been no attempt by Cal Poly to provide married-student housing or a fraternity/sorority row. The university has available land, but refuses to sell it. This is too bad, because you see an attempt to get students involved with each other and to resemble more the college lifestyle.

I discovered that graffiti at the college level in many ways goes beyond the typical, “cheeky” and “silly” graffiti. It’s expensive to take this show on the road.

As a fairly academic school, a lot of people don’t think it’s cool to go out and support athletics. It is.”

Mike Hofer, manager of Mustang Athletic Teams.

“I’m always amazed at the serious attempts at poetry. One woman wrote, “I wish we had the heart of children. Their love is strong, and eyes are bare/We only dare to say ‘please love me’ at the seventh glass of wine.” How does a woman get such a beautiful insight into what she did in such a spot?”

Brad Goans, a local activist participating in a convoy carried by the university to be more responsive.

“I have to feel you belong in order to be successful.”

Grant Shaffer, student activist.

“I’ve always managed to restrain myself. Maybe it’s because I’m afraid the next girl in line will find me out when I unzip my backpack while I’m sitting on the toilet. I’m always amazed at the serious attempts at poetry. One woman wrote, “I wish we had the heart of children. Their love is strong, and eyes are bare/We only dare to say ‘please love me’ at the seventh glass of wine.” How does a woman get such a beautiful insight into what she did in such a spot?”

John” and “Trojans rule” from high school. I saw that situation and slant the reporting of my efforts to get Cal Poly to be more responsive.

Such housing benefits are available on other campuses and they work. I’m sure students who work in San Luis Obispo but live outside the city would like to have the choice. Does your campus (May 27) speak for them?”

A good point one student brought up was that Cal Poly’s dry status drives students off campus. Does it not make you feel as a bit hypocritical that the campus can pass on the walls, telling us that hopefully, most of us will never completely grow up. I can’t read the walls at the office after graduation.”

Shelly Head is a journalism senior.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Poly’s hypocrisy is the problem

Editor — The policy of the University of California is to provide housing for students. For example, UCLA houses 1/3 of its population and its goal is 1/2. It is not building dormitories, but apartments. The California State University, and Cal Poly in particular, should be more responsive to student needs.

There has been no attempt by Cal Poly to provide married-student housing or a fraternity/sorority row. The university has available land, but refuses to come up with the proposals it promised years ago. It is too bad that you see an attempt to get students involved with each other and to resemble more the college lifestyle. I understand that Cal Poly is the only non-dinking campus in the system. Don’t you think that you could bring about change if 15,000 student voices were turned in that direction? At the very least, the university could sell some of its land to the city so we could better fill those needs.

PEG PINARD

City Councilmember

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Since 1916

REPORTER’S NOTEBOOK

Shelly Head

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BLOOM COUNTY

by Berke Breathed

LETS PUT GOD BACK IN THE CLASSROOM...

MORAL MAJORITY...AHAH...

MY FRIEND, JERRY FALWELL...

GOOD NIGHT, AND GOD BLESS...AHAH...

by Berke Breathed

Screw Ch!t!

A new look, a new attitude, and a new... perspective. You’re not going to believe this!

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16 companies to pay portion of chemical dump cleanup cost

GLEN AVON, Calif. (AP) — Sixteen companies that dumped nearly 24 million gallons of cancer-causing chemicals at the Stringfellow Acid Pits have agreed to pay $6 million of cleanup costs that could reach $880 million, regulators said Tuesday.

The agreement comes 16 years after the dump closed and after nearly two years of talks between the Environmental Protection Agency, state health officials, representatives of the 16 companies and the former dump operator.

Talks started after a federal court decided some of the companies must pay for the cleanup. The agreement, announced Tuesday, marks the first time the private companies have agreed to pay $6 million of cleanup costs that could reach $880 million.

"It's a small step, but it's the first agreement the parties have been able to reach on the site," said Joel Reynolds, the attorney for a citizens group called Concerned Neighbors in Action.

"The fact you have some cooperation suggests that as the remedial effort continues, more cooperation can be expected," he said.

Stringfellow closed 16 years ago after nearly 35 million gallons of cancer-causing solvents, acids, pesticides and metals were dumped at the 20-acre site.

The chemicals have seeped into the soil and an underground stream of solvents has flowed more than two miles to pollute drinking water in this Riverside County community, 50 miles west of Los Angeles.

To prevent the pollution, the companies will install five wells on Pyrite Road just north of Highway 60 to prevent the dirty water from encroaching further, said Paula Binson, section chief of EPA Region 9.

The agreement does not order the companies to pay any specific amount, but Binson said plugging and storage tanks could cost about $2.98 million.

Queen Victoria says, "Off with your head — I'm reading Mustang Daily!"

Re-elect Dr. Carl Hysen

"The LEADER with the most EXPERIENCE"

WATER:
... The county is presently overdraining the groundwater at a rate of 70,000 acre-feet a year.
... This overdrafting will have serious impact on county residents if actions are not taken immediately.
... Carl Hysen supports the county water plan, including the State Water Plan, use of Nacimiento water, implementation of water conservation programs, and consideration of alternative dam sites.
... We need to preserve groundwater to sustain an economically viable agricultural industry.

