Ex-official: CIA scope should be reduced
By Keith Nunes
A former CIA official criticized the agency Monday night, saying the CIA is attempting to destabilize third world countries and should be dismantled.

"I am aware of the greatness of our country," said John Stockwell. "That is why I believe that when a person sees something wrong, he should speak out about it." Stockwell spent 13 years in the CIA as a case officer in Vietnam, chief of station in Africa and at the top-secret National Security Council. He quit the CIA in 1977 because of the "dirty tricks" in which the CIA was engaging. Stockwell is the highest-ranking official to openly criticize the agency.

"The CIA is currently involved in destabilizing countries all over the world," said Stockwell. "What I mean by destabilization is that the social and economic parts of a country are torn apart by outside influencing forces. Some examples of the ways in which countries are destabilized are through terrorism, propaganda campaigns aimed at making the people doubt their country and the supply of arms to rebel forces in order to overthrow the central government. A good example of destabilization taking place today is in the country of Nicaragua."

Stockwell said that when he speaks of dismantling the CIA he does not mean that it should be wiped out altogether. "I believe that the powers of the CIA should be reduced to those of just an intelligence-gathering operation. Currently the CIA has too much power and is overstepping the bounds for which they were created. There are too many people dying in this world because the CIA is busy protecting our national security interest."

Caught in the middle
Europe mixed toward US
By Matt Weiser
The Los Angeles royal Danish consulate general characterized Europeans as a people who are caught in the middle between superpowers the United States and the Soviet Union, yet are dependent on the U.S. for safety and protection.

Henning Kristiansen addressed a sparse crowd in Chumash Auditorium Tuesday on the topic "Political and economic relations between Europe and the United States: Has the Atlantic grown wider?"

He described his position in America as that of a diplomat. "A

IN QUOTES
The adventurous nature of many Cal Poly students has led to some fears about the spread of sexually transmitted diseases. See PULSE, page 5.

When we are down and out, something always turns up — and it's usually the noses of your friends.

— Orson Welles
Legal poisons

Governor Deukmejian has apparently rejected the wishes of the people by pulling the teeth out of Proposition 65, the anti-toxics law which was passed by the voters in November.

Deukmejian has declared that the new law will apply to only 29 chemicals. The authors of proposition insist the law should apply to 250 chemicals.

The chemicals on the list are exclusively those found harmful to humans. This can only be determined after people get dangerously ill. Some chemicals not found on the list, such as DDT and highly toxic dioxin, have proven extremely harmful to animals. As Al Meyerhoff of the Natural Resources Defense Fund put it: "It is a basic tenet of science that we use animal data and extrapolate from that to regulate carcinogens. Here the governor has decided the people of this state will be the test animals."

Deukmejian's decision is critical, because only chemicals listed by him are subjected to the law's key provisions — strict limits on discharges into drinking water sources and the requirement that businesses issue warnings before exposing anyone to significant risk.

Oddly enough, business leaders, who opposed the proposition because simply dumping chemicals saves them few chemicals, are not worried at all. And therein lies an interesting point: The law applies to 29 chemicals, and has warned that he will not defend the governor's short list of chemicals in court.

Women's Week column is nothing to laugh at

Editor — After reading Kenneth Dintzer's column on Women's Week, I was angry. A few people said that I had lost the ability to laugh at myself. Perhaps I have, but some things simply are not meant to be funny.

A few weeks ago, flyers for a dance on campus read at the bottom, "No this is not to benefit starving children in Africa." The authors must have found laughing at dying children funny. Some things are not funny, and Dintzer's column is one of them. The past, present, and future of 50 percent of the world's population is not a joke.

Many students at this school deny that sexism exists. These denials reflect the ignorance of the people who say they are and demonstrate the need for Women's Week.

Anyone who denies that sexism exists is both blind and ignorant, but worse, they are grossly negligent to our society.

