McPhee, Kennedy shaped Cal Poly's future

By Gwen Dawkins

Expanded from a failing high school to an university considered to be the crown jewel of the CSU system, Cal Poly's presidents have shaped the college for the past 83 years. In the third part of a series, Mustang Daily looks at the administrations of Julian A. McPhee and Robert E. Kennedy.

McPhee was proud of saying, "No other college in the United States has the facilities for or the philosophy of 'learn by doing' as practiced in San Luis Obispo."

McPhee's teaching methods had their staunch supporters. In fact, the Voorhis family was so impressed with the work done at Cal Poly that in 1938 they presented the school with another smaller campus near San Dimas, California. Shortly after that, the Kellogg Foundation ranch consisting of 816 acres in neighboring Pomona was also donated to the school.

Although a tremendous opportunity for expansion, this put McPhee in a bind. He wanted to be involved in all campus activities and therefore insisted on presiding over all three campuses simultaneously from the time they were acquired to his retirement. Records show McPhee would often drive from one campus to another in a single day to attend the activities of each.

This posed quite a problem to the three campuses as well as McPhee. Trying to commute to each campus, complete his work and still see his family was a feat even McPhee could not successfully accomplish. Likewise the Voorhis and Kellogg campuses did not get enough of McPhee's time to keep things running smoothly. In an attempt to keep everybody happy, McPhee stationed his vice president Robert E. Kennedy at the Kellogg campus along with a dean of the college for that campus. Dale W. Andrews was dean of the college in San Luis Obispo. As the hierarchy was mapped out, the deans of the college had to go through Kennedy for approval by McPhee. Kennedy had to get approval from McPhee before getting back to the deans. But, McPhee could contact either the vice president or either dean, whenever he chose to. The concept of having a top administrator at the second campus was a good one but the actual application was not always smooth.

Taxi gives rides to drunks

By Ken Miller

Starting Friday, a 24-hour taxi service called Tipsy Taxi will give Cal Poly students a free ride home when they've had too much to drink.

Stan Van Vleck, initiator of the program and ASI vice president, said, "In San Luis Obispo last year, over 800 drunk driving arrests were reported, 60 percent being college students. If students are going to drink, they should have a service that prevents them from hurting themselves and others."

If Cal Poly students with current ID's have had too much to drink, See TAXI, back page

In a Word

mediasstimum — the space in the chest between the pleural sacs of the lungs that contains the viscera.

Weather

Friday should be fair and warmer, with highs in the upper 70s.
**Who will be the next president of the U.S.??**

John Moon, agricultural management sophomore: Jack Kemp. He's the only guy you know.

John Savage, agricultural management junior: Clint Eastwood. Because he's doing such a good job in Carmel. I think the rest of the country should follow his lead.

Lisa Haines, liberal studies sophomore: Mario Cuomo. Just because he's got such a charismatic personality.

Jeanne Pflum, physical education sophomore: Pat Robertson. I guess everybody's ready for a different personality.

**Textbooks: A Dintzumentary**

What is the textbook? Where do they come from? Who writes them? Who reads them? Today we'll go on a journey through the billions and billions of textbooks (oooh, I feel like Carl Sagan).

**COVERS**

Like so many things in life, textbook covers come both hard and soft. The soft-bound variety is invariably white covered, and stamped with blue ink. These books don't seem to take themselves all too seriously, for they have titles such as "Fun With Physics" or "Invitation to Biology." How nice.

"Hey Bill, you want to go to Spikes?"

"No thanks, I've got an invitation to biology.""'

The hardbound group, being more expensive, heavier and more bulky, is often the choice of educators who want students to understand that life does, indeed, suck. Except for the occasional out-of-focus picture of a bridge or some leftover 1950 picture of an African tribe, most hardbound textbook covers are vulgar combinations of maroon, mauve, red and yellow. Often designed by prison inmates and mental patients, these covers are guaranteed to cause nightmares for all those who sleep in their presence. With titles like "ECONOMICS" (all capital letters for emphasis) or "MATH," the student gets the feeling this is the only book ever written on the subject.