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El Dorado Bookstore

INSIGHT

State

Nation

World

Researchers: African monkeys may be source of AIDS virus

NEW YORK (AP) — The AIDS virus probably did not jump from monkeys to humans but could have infected the common ancestors of humans and monkeys millions of years ago, researchers say.

That conclusion comes from Japanese biologists who have determined the entire genetic code of the AIDS virus that infects African green monkeys. Some researchers have suggested that these monkeys may have been the source of the human AIDS virus.

A possible source of the human AIDS virus is the African green monkey AIDS virus differed from the two known human AIDS viruses in several important respects. If the virus had jumped from monkeys to humans in recent times, the viruses would be identical or nearly so.

The researchers said that the viruses would be identical or nearly so.

Studies of these AIDS viruses and of AIDS viruses in other species of monkeys suggest that each species has its own AIDS virus. The two human AIDS viruses probably evolved in isolated populations in different places, the Japanese researchers said. Humans and monkeys are both descendants of primitive primates that lived 20 million to 30 million years ago. The Japanese researchers said.

In an accompanying commentary, Carel Mulder, a biologist at the University of Massachusetts Medical School in Worcester, writes that the Japanese findings mean that " the human viruses cannot have originated from African monkeys in recent times, as had been predicted by many people."

" The LEADER with the most EXPERIENCE"

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... This overdrafting will have serious impact on county residents if actions are not taken immediately.
... Carl Hysen supports the county water plan, including the State Water Plan, use of Nacimiento water, implementation of water conservation programs, and consideration of alternative dam sites.
... We need to preserve groundwater to sustain an economically viable agricultural industry.

CARL HYSEN
SUPERVISOR
5th District —
The WOODSTOCK'S Solution:

Save $1.06* and more on a pizza by ordering a Woodstock's pizza instead of a Dominoes pizza. With that $1.06 you can put it towards buying your friends a beer, or a glass of wine, or garlic bread, or a salad, we'll even throw in the wheat crust for free, and deliver it all too!

*on a 3 item 16 inch pizza.

541-4420 1015 Court St., SLO
Book buyback: Rip-off or benefit?

By Shelly Head

It is undocumentated fact around Cal Poly that many students feel ripped off by El Corral Bookstore book buyback at the end of each quarter, but the bookstore director and a student Foundation board member say the rip-off isn't reality.

"It just seems weird how they always keep coming out with new editions that are just changed a little bit, but you have to buy that new edition for the class," said Dale Friday, a junior construction major. "I think they should still buy back older editions because the books are... the same thing."

John Hallman, a graduating microbiology student, said he doesn't understand how El Corral can give students only half of the money they paid for a book back at the end of the quarter and then turn around and sell the book at a higher price to the next student buying the book.

"See, if they bought a $20 book, they should turn around and sell that book for $10 instead of marking it up to $19 or $18 as a used book," Hallman said. "And they never seem to make claim as to what happened to the extra $8 that they marked it up, so I don't think it's very fair of marking it up to $19 or $18 as the profit margin for used textbooks in California, Warren said."

W arren said another factor that affects the cost of books to the bookstore is how long the books last in the marketplace before they have to be revised.

"Say a textbook lasts two years in the marketplace before it has to be revised, for whatever reason, then that drives the price of the textbooks up," he said. "Whereas a book that can last five years, and you have five years worth of distribution, that helps keep the book cost down."

Warren said the differences between old editions of books and revised new editions vary widely between books, but he feels today's rapidly changing technology is a valid reason for revising textbooks to keep in formation current.

Warren said another reason El Corral cannot buy some students' books back each quarter is that some faculty members don't have textbook requisitions in on time, though about 80 percent do. Textbook requisitions are faculty order forms for the textbooks that will be needed the next quarter.

He said if teachers hand their requisitions in on time, bookstore officials know how many of certain books will be needed for the next quarter, and they will buy all of these books from the students first. However, he said, "... if we don't get a requisition until late, then we don't have a choice, we have to guarantee that those books are on the shelf so we do have to place an order in order to either the wholesale market or to the publisher.

Warren said it may be possible in following quarters to let students know when new editions of books are pending by posting notices, thereby letting them know ahead of time if the book they're about to buy may not be bought back.

But a larger reason that students sometimes cannot sell books back, Warren said, is that professors sometimes decide not to use the same books the next quarter, or the course is not being taught the next quarter. If this happens, the bookstore has no need to buy those books back and will not resell them.

Then students may have to wait until the next quarter, or even several quarters later, to sell the books back for their greatest resale value. And if a textbook becomes outdated, it loses its resale value completely, Warren said.

As far as how the bookstore's cost for textbooks affects retail prices, Warren said that El Corral policy has always been to price textbooks in a way that saves students as much money as possible. He said according to a recent survey of the National Association of College Stores, El Corral's new textbook pricing is lower than at 82 percent of college stores across the nation.

"... every time it (the buyback system) has been explained and I have shown students the facts and figures, they recognize that it is not a rip-off."

— Court Warren, El Corral Bookstore director

And El Corral's used book prices are lower than those of any other college store in two other surveys (the California State University Systems School's survey and the National Association of College Stores Large Stores survey, which concern 84 of the largest college stores across the country), Warren said.