We have no female deans at Cal Poly. Of 45 department heads, we have two women, the heads of English and home economics. Yet everyone tells me that there is no sexism here at Happyland, San Luis Obispo.

But do not laugh at the future of women, Dintzer. It is no joke.

KIMBERLY PATRAW

Women's Committee Student Representative

Yellowstone University

On a very cold morning not too long ago, I was heading for my 7 a.m. class when I was struck by the appearance of something new on campus. I counted no less than sevenayers-of-steam, some rising hundreds of feet into the air, and I was reminded of a long-ago summer trip to Yellowstone.

Cal Poly is served by a central steam system for heat and hot water. Several miles of steam lines radiate from the boiler plant in Building 40 and connect to virtually all of the larger buildings on campus, including the dorms. And this system, as a growing number of steam plumes on campus can attest to, is rapidly crumbling.

Like electricity, most students couldn't care less about steam — until it goes off. The steam plant is the source of every hot morning shower in the dorms, the warm water in both swimming pools and virtually all the space heat on campus. In summer, the steam also cooks some of the larger buildings. The University Union, Administration and several others — including the Computer Science Building — are equipped with absorption chillers, which use heat from the steam-powered air conditioners. And therein lies an interesting link to the thousands of students and the people who depend on Cal Poly's mainframe computer systems to get their classwork done.

Our computer, like most mainframes, is extremely vulnerable while it is operating — it will indignantly shut itself off. It is therefore completely dependent upon the steam-powered chiller in the Computer Science Building.

Years ago, probably when the Computer Science Building was just completed, some dimwit was working deep underground on the building's steam condensate return pipe. He soldered the pipe directly to a steel support, which is something that would probably earn you an A1 if you did it for a class project here. The weld broke, and a leak formed which gradually pushed its way into a torrent of perhaps 10,000 gallons per day of 200-degree water.

The entire line flooded between Computer Science and Engineering West, creating a hot, muddied mess that silently boiled away underground. Then the steam line blew its casing under the street, and students were treated to a Yellowstone-like wonder of steam hissing right up through the asphalt. Last weekend, the steam line was finally shut down for repair, and the computer with it.

Interestingly, according to Plant Operations Director Ed Naretto, the steam was shut off Friday at 5 p.m. on the behest of the Administration, to ensure that repairs would be completed by Monday.

Last week, thousands of Letters of Intent were sent out to applicants, and the Administration was bracing itself for a flood of calls on Monday morning from angry parents demanding to know why Junior wasn't accepted by Cal Poly. The only way to answer such calls was with computerized records.

The best solution to this ridiculous task is to equip the computer with its own electric cooling system, but that is a long way off, according to Naretto. The CADAM computer is currently protected by such a separate system.

Cal Poly is rapidly outgrowing the steam system that serves it, and for students and taxpayers this means higher costs. Necessary repairs are being put off too long, both for budgetary reasons and the difficulty of shutting down steam to a building while classes are in session.

Unfortunately, as this weekend's incident proves, neglected repairs have a way of suddenly turning into expensive crises. Naretto promises more repairs are on the way, perhaps even shutting off the geyser in front of the Graphic Communications building.

While we are urged to turn off lights to save energy, between 20,000 and 40,000 gallons of 200-degree water are disappearing under Cal Poly every day due to leaks in the steam system and equipment problems. This is a tragic waste of energy, and a serious waste of water at a time when the city faces a water shortage. The mission of the steam plant, it seems, is not just to heat the buildings but to keep the earthworms warm as well.

Down to Earth

Jeff Kelly

letters to the editor

Mustang Daily is published daily except weekends, holidays and exam periods by the journalism department, California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo. Advertising is solicited by informational purposes only. All ads are subject to the approval of the editor. Managing editor, special sections editors, sports editor and opinion page editor. Produced by University Graphic Systems. Mustang Daily office is located in Graphic Arts Building, Room 223. Telephone: (805) 756-1143. Copyright 1987 by Mustang Daily.
WASHINGTON (AP) — President Reagan, responding to Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's arms control proposal last weekend, announced Tuesday he has directed U.S. negotiators in Geneva to present the text of a U.S. counterproposal for eliminating both sides' medium range missiles from Europe.