**EDITION NUMBER**

These are, for the most part, a hoax to keep you from selling your $3,000 textbook back to the book store. A quick examination will reveal a textbook on ancient Greek philosophy in its ninth edition. Did the author keep running into vast new pools of knowledge on the subject? These guys have been dead for 2,000 years. Why doesn't he finish his research and then write the book?

**FOOD FOR THOUGHT**

Kenneth Dintzer

**INTRODUCTION**

These are read near the end of the quarter, during a particularly boring lecture. It gives the author a chance to explain why the world needed one more historical account of the Revolutionary War.

**CHAPTER 1**

These are wonderful. They always start on page seven or nine (making that first reading assignment oh so short), and either contain full reviews on all information covered in previous classes, or concern themselves with definitions of the subject: "Sociology is the study of ... advertisement!") "Geology is fun because ..." or simply patting themselves on the back: "Philosophers are important because ..."

**CHAPTER 2**

These are hell. This chapter is riddled with terms that "will be defined later." Thus, after finishing this chapter, students understand nothing except that at some point they will understand everything.

**THE LAST CHAPTER**

For some reason, no class, no matter how proficient the teacher, finishes the last chapter of a textbook (it's an unspoken, unexplained rule... like why barbers take Mondays off). If I had to draw my own conclusion, I would guess that any information that doesn't warrant anything better than Chapter 37 is really not worth covering in the first place (or last place).

**GRAPHS and CHARTS**

Either so simple they're banal, or so complex they're ridiculous, the only purpose that pictorial information serves is to take up big gobs of space that would have otherwise gone to words. If by some chance a relevant graphic is developed, it will be placed 14 pages away from the page where it is explained. This gives the student the option of flipping back and forth between the two like an idiot or simply ignoring the graph altogether.

We recommend the latter.

**CHAPTER SUMMARIES**

Textbook summaries are often the last bastions of hope for the lazy student. Whole chapters, sometimes 60 or 70 pages in length, are carefully condensed onto one page. This brings up the gawning question: why did they bother writing the book? Well thank-you and good-bye for now.

**letters to the editor**

Mandatory drug testing: an Orwellian nightmare

Editor — I am writing in reference to Franklin Bucquoy's letter of Sept. 24. In his letter Bucquoy poses the following question with regard to mandatory drug testing: "If somebody doesn't do drugs what harm can come from the test?" I find this line of thought to be naive if not totally repugnant. First of all, it assumes a person is guilty until proven innocent. Secondly, it involves a gross violation of an individual's right to privacy. If Bucquoy actually believes in the idea of forced drug testing, perhaps he could advocate a program for Cal Poly. Such a program could involve the mandatory, unannounced extraction of blood from all students under the age of 21. The students' blood could then be tested for traces of alcohol or drugs. Those students testing positive could then be turned over to the authorities for proper disciplinary action.

Other programs could also be instituted. The entire student body could be monitored for such things as voicing criticism of the government, inappropriate sexual practices or simply engaging in subversive thought.

Doubleplusgood Franklin. PETER WIECHERS

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Mustang Daily Thursday, September 25, 1986

Newsbriefs
Thursday, September 25, 1986

Chirac speaks against terrorism

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — Prime Minister Jacques Chirac of France urged the United Nations on Wednesday to stamp out international terrorism, which has cost his country nine lives in the past two weeks.

Chirac told the 41st General Assembly that terrorism is the most urgent challenge to the world and requires concrete counter-measures, including joint action to improve security in the air and on the sea.

"The tragic events in Istanbul, Karachi and Paris prove once again that terrorism has become the systematic weapon of a war that knows no borders or seldom has a face," Chirac told delegates. Chirac reminded delegates that among those around the world who have fallen victim to terrorism are the French, American and British hostages held in Lebanon.

American captured by Lebanese

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — An underground Lebanese group claimed in a statement published Wednesday that it had kidnapped an American University accountant and a Frenchman in Beirut, and would put them on trial for espionage.

The statement from the Revolutionary Justice Organization, published by the independent Beirut newspaper An-Nahar, identified the victims as Joseph James Cicippio, 56, of Norristown, Pa., and Marcel Coudry, a Frenchman. The statement was accompanied by photographs which the group said showed the hostages.

Bungling blamed for disaster

MOSCOW (AP) — In an article linking the Chernobyl disaster with a history of Soviet bureaucratic bungling, a leading newspaper on Wednesday criticized the choice of an often-flooded riverbank as the site for the nuclear power plant.