He said another advantage of El Corral's buyback system is that the bookstore pays students 50 percent of the new book price for used books, unlike on most other campuses, where students get only 50 percent of the used book price for used books. And while most college bookstores sell their used books at 75 percent of the new book price, and some (Long Beach and San Diego State) even go as high as 80 percent — at El Corral the used books are sold at 72 percent of the new book price, the lowest price in California, Warren said.

Frank Crum, one of two student Foundation board members, said he's worked closely with the bookstore so he knows and understands its pricing. He said the profit margin for used textbooks is 22 percent. He said this profit is used so pay for the labor of shelving books, book buyback, repricing and putting books back into inventory. A portion of what's left from that goes to labor and maintenance of the bookstore, and bookstore overhead.

Crum said: "Of course part of that 22 percent is profit at the bottom" which goes into a unit P

"We're worked hard and we're successful in obtaining a lot of used books for our students, which helps save the students money," Warren said.

He said over the past two years, because of the large number of used books sold at El Corral in comparison with new, the bookstore has been saving Cal Poly students, as a whole, $400,000 a year.

"Our job here is to provide the tools for education — books and supplies," he said. "We're not here to make money, we're here to provide the tools. We have to cover our costs, our salaries, our overhead and that's economics. (But) our goal is to provide the materials, so however we can do that most effectively for the students, we work for the students and do it at the best price possible."
Gerard investigates charges of bias in Plant Operations

By Terry Lightfoot
Staff Writer

The investigation of alleged wastefulness and mismanagement in Plant Operations was placed in the hands of the executive dean of Facilities Administration last week.

Cal Poly President Warren Baker has asked Douglas Gerard to look into the problems presented to him in the form of a petition by student protesters.

Baker said it did not list any specific problems. The petition had about 120 signatures, mostly from students, Gerard said.

Gerard will work with Jan Pauer, personnel director, and Smiley Wilkins of the Affirmative Action department to see what problems need to be addressed.

Baker said he may take a work or 10 days to review the claims in the petition. "I will have to talk to Ed Naretno, head of Plant Operations, and his staff to see exactly what the problem may be," he said.

David Jones, who organized the petition, said the plant has discriminated against minorities in its hiring practices. Gerard said he was disappointed Jones did not come to him with the problem before the petition was presented to Baker.

"David Jones is a success with Plant Operations. He worked his way up from a custodian to a journeyman electrician," Gerard said.

Gerard said part of the problem is the low number of minority applicants that the campus receives. He said it is due to a lot of factors, including the low numbers of minorities in San Luis Obispo.

"We had about 30 outstanding professors (and the committee) will all be awarded a $1,000 stipend from alumni and this year's awards will also be presented with Distinguished Teacher recognition plaques at the fall conference general session on September 12.

All three of the professors said they were surprised at being selected for the award because they said many of their colleagues were just as qualified.

The criteria by which they were selected for the awards, as listed on the nomination sheets that were dispersed throughout the campus fall quarter, were: "techniques that show excellence in teaching; a high degree of interaction with students, faculty and staff; high personal and professional standards; well-organized activities, lectures or labs; teaching procedures that contribute to student interest, enthusiasm and achievement; concern for students as individuals, fair, rigorous methods for evaluating students' progress; (and) evidence of significant professional development as it relates to teaching excellence."

The honors were chosen by the Distinguished Teaching Award committee of Cal Poly's Academic Senate, made up of five former distinguished teacher faculty and two student members, which acts on nominations from students, faculty and other members of the campus.

English professor Jim Simmons, chair of the Distinguished Teaching Award committee, said there were about 100 nominations for this year's award, most of which came from students.

The 100 were narrowed to 30 based on the strongest statements written on the nominating forms, and the 30 were narrowed to eight finalists based on the opinions of the teachers' department heads, colleagues and students.

The three winners were finally selected.

"We had about 30 outstanding professors and (the committee) had a very difficult time picking the three," said Simmons. "Three were outstanding, no doubt about it," Simmons said. The three professors and (the committee) were a combination of the "student's perspective of the "professor's teaching style except when and how he handles his biggest challenges in teaching," Mueller said.

"I'm able to provide them with examples of what makes his teaching style exceptional and how he handles his biggest challenges in teaching," Mueller said. "We had about 30 outstanding professors and (the committee) had a very difficult time picking the three," said Simmons. "Three were outstanding, no doubt about it," Simmons said. The three professors and (the committee) were a combination of the "student's perspective of the "professor's teaching style except when and how he handles his biggest challenges in teaching," Mueller said.

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TEACHERS

From page 6 of his classes.

"I adjust my lecture delivery depending on the response of the class," he said. "I might deliver the same lecture five times ... (and) every time I do it, it comes out a little different, and I'm a little different, that requires getting to know the class." Reynolds said the thing that makes his teaching style exceptional is perhaps the confidence he instills into his students.

"I treat them like they're responsible people and later to create an environment that will be conducive for creativity," he said. "It's hard to try to treat each student in an individual way so that I can direct my communication to them in such a way it's going to help their creativity and their growth." Reynolds said he designs the projects he assigns in his classes with a special goal in mind, "...to help the students discover more about art and about themselves."

Reynolds said his biggest challenge as a teacher is trying to help his students reach their full potential, and "...to really do what you have to excite them ... you have to motivate them to work in your class, and that's a full-time job: if you lay back, they'll lay back, and that's something that we worry about on top of all the time." Moratoriums on curfews don't have the knowledge what he's going to do with his award money yet, Mullison had no comment, and Reynolds said he will probably put his back into doing this, probably take another 11 school years for him and maybe he'll be preparing a one-man show on the four seasons in the Spring.