In a brief appearance in the White House briefing room, the president also said he is summoning U.S. negotiators to Washington at the end of this week.

"Following these discussions in Washington I will send a team back to Geneva to take up once again the detailed negotiations for an INF reduction agreement," he said.

After he made the announcement, Reagan refused to answer questions regarding the naming of a new CIA director and possible plans to apologize for the Iran-Contra affair when he addresses the nation tonight.

"The CIA has too much power" — John Stockwell

Stockwell also noted that "a problem with our society today is our glorification of war through movies, television, and the news media. I have been involved in three wars and I know what it is like. I believe that today's Army ads are a prime example of false advertising. If these ads wanted to portray what the real Army is about, they would show their fancy equipment, but they would also show the wounded and dead people of past wars."

However, Stockwell said he is a firm supporter of the military. "I believe that the military is needed in order to protect what our country stands for, but I also feel that we do not need to spend so much money on building nuclear weapons. Having enough weapons to blow up the world once is all we need."

Stockwell also discussed recruiting at colleges for the CIA, an issue that has been the subject of recent protests on some campuses.

"At one time the CIA had a case officer working at every college campus in the nation," he said. "These agents were used in order to build up files on prospective students who might make good recruits for the agency. Today the CIA has cut back on its campus recruiting, but there is still some that goes on at the major campuses in the country."
Fraternities will paint curbs to aid Red Cross

By Arlene J. Wieser

On Saturday, all 13 fraternities on campus will paint addresses on curbs in San Luis Obispo neighborhoods to help a Red Cross fund-raising campaign.

The Red Cross will charge a fee of $10 for the service, with money from the “Capital Campaign” going toward the funding and renovation of the new Red Cross office on Marsh Street.

The campaign is expected to raise approximately $1,000, according to Julie Brandt, Red Cross coordinator of the event.

Brandt, a recent Cal Poly graduate, said when she needed help she automatically thought to ask the Intra-Fraternity Council at Cal Poly. The IFC is a representative body for all the fraternities on campus.

“The fraternities are really willing to give back to the community what the community has given us,” Brandt said.

The Red Cross hopes to get about $1,000 from the fund-raiser to give to them,” said Brandt. “They are a really energetic bunch — they are really willing to help out.”

 According to IFC President Jeff Tolle, all the fraternities on campus organize themselves to work together on two community projects each year. Good Neighbor Day, an ASI event, is always one of them. This year the labor donated to help the Red Cross is the other.

He added that all the houses do a number of their own community services throughout the year on an individual basis.

Tolle said the IFC agreed to help immediately after Brandt contacted them. “The Red Cross is a good cause and they really needed our help,” he said.

All the paint and stencils for curb painting are donated by local hardware stores. “If curb painting is a success in the San Luis Obispo area, we will expand to other areas,” Brandt said.

The reason the Red Cross chose to paint curbs was the lack of visibility of addresses from the street, Brandt said. “In case of an emergency, it’s very important that the house numbers are clear for the police and fire departments to see.”

Most of the areas that have been contacted for curb-painting services have been residential neighborhoods.

Brandt said areas with heavy student populations were not contacted because students are more transient group and probably wouldn’t be very interested in having their curbs painted. Another reason is that most students live in apartments that don’t have curb addresses.

How to buy a jacket.

The American Express Card can get you virtually everything from a leather jacket to a leather-bound classic. Whether you are bound for a bookstore or a beach in Bermuda. So during college and after, it’s the perfect way to pay for just about anything you’ll want.

How to get the Card before graduation.