Officials didn't prepare for the possibility of an accident, said Ukrainian writer Boris Oleinik in the weekly newspaper Literaturnaya Gazeta.

As a result, firemen and police didn't have the protective clothing and equipment they needed when an April 26 explosion tore open the plant's No. 4 reactor, he said.

Oleinik traced the negligence which he blamed for the Chernobyl disaster to a long history of bureaucratic ineptitude in the country as a whole.

Cranston criticizes ads placed by Zschau

WASHINGTON (AP) — Sen. Alan Cranston, apparently stung by campaign commercials attacking his record on drugs and terrorism, said Wednesday his Republican opponent is trying to "play on public fear."

The California Democrat's response to Rep. Ed Zschau escalated the rhetoric in a Senate campaign that heated up when the congressman began running the ads three weeks ago.

One Zschau commercial opens with the narrator saying, "The Congressional Record shows that for 18 years Alan Cranston has voted against or missed virtually every tough drug law."

Another ad says the three-term senator "has voted against or missed virtually every tough law on terrorism."

"Both commercials are lies," Cranston told a news conference in the Capitol.

Jim LeMonyon, spokesman for the Zschau campaign, responded that if Cranston has a complaint about the commercials he ought to debate his Republican challenger.

"If he's really got the goods on us, let's go to KPIX on Oct. 5," said LeMonyon.

The Zschau campaign aide said that television station KPIX in San Francisco, the League of Women Voters, three minor party candidates and Zschau have reached agreement on a plan to allow Zschau and Cranston to debate one-on-one on Oct. 5. Cranston has not agreed to participate.

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Cocaine use rises

College students are using less illegal drugs, except cocaine use in college has increased. Drug abuse is a handy platform for politicians, but alcohol may be a greater ill.

By Pamela Varma
Staff Writer

A five-year decline in drug use among the nation's college students halted in 1985 with the exception of cocaine use, which increased dramatically, according to a recent report by the National Institute on Drug Abuse.

In a study that polled 1,100 college students, ages 19 through 22, over a period of five years, there was a decrease in the use of marijuana, barbiturates, heroin and LSD.

But cocaine use was found to increase substantially as people got older. And relative to other drugs, a fairly high proportion of people who try cocaine go on to use it frequently, putting themselves at substantial risk for addiction, the report stated.

When compared to all high school graduates between the ages of 19 an 22, a lower percentage of college students was found to use LSD and other drugs such as stimulants and tranquilizers than was average for their age group.

The fact that drug use stopped decreasing, coupled with the increase in cocaine use, appears to justify President and Mrs. Reagan's efforts to increase awareness and combat drug abuse in this country.

But with elections coming up in November it's questionable whether the media, in reporting widespread abuse, is simply parroting the words of election-minded politicians.

Controlling drug trafficking across the nation's borders and protecting the American family from the destructive effects of drugs are noble goals. They can make almost any politician seem the true patriot.

But since tackling drug abuse is an issue most politicians can agree upon, just expressing concern may not be enough in the public's eye. Having the toughest stance against illegal drugs may be the extra push needed for a candidate in a close race.

Yet, illegal drugs may not be the major drug abuse problem in this county, especially with more than 16,000 college students in the city of San Luis Obispo alone.

Carolyn Hurwitz, assistant health educator for Cal Poly, sees students who are written up for the second or third time by resident advisors for drug or alcohol violations in the dorms. Although she acknowledges that the people she sees aren't entirely representative of students who use drugs on campus, she said alcohol is by far the biggest problem on campus.

Hurwitz said that while the majority of on-campus drinking is social or experimental, there are enough students who have a problem with alcohol that she treats five students for alcohol-related problems to every one student she sees for cocaine-related problems.

In some ways this confirms the statistics in the National Institute on Drug Abuse study indicating that occasions of heavy drinking may be on the increase among college students. Such occasions are characterized by having five or more drinks in a row.

Almost 50 percent of the college students polled had had at least one occasion of heavy drinking in the two weeks preceding the survey.

In spite of this, alcohol statistics were treated almost as an afterthought in the study. The impression seems to be that because alcohol is not illegal, abuse among college students may be taken less seriously. And it's common knowledge that college students will drink.