CALANDER

thursday

The ornamental horticulture department is having a yard and plant sale Thursday from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m. at the 111 Plant Science House plants are 25 to 50 percent off.

Friday

The library is sponsoring a library-wide amnesty begins Friday until June 17. Any books or other items returned during these two weeks will encumber no fines or book charges, and graduates can avoid holds on their diplomas.

Looking for a quiet place to live? The Judicial Affairs office will be open weekends and holidays.

CFA, CSU reject lottery autonomy

By Claire Nickeison Staff Writer

In California Faculty Association and CSU negotiations regarding lottery-funded programs, local campus autonomy was rejected, while the mentor program and the forgiving loan program will be expanded.

Local campus autonomy would have allowed lottery funds to be distributed to campuses for use at each university's discretion rather than going through the Chancellor's Office.

Currently proposals are sent through the Chancellor's Office for review and then recommendations are sent back to the individual campuses, which have to deal with CFA bargaining issues should any of the proposals affect faculty workload.

The CFA proposed that a committee on each campus comprised of faculty and administration review the proposals and bargaining issues and decide on the monetary allocations based on campus needs and priorities.

Cal Poly CFA President, Adelaide Harmon-Elliott said, "The proposal would have been better for two reasons. First, who better than the faculty should know how to spend these funds since they are in the trenches daily dealing with situations that need funding. Second, the time spent by the Chancellor's Office in bargaining and review would be eliminated, expediting the process considerably."

Harmon-Elliott said proposals to receive funding were due in March and, because of review procedures, actual allocations won't begin until almost August.

With the CFA proposal, she said allocations could have begun by April. The CFA will continue to urge CSU to adopt the proposal for more campus autonomy, said Harmon-Elliott.

The mentoring program, which provides teachers with assigned time to recognize their efforts in providing extra time to students as an extension of affirmative Action, has CSU and CFA as an impasse.

While funds will expand on the eight campuses with existing programs, the CFA's suggestion that the program be extended to all 19 CSU campuses did not meet initial resistance. The decision on whether to seek faculty mentoring programs on the remaining 11 campuses is left to campus administrators.

Harmon-Elliott said she believes the mentoring program is an especially important issue in California.

Demographic studies have shown that by the year 2000 the majority of CSU students will be minorities. Their academic success will affect their productivity in the economy, so without supportive quality education, California will end up hurting in the long run," said Harmon-Elliott.

Also, the forgivable loan program will be expanded to accept 40 new applicants. The program allows faculty to borrow money to advance their education and forgives repayments for each year they continue to teach in the CSU system.

Library staff to issue citations

Those eating, drinking, chewing tobacco to be written up the Judicial Affairs office, which will receive one of the three copies. Initial problems of processing the number of citations doesn't seem to be an issue for the office.

Carl Wallace, director of Judicial Affairs, said he doesn't anticipate much of a rush of citations due to the program's success in the library's environment and destruction of library materials. The citations will be filled out by library staff and student monitors, and the recipients will then have to sign them.

Cited students will be required to check in with the judicial Affairs office, which will receive one of the three copies. Initial problems of processing the number of citations doesn't seem to be an issue for the office.

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SUPERVISOR

From page 1

... on their periphery. "Billig sug¬
gested that the county shouldn't approve any development within two miles of a city's borders that the city doesn't approve.

On the consolidation of the Five Cities area: "I think that's up to the people in the Five Cities area. If it's something they want, they should have the oppor¬tunity to vote on it and make their wishes known. It shouldn't be forced on them by the Board of Supervisors."

On off-shore oil drilling in the county: "I would be one who would not be afraid to go to Washington or Sacramento to lobby on behalf of this county to keep out off-shore drilling. I think it's very detrimental to our air quality. The possibility for spills is very serious." Billig mentioned the Santa Barbara coastline as an example of the damage potential.

On the biggest issue facing the county: "Growth and urban sprawl. And part of that, of course, is the destruction of viable agricultural land. They are all interconnected. Growth pushes into the agricultural areas and makes them much more ex¬pensive, so people start spilling into the rural areas in¬stead of cities."

Candidate David Blakely, 37, is a local school teacher and ac¬tively involved in community recycling efforts. He is also a Cal Poly graduate and a resident of Santa Maria.

On growth management: "I would be in favor of a growth management plan, but it would have to be fair and equitable. I think we need to work out a growth management plan that takes into consideration growth in the cities as well as in the unincorporated areas." He said a plan should not simply push the problem to another area of the county, as Santa Luis Obispo did to Los Osos.

On the transportation of toxic waste: "I would discourage tox¬ic waste from being shipped through the county. I would like it to go around the county. I don't know how we're going to stop it, but as a supervisor I will lobby to make sure that whatever does go through this area will go through as safely as possible."

On the Board of Supervisors' relationship with city councils: "I think the Board of Supervisors and the City Council are in agreement that the problems concern both of the jurisdictions." He said the board should not force decisions on the city which have a negative impact on the city's general plan, such as the Irish Hills Golf Course on Los Osos Valley Road.