College is the first sign of success. And because we believe in your potential, we’ve made it easier to get the American Express Card right now. You can qualify even before you graduate with our special student offers. For details, look for applications on campus. Or just call 1-800-THE-CARD and ask for a student application.

The American Express Card. Don’t Leave School Without It.

Interim dean takes over duties

By Mary J. Westfall

The newly-appointed interim dean of the School of Engineering took over his duties Tuesday.

Peter Y. Lee was appointed by Cal Poly President Warren J. Baker following recommendations from the School of Engineering’s faculty and student representatives.

Lee has been a Cal Poly professor and head of the civil and environmental engineering department since 1981.

The School of Engineering is in the process of study, evaluation and new direction, said Lee. He is planning a series of round table discussions, to begin March 12, which will include all departments in the school.

The School of Engineering is the largest at Cal Poly and there are currently 3,270 students in the various departments, Lee said.

All the engineering programs are impacted. The most impacted is the aeronautical engineering department with 300 currently enrolled, he added.

The minority engineering department is the newest addition to the school, just four years old, said Lee. There are about 200 students in the department.

Poindexter will accept reduced rank

WASHINGTON (AP) — Vice Adm. John M. Poindexter, the White House national security adviser who resigned in the Iran-Contra arms controversy, has decided to accept a reduction in rank rather than leave the Navy, the Pentagon announced Tuesday.

Robert Sims, the Pentagon’s chief spokesman, said Poindexter “will revert as required by law to a two-star rank and be assigned to the long-range planning staff of the chief of naval operations here in the Washington area.”

“Till that will occur as of tomorrow,” Sims added. “He’ll stay on active duty... as a rear admiral, serving on the staff of the chief of naval operations.”

Navy Secretary John F. Lehman Jr., in discussing Poindexter’s decision, said his new assignment was selected with an eye to “where his unique experience and expertise can really be of genuine help in the strategic planning of the Navy.”

Without some action by President Reagan, federal law required Poindexter to drop from the three-star rank of vice admiral to the two-star rank of rear admiral on Wednesday.
Since the 1960s, there has been an increase in sexual freedom, but not without the consequence of an increased threat of sexually transmitted diseases (STD).

Every year, millions of college-aged students contract herpes, chlamydia, gonorrhea, and other STDs. They stand the risk of becoming sterile, and getting arthritis and many other medical problems — including death in the case of AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome).

Dr. James Nash, director of the Cal Poly Health Center, said there is an STD problem on the Cal Poly campus. He attributes this to the fact that the campus population consists primarily of adventurous young adults. They will try anything once, twice or even 10 times," Nash said. He said he believes that this often careless behavior, along with the lack of knowledge about STDs, increases the number of STD cases coming into the Health Center.

"With AIDS, more students are becoming concerned with STDs. Although you'd have to be thick-headed not to see AIDS as dangerous, students don't think of other STDs as dangerous," said Nash.

Health educator Carolyn Hurwitz said AIDS is a large concern for Cal Poly students coming into the Health Center, with just as many heterosexuals as homosexuals concerned with contracting the disease. "There are about two or three people calling or coming in every week with concerns about AIDS," Hurwitz said.

"The biggest misconception is that they can get AIDS without sexual contact. It causes the same kind of fear as with cancer. People think they can get it just by sitting in the same room with someone who has AIDS," said Cheri Eplin, sexuality peer educator.

"People have always felt that STDs happened to someone else — no one talked about it. But now, anyone with a sex life will be affected by AIDS," said Nash. "I don't think they (students) fear anything; some days I wish they did," said Nash. "They've got to realize that when they have sex with someone they are taking on their partners past and vice-versa. Those who are in sexual relationships need to carefully evaluate who it is with."

Some students feel that the fear of STDs is too great to take a chance. As one home economics major put it, "I'd just rather not have a sexual relationship than have to ask a boyfriend his sexual past and have to tell him mine. And, when it comes to finding someone to go out with in the first place, it's too hard to try to figure out who's got something and who doesn't."

Another reason STDs are widespread is because many people don't realize that they have a disease. Chlamydia, the most prevalent STD on campus, does not always show symptoms, so many people are unaware they are transmitting the disease.

The Health Center at one time tested women for chlamydia free of charge but no longer can afford to do so. But, they do encourage women who have new sex partners to be tested, and the test is less expensive at the Health Center than at other hospitals or clinics.

Hurwitz said promiscuity is also a factor contributing to STDs on campus. "Many people think Cal Poly is conservative, but we do and positive pregnancy tests we get back, we're right up there with other schools."

"I know a lot of people who are sleeping around so I know the chances of catching something are pretty high. I'm beginning to feel the only way to be safe is to stay monogamous with a girl you know was a virgin when you were together or not have sex at all," said Nash, a mechanical engineering major.

Nash said he believes better education, along with the use of condoms, can decrease the number of STD cases on campus.

"We need to get all of this out in the open. It's too late to worry about people's sensitivities; (we should) talk about these things. "As far as prevention, besides abstinence, condoms are the only thing we talk about," said Nash.

The Health Center is attempting to make the situation better with peer education and by suggesting all women on the birth control pill also use condoms to protect themselves from STDs. Nash said the Health Center is currently dispensing free condoms when filling prescriptions for the pill.

There is also a new task force being formed by the Chancellor's Office of the California State University system to increase AIDS education on campus.

"I think it is wonderful people can express their sexual feelings safely thanks to the birth control pill and other forms of contraception, but STDs must also be prevented, and condoms are prevention," said Nash. He said he believes that condoms should be more openly available. "I am currently working on a proposal to get condoms available in the bookstore, and put dispensers in bathrooms and in the residence halls."

A similar proposal was turned down by former Cal Poly President Robert E. Kennedy in the 1970s.
Ruggers shut out Sun Devils, but fall short of playoffs

By Jim Hawkins

Staff Writer

The Cal Poly rugby team picked up its first league win of the season against Arizona State Sunday, but more importantly it had any hopes of reaching the Arizona State University on Saturday. The Mustangs lost the heart-breaker on Saturday 12-9 after leading much of the game. "This was our season. We had to win it. If we had any chance to go to playoffs this was it," said team member Tom Smith. "We were talking out there, trying to fire each other up, but we just couldn't get it going." Arizona got on the scoreboard first when Kurt Schroeder made a three-point penalty kick. But Cal Poly quickly came back with a four-point try from Aaron Barcelos, and when Smith made the two-point after-kick, Poly was up 6-3. The two teams appeared to be evenly-matched through the rest of the half with the Mustangs playing in hard-hitting style, a characteristic that Poly brings to most games. "We're a bunch of hard-hitting scrappers," said Smith. "That's the reputation we have, and we deserve it." The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. "We're a bunch of hard-hitting scrappers," said Smith. "That's the reputation we have, and we deserve it." The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring. The second half, however, was all Arizona. The Wildcats kept the Mustangs backed up against their own goal most of the time, and it was only extremely tough defensive play from the Mustangs that kept the Wildcats from scoring.
GARDENERS

From page two

Several students realize that most Cal Poly gardeners are trained, college-educated individuals who really like what they do.

Wesston said the job provides good exercise. But what they all seem to dislike the most is Galbraith called "student blight." She said students unlapt things and break sprinklers. Trash is another major problem across from Yosemite picking up trash. She said she sees a lack of respect with the problems of trash and vandalism.

In the summer, a time for regrowth, they are busier. Wesston said the campus is more like a park in the summer. But

before the summer, the gardeners must spend each weekend. Henry said there is a real push to make everything look perfect for the annual open house that brings thousands of parents and visitors to campus. The gardeners put in well over 200 hours a week, time and Said all they do in that time is pick up trash.