On the consolidation of the Five Cities area: "I'm sure there are certain benefits citizens can receive as a result of a consolidation, such as police, water, fire and economies of scale. But I think that decision would be up to the residents of those areas."

On off-shore oil drilling in the county: "I would recommend to the voters to vote no on Measures A, B and C because I don't think the county got the best deal it can. I would recom¬mend that we leave the oil in the ground, creating a Pacific oil reserve, for that day we are desper¬ate for oil. Let's keep some in the bank."

On the biggest issue facing the county: Blakely said the biggest issue in the county now is growth and water. He said the growth of the county is experienc¬ing is responsible for other pro¬blems, such as social problems, parking problems and public health problems.

Incumbent Carl Hysen, 63, has served on the Board of Supervisors for the past three-and-a-half years, and is a local businessman.

On growth management: "I'm in favor of a growth maintenance ordinance. I have one in the mill that I'm going to submit to the blue ribbon committee that we're appointing to study all the potential ideas for this." On the transportation of toxic waste: "I don't like it but there's nothing we can do about it. The highways belong to the peo¬ple, and we can't keep people off them. We can protect them with escorts and things of that nature."

On the consolidation of the Five Cities area: "It's a possibilit¬y down the line, but it's up to the people who live in that area." He said if the cities do conso¬lidate, it could reduce their tax base and it's up to the vote of the residents.

On the Board of Supervisors' relationship with the city coun¬cils: "I think our relationship has improved over the past four or five years." He said the two bodies have successfully worked on joint projects, but that room for an improved relationship re¬mains. "I think that we have to communicate and talk about the issues that are mutually beneficial to both of us."

On off-shore oil drilling in the county: "We've authorized the permitting of an on-shore facility to the city, to study the Measures A, B and C, and I be¬lieve they should pass. By having an off-shore facility, we can control the off-shore facility. If the air quality standards are not met off-shore, we can close them down. We can protect ourselves thereby, stop production of pollutants. We have enough con¬trols to be effective in monitoring the platform."

On the biggest issue facing the county: "The biggest issue, by far, is water. We have to develop every bit of water we can, and the State Water Project is just one phase of it. We have to look at conservation, reclamation, and Nacimiento water. We have to look ahead to 25 years to 30 years." He also said the State Water Project is the "crowning glory" of the water the county can develop.

Candidate Penny Rappa, 42, is currently a City Planning commis¬sion member and vice mayor. She is also a member of the planning commission and has represented the county in numerous community committees.

On growth management: She said she is definitely in support of a growth management plan now that the county has been working on a "fair-share" growth program. She is favor of a growth ordinance that will retain the county's rural character.

On the transportation of toxic waste: Rappa said she worked to change the official route of toxic waste transporters to Highway 166 and have adequate protec¬tions for other local agencies. "No matter where it is, it's a hazard that has to be protected in case of a spill, which this bill doesn't provide." On the Board of Supervisors' relationship with city councils: Rappa said the Board of Supervisors should have a close work¬ing relationship with city councils and that the relationships need improvement.

On the consolidation of the Five Cities area: "I think that the voters should have the chance to vote on it. One of them has been in the transit system since 1975, a consolidation, or cooperation, be¬tween the various systems. There are some real advantages."

SUPERVISOR, page 9
Measures may tie rent increases to consumer price index

By Kathy Campbell

Two mobile home rent control plans, (Prop. 66) and (Prop. 67) have received the approval June 7 in San Luis Obispo. Measure D was developed by a joint committee of mobile home tenants and landlords. It would allow rent increases tied to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and would allow for modifications by the City Council. Measure E was prepared by a group of tenants. It also ties increases to the Consumer Price Index, but would provide for a hearing officer to consider rent increases requested by the CPI and can only be changed by a city ordinance.

The city has an existing mobile home rent control ordinance, but the ballot analysis by Roger Picquet, city attorney for San Luis Obispo, indicates that the rent increases can only be imposed with the approval of a special board. Supporters of Measure E point out that a direct tie to the CPI doesn't make sense when most mobile home residents are senior citizens whose income doesn't change in response to the increases reflected in the CPI. Measure E would limit the increase to 7.5 percent of the CPI.

Prop. 66

Proposition 66 on the June 7 primary ballot calls for each county to elect an assessor to be an elected official. The county assessor's office is presently filled by a county elected official. The job of county assessor is to determine the value of all property in a particular county that is subject to local property tax.

Prop. 67

In California, the crime of murder is divided into two degrees: first and second degrees. The act of a person who commits first-degree murder is more heinous than second-degree murder. The law allows that inmates serving 25 years to life for first-degree murder or any inmate serving time for second-degree murder may earn credits to reduce up to one-third of their sentence time by participating in a prison education or training program or simply by displaying good behavior.

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In front of the Main Gym
New club forming to promote Third World involvement
Cal Poly World Neighbors for Peace chapter first on college campuses
By Sharon Sherman
Staff Writer

While doing research for a political science class, a Cal Poly student stumbled across information on a development organization that impressed her so much, she is forming a chapter on campus.

Kari Houser, an agricultural management senior, said she learned about World Neighbors while writing a paper on world hunger in a political science class, a Cal Poly World development class, in getting the World Neighbors campus chapter formed.

"We're providing a model that can be duplicated at other colleges," Davies said. "The goal is to increase student knowledge about World Neighbors' programs.

Davies said the campus chapter will not only provide students with information about World Neighbors' programs, but about Third World development in general.

"The important thing is that people really begin to understand the difference between good and poor development — and there is such a difference," Davies said.

In the fall, the Cal Poly World Neighbors club and the Central Coast chapter are planning to co-host a training program for local residents and students interested in becoming World Neighbors volunteers.

"We'd like to get a couple students interested in going through the program and possibly becoming aides in Third World countries," Houser said.

William Alexander, the faculty advisor to the campus chapter, found out about World Neighbors in 1975 while he was in Guatemala. He said he's used it to provide students with a model of successful development work ever since.

"I've always been looking for the most effective kinds of development as examples to use in teaching development administration," Alexander said.

"And World Neighbors provides the best model for that purpose," Davies said a lot of other development organizations use the World Neighbors approach as a model.

"Last year 424 other agencies purchased World Neighbors' See NEIGHBORS, page 13
Community workshops let people suggest changes in SLO county

By Tricia Higgins

Cut-out magazine pictures of rolling hills, farmers selling produce and even snarled traffic are ways in which citizens of San Luis Obispo are sharing their visions, ideas and input of the future of the city at the Community Workshop Program.

"We're trying to find ways that are efficient and also kind of fun to get people to let us know what their vision of the future of the city is," said Mike Multari, director of community development.

Multari said the goal of the workshops is to gauge the people's picture of what they want the city to be like in five to 20 years. Issues discussed are how big citizens want San Luis Obispo to get, what kind of services should be provided, and on what levels of transportation services are citizens willing to provide and absorb in order to keep the community clean and efficient.

Multari said the growth of Cal Poly may be significantly associated with the growth of San Luis Obispo and the community's future. The area's long-term effects especially significant are the proportion of the university's growth to that of the city's growth.

"We need to ask ourselves, 'Is the proportion of growth of the university population relative to the general population going to change?'" said Multari. "We need to understand the university's master plan and match it with how big we think the city ought to be overall and try and figure out what component of the city is going to be made up of students.'"

Some potential growth of the number of Cal Poly students proposes a couple of possible problems, mainly housing, according to Multari. Multari said even if the proportion of students stays the same, the area near the campus can become a problem because the area of new housing is farther away from campus.

He said this dilemma can result in displacement. "It's one of the phenomena that we see," said Multari. "A number of students can get together and pay higher rent than a young family can and the university can afford, thus resulting in displacement in traditional single-family neighborhoods." Displacement becomes a major problem of lifestyle incompatibilities and conflicts, said Multari. Some of the ideas that workshop participants have talked about to address these problems are the need for more off-campus housing or to increase the amount of housing near campus. To do this, some incentives need to be provided so university needs to be looked at, and we need to try to look at the housing market and students so they are incorporated to the university as a real asset, said Multari.

"As the demand closer to campus increases the prices tend to increase. If they are driven further away, then all of the care which the farmers use in their production will fail," said Richardson.

According to Richardson, agriculture must do three things to educate the public. The public must see that farmers are choosing and managing tools responsibly. Secondly, the public must hear strong defenses about the impacts of agricultural technologies and the public must believe what it hears.

"The leaders of the agricultural industry must believe like they know everything is going to be all right and start being responsive to what the public's concerns about new agricultural techniques and the use of ag-chems. Too often agricultural leaders ignore the public's concerns, rather than trying to put an end to them," said Richardson.

"Whether it is true or not, the public believes agriculture is the source of the impacts which come from certain technologies, for example pesticides," said Multari. Richardson said educating the public about these impacts must be at the top of the list for the agriculture industry. "If they do not try to educate the public, then all of the care which the farmers use in their production will fail."
Need for repairs forces Crandall Gym pool closure for first time since 1932

By Diane Wright
Staff Writer

Swimming pool choices will be undergoing a change as a result of the closure of Crandall Pool at Cal Poly, the Cuesta College Pool and the San Luis High School Pool.

"There's a crunch out there," said Rick Johnson, assistant director of Recreation Services.

The pools have been closed for repairs.

Johnson said the last time Crandall Pool was closed was for major repairs was around 1932. "It needs to be done so we're not that upset about it," he said.

John Adelsbach, recreational swim, said that open swim will be transferred to the outdoor pool. "It's just not going to be as warm at 6:30 in the morning," he said.

Crandall Pool is normally used by the scuba club and for Asiatic swimmers during the summer.

Johnson said those groups will probably use the outdoor pool.

Three community programs are affected by the closing. The "Swingers in the Hinge" program sponsored by the Arthritis Foundation and taught by students has been canceled.

YMAC will not be able to use the pool for classes. Johnson said Special Olympics also uses Crandall Pool, but not heavily in the summer.

Kris Jankovitz, facilities scheduler for the physical education department, said one or two sections of beginning swimming classes are normally offered to students in the summer quarter.

"There will be no beginning swimming classes this summer," she said. Beginning swim classes cannot be taught in the outdoor pool because it is too deep.

Crandall Pool will be drained June 11 and work will begin June 13. The pool is expected to reopen Sept. 16.

Leigh Effrink, plant operations manager of administrative services, said, "Maintenance scheduled is for replacing and upgrading mechanical and electrical equipment. "A state of art filtration chemical water control system will be installed to increase the water circulation rate," she said.