Because the majority of people on campus seem to take the gardeners granted, noticing only when the area is removed but not when the campus looks nice. She added that the gardeners make an effort not to be annoying; they don't operate equipment during finals, but noise is sometimes part of the job they have to do.

Because many of the gardeners are Cal Poly graduates, some people wonder why they are still at school. Overman said the area is so nice because several places such as Los Angeles that he would rather stay in San Luis Obispo. Galbraith said it keeps her Cal Poly to get a credential to teach science. She said she was a student assistant and got her bachelor's degree after getting her bachelor's degree. The gardeners can attend one class each quarter on work time for a low fee.

The grounds section is one of the few on campus where people in skilled labor positions. There are four women gardeners, which does not reflect the ratio of women to men currently enrolled in the ornamental horticulture department at Cal Poly.171 women and 226 men.

Wesston said she likes the personal control and security of her job and Berndt said she likes the benefits. Not having to spend a lot of money on clothes is a plus for Galbraith, while Kristen

Few students realize that most Cal Poly gardeners are trained, college-educated individuals who really like what they do.
### Calendar

**Thursday 5**

• ASI Outings will hold a workshop on basic leadership and communication skills at 11 a.m. Thursday in the University Union Craft Center Gallery.

• Professor Nikki Keddie from UCLA will talk about "Women, Religion and Politics Since the Iranian Revolution" at 11 a.m. Thursday in University Union Room 220.

• UCSB professor Patricia Cohen will speak on "Visions of Leadership and the Constitution" at 11 a.m. Thursday in University Union Room 207.

• The Placement Center will hold a summer job search workshop for technical majors Thursday. Call 546-2501 for details.

**Wednesday 4**

• Cal Poly Spanish professor Alarista will talk about Chicago culture at 7 p.m. Wednesday Science Building Room E-28.

• Design Village is sponsoring the film "Bridge over the River Kwai" at 7 p.m. Wednesday in Chumash Auditorium. Tickets are $1.50.

**EUROPE**

Henning Kristiansen

From page 1

"The basic reason for the high wages in America was that the American worker could produce more efficiently than workers in other countries," Kristiansen said. He said this is no longer the case, and America is only ahead in a few very advanced industries, such as biotechnology and advanced electronics. He added that America still has a trade advantage over most countries and is still able to produce in greater quantities.

"There is no question that in Europe they mean a large reduction of American missiles in Europe, but not if it is a result of mistakes made in dealing with the Germans in that war," said Kristiansen. "American homes and everyday life were remote from the battlefield and the suffering," said Kristiansen. "I think this is still haunting the Soviets."

An essential difference between the United States and Europe, said Kristiansen, is that Americans must find a way to live with the Soviets and are forced to understand the Soviet mentality.

Kristiansen, who has served in Denmark and the United States, said they are very similar. He said they are afraid of losing the protection of the American home and everyman. He said there is a general feeling of friendship and closeness to the American people.

"Part of Kristiansen's job as consul general is to improve the trade relations between the two countries, with an emphasis on California's economy. He said California's share of the U.S. gross national product is currently equal to that of Great Britain, and it is soon expected to be the fourth largest in the world. He said this will be due in part to the "explosive" growth of the Pacific Rim economies."

"In 1985, the total trade across the Pacific was greater than the trade between the United States and Europe, and that difference is getting larger and larger," said Kristiansen. "There is no doubt in my mind that the economic center of trade is moving farther and farther out into the Pacific."

Kristiansen said there is currently the potential for a large trade war that would be a serious detriment to all countries involved. He said the basic problem is a fear that one country will economically overpower the others and create a trade monopoly. "Each side knows that the economic center of trade is moving farther and farther out into the Pacific." Kristiansen summarized by saying that if anything, the United States and Europe have grown closer together. "Although there are differences of opinion between the United States and Europe, we are still very close in many areas," he said. "It would not be fair to say the Atlantic has grown wider."