Joseph C. Risser, director of housing and conference services, said that budget priorities and student physical education conferences are held during the summer at Cal Poly that normal ly use Crandall Pool. The conferences are elementary and secondary physical education conferences and athletic coaching. He said the outdoor pool will probably be used instead.

Risser said Crandall Pool being closed will present a difficulty to people attending conferences who have children. No one under 16 years of age is allowed to use the outdoor pool.

Cuesta College Physical Education Chairman Warren Hansen said, "We don't really know when the pool will be available." Repairs were scheduled to begin two weeks ago, but so far have not started.

The delay is due to a slow approval of the contract by the state.

The U.S. water polo team was going to be training at Cuesta, but Hansen said repairs will not be done. It is possible Cuesta will also cancel youth swim lessons, aquatics, for seniors and open swim for the summer.

Johnson said a contract has been accepted for repairs on Crandall Pool and it should reopen for the fall quarter.

Alumnus arranges computer gift, says existing terminals worn out

By Diane Wright
Staff Writer

Cal Poly will be installing new keyboards and monitors in general access computer labs this summer because a former student was instrumental in obtaining a donation of 100 computer terminals from Hewlett-Packard.

John Adelsbach, graduated from Cal Poly in 1976 with a major in computer science, is a campus relations manager for Hewlett-Packard and he coordinates the recruiting program at Cal Poly.

He said he was hired by interviewing through the Cal Poly Placement Center in 1976 during a recruiting program.

Adelsbach said he proposed the donation to the head of Hewlett-Packard because as an alumnus he is interested in Cal Poly.

"It was sick of seeing all those old terminals," Adelsbach said.

"They're old dinosaurs, they're archaic and clumsy." He said the terminals are the same ones he used when he was a student here less than 10 years ago.

"You are aware the students exposed to what the industry is using," Adelsbach said.

George Westlund, academic computing consultant, said "The new computers will not be contingent on the purchase of new terminals."

There are 137 terminals on campus. Westlund said approximately 103 new terminals will be placed in the general access labs during summer quarter. The remaining 10 terminals will be used in those terminal labs when they are not working properly and in the Academic Computing Services Office for experimentation.

There will be a net loss of 34 terminals on campus, but Westlund does not see the reduced number as a problem. "Over 40 (current terminals) are ancient, falling apart and normally not used at all."

"The largest reduction of computers will be in the library from 68 to 38 by fall. Westlund said.

See COMPUTERS, back page

Neighborhoods

From page 11

training materials to use in their training efforts," Davies said.

Alexander said local chapters of the World Neighbors organization are fundamental to its survival.

"It isn't sufficient to have a good program overseas," Alexander said. "Somebody's got to know about it."

Bringing the organization on campus will be a good way to actually get students involved in Third World development, Alexander said.

"Just like overseas, it's no good telling the farmer what he ought to do," Alexander said. "He's got to grow food."

"And the same way over here. Until we get involved in the process and do some activity rather than intellectual thinking about it, it doesn't belong to us."

"When students get involved in the process of explaining World Neighbors, then World Neighbors begins to belong to them," Alexander said.

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MINORITY SALES

From page 1

"Applying (to college) was a blind process — I did it step by step," Arvarizu said. "I didn't think students were as ignorant as I was coming out of high school, but you’d be amazed. When I applied to Cal Poly I didn’t know anything about the SAT. Some don't even know the difference between the CSU and UC systems."

SAS academic adviser Ginger Baber agreed, explaining that many minorities are "first-generation" college students — those whose parents do not have a bachelor's degree. Their parents don't have an orientation to college and can't give advice to their children on how to be academically prepared or how to apply for financial aid and loans. "My parents didn't have any idea how to guide me," said Concepcion Valenzuela, a third-year liberal studies major. Although her parents didn't go to college, they urged her to go and stressed study.

Baber said minority students then turn to counselors as an alternative and oftentimes are "down-counseled," or discouraged from going any further in their education.

"It's a reality, based on statistical fact that there are times when the high school guidance counselor will direct a student of color to a junior college, to a technical field," Baber said. "They will sometimes direct them away from a field they want."

For example, minority students who want to become doctors are sometimes discouraged from doing so because they don’t have the right classes in high school, said Baber.

"The counselors will not always provide (high school students) with as much information as is necessary to make a critical or good decision based on their desires," she said.

"The counselors don't help you a bit, they tell girls to get married and have kids," said Robie Galvez, a first-year electrical engineering Hispanic student.

"A high school counselor told me 'You'll never make it,'" said Joe Gonzalez, a fourth-year graphic arts and communication major. He had never heard any talk about college before from students from Cal Poly spoke at his high school.

A recent report on California education said there are major problems in high school guidance and counseling.

"With great ethnic and economic diversity come the largest classes in the nation ... the schools represent the well from which higher education must drink," the report said. A program which encourages college preparation for under-represented students in the world is limited to existing students.

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FOURTH WEEK

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A recent report on California education said there are major problems in high school guidance and counseling.

"With great ethnic and economic diversity come the largest classes in the nation ... the schools represent the well from which higher education must drink," the report said. A program which encourages college preparation for under-represented students in the world is limited to existing students.
WILL HOLD THE LAST MEETING OF THE SOCIETY FOR ADVANCE OF MGT SAT NIGHT DUSK TO DAWN!

YEAR END MEETING JUNE 2

CASH IN BEFORE YOU CLEAR OUT!

SELL FOR LESS, COME SEE 544-0686

SLO WE BUY MORE, PAY MORE AND CELEBRATE

KNOW BY SENDING THEM A GREAT SPECIAL LOW PRICES - FREE SET

7:00 DINNER. IAN GREEN'S BAND AT EMBASSY SUITES 6:00 COCKTAILS

DELTA SIGMA PHI BROTHERS AND LITTLE SISTERS OF

DELTA SIGMA PHI

CONGRATULATIONS ON GRADUATING NOW IS THE TIME JUST ONE MORE

faculty/staff/students WELCOME

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FOR LEASE

5112 W. HUBBARD ST. 3 BR, 2 BA, 2 LRG YARDS, $500/ Mo. UNFURNISHED 549-8074

FURNISHED 3 BDM APT 10 OR 12 MO. ALSO NEED RMMT FOR FALL 190/MO ALSO NEED RMMT FOR FALL 190/MO, call 549-4890

FURNISHED 2+1 BDRM 541-8074

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AMERICAN CANOE CLUB 944-4290
everything from oars, to canoes, to paddles, etc. Rental and Sales.

WANTED

LOST 14K gold cross and chain, now filling 200 positions in SAN DIEGO, WEST LOS ANGELES, INLAND EMPIRE/POMONA, LONG BEACH/NORWALK. Call ERIC OR JOHN 544-0382

LIVE IN SANTA MARIA, 3 BR, 2 BA, FULLY FURNISHED, $500/ MONTH. 541-7633

NEED 2 ROOMMATES FOR 1989 FALL ACADEMIC YEAR. 1 ROOM AVAILABLE, 2 CMPS APT, 2 BDRM furn for 4, near Poly. 544-0854

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200 ROOMATES FOR GRAD TICKETS!! Please don't make me choose who sees me graduate. Sell me your GRAD TICKETS BRENT AT 543-3961

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NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. FOR SALE, new and used, call 543-8200

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1984 CHEROKEE $900 4 WHEEL DRIVE, MINT CONDITION, 32,000 MILES. 549-4607

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FOR SALE
From page 13
the number of terminals is being
reduced in the library to make
the environment better by pro­
viding users with more space.
The other general access labs
in the Architecture Building,
Engineering East and the Facul­
ty Office Building will also be
getting new terminals. But the
open lab in Agriculture 203 will
be closed.
Although the general access
labs are used heavily by the
computer science department,
Westlund said all schools on
campus use them to some degree.
Hewlett-Packard has made
donations to Cal Poly in the past,
but Westlund said this donation
benefits all students using
general access labs.

From page 1
our students have cars," she
said. Another possible factor that
may have contributed to the oc­
cupied R-2 lot is the regular tide
of students that, on occasion,
drive to school and purchase dai­
ly permits, said Campbell.
The parking problem, which is
slowly diminishing, should not
cause any problems in the fall,
said Doug Gerard, dean of Facil­
ties Administration.

From page 8
done in a way that protects the
separation of powers, he said.
"I think we need to provide the
same obligation so that a con­
gressman can't discriminate
anymore than a businessman," said Panetta.
Currently, Congress is exempt
from equal-opportunity and af­
firmative-action laws.
Searching garbage left outside
is giving police a lot of permis­
sion to invade privacy, said
Panetta in response to the U.S.
Supreme Court's ruling that
police may freely rummage
through ordinary household
trash left at curbside without
obtaining a search warrant.
"Our search and seizure laws
are very important to our basic
rights of privacy in this coun­
try," he said. "My hope is that
police don't over-extend the
meaning of that Supreme Court
ruling."

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mini STORAGE
STUDENTS! HAVE WE GOT A PLACE FOR YOU!
MOVING OUT OF THE DORMS? • GIVING UP THE APARTMENT?
5X5,5X10 and 5X15 spaces available
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One coupon per person per store

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Buy 1 hot dog and get
2nd hot dog FREE!
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One coupon per person per store

FREE Taco!
1 FREE ground beef taco with
minimum purchase of $2.00.
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

1 FREE Play!
Come see the latest in pinball
and video action
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

FREE Drink!
Buy 3 cookies and get any
size fountain soda FREE.
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

FREE Egg Roll!
Buy any food item or drink and
get 1 egg roll FREE.
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

2 FOR 1!
Buy one hot fudge sundae
and get 2nd FREE!
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

2 FOR 1!
Buy 3 Hot Dogs and
Get 1 FREE!
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

2 FOR 1!
Buy 1 pc Cattaneo Bros. beef
jerky and get 2nd pc FREE.
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2 FOR 1!
Buy one cup of coffee (any flavor)
and get 2nd cup free.
Valid 6/1-6/10. 5pm to 9pm only.
One coupon per person per store

2 FOR 1!
Buy any food item or drink and
get 1 egg roll FREE.
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Buy any food item or drink and
get 1 egg roll FREE.
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One coupon per person per store

FREE Egg Roll!
Buy any food item or drink and
get 1 egg roll FREE.
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2 FOR 1!
Buy one cup of coffee (any flavor)
and get 2nd cup free.
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One coupon per person per store