'Drugs have been built up in the media because it's something people can jump on the bandwagon about.'

—Kerry Yamada

A detective for the San Luis Obispo County Narcotics Task Force estimated less than 10 percent of all arrests the task force makes are drug-related, whether marijuana possessions or cocaine.

At least one Cal Poly student who travels in circles where drugs are frequently used agreed with Hurwitz.

The student (who requested anonymity) attributed the heavy consumption of alcohol to its easy accessibility.

'Anybody can drink,' he said. 'Some people are afraid to try other drugs like cocaine, but no one ever says that having a beer will be addictive. And people see their parents drink too.'

Alcohol vs. Cocaine

The student said cocaine use has definitely increased on campus, partially because it has become much cheaper. But he said that some drugs are fads and when cocaine became glamorized on 'Miami Vice' and in television movies it became more 'the thing to do.'

And although he said cocaine can easily be found on campus, he said alcohol is the bigger problem here. 'Compare the number of times someone gets written up in the dorms for alcohol versus cocaine,' he said.

Hurwitz agreed: 'People have this image of this clean-cut, dry campus.' But she said she has treated a number of students with severe alcohol addiction problems — some so serious that they were taking drinks to get started in the morning before class.

Hurwitz estimated that cocaine is probably the second biggest problem on campus. She said her patients have told her shipments of the drug come right into Port San Luis; even though San Luis Obispo isn't a large city, availability is not a problem.

A detective for the San Luis Obispo County Narcotics Task Force said, 'Without a doubt the drug of use at Cal Poly and in the whole county is cocaine.'

'It's a definite fact' that cocaine use has increased in this county, he said. 'It's gone crazy.' The detective spoke on the condition he not be identified so as not to jeopardize his undercover investigations.

However, he stressed that cocaine use has been a problem for a long time in this area. He said it is just more visible now because of the publicity surrounding the cocaine deaths of athletes Len Bias and Don Rogers.

He noted that marijuana use has not dropped among students, or within the county overall. He said, however, 'We have our hands full with cocaine so we can't afford to spend our time looking for smaller marijuana possessions.'

While the Narcotics Task Force does not keep separate statistics on how many students are arrested for drug violations, the detective estimated less than 10 percent of all arrests the task force makes are Cal Poly students.

'We do not actively go out there and seek any certain group per se. In a given month we don't say 'Let's go whip on some Cal Poly students,' ' he said. Instead, tips provided by informants are followed.
DRUGS

From page 5

and if they lead to students it is caught for simple possession of small quantities, he said. Heroin, even more potential.

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President Reagan's new plan to quickly the pace toward a "drug-free America" targets only illegal drugs. Border control authorities are looking for marijuana and cocaine in their transport. Fields of marijuana are being burned in Northern California.

It is no less addictive or destructive than some illegal drugs. Often, it is worse. Yet, concern over alcohol abuse seems to have faded.

It appears a drug of widespread use is being dangerously overlooked.

DEA study says crack is '(readily available)

WASHINGTON (AP) — Supplies of crack, the highly potent cocaine derivative, are plentiful in at least a dozen major U.S. cities, but use of the illegal drug isn't as widespread as it is generally believed, the Drug Enforcement Administration said Wednesday.

Based on information from DEA offices throughout the country, the report said that crack is "readily available" in most major American cities except Chicago, New Orleans and Phoenix.

Ordinarily, the amount of crack seized from a dealer is an ounce or less, while the highest amount seized was eight ounces in Miami, the study report said.
editorials were about the freedom wouldn't let them express their for them to take-off on parking hell broke loose. From then on all another Mustang. 1  said 'Oh God said McPhee told him to go tell the editor of the Mustang that if Dale, you've got to stop him. I'll get on the phone right now and D alle about 50 buildings, performed miracles with the legislature over Cal Poly's future, made a tremendous impact on the educational scope and in the words of Kennedy was probably the most influential president in Cal Poly's history. Kennedy took over as the new president upon McPhee's retire ment. He was close to McPhee and maintained many of the same ideals for the university.

But, Kennedy chose to expand in other areas. One of his main goals was to concentrate on the accreditation of schools. "I felt the only way Cal Poly could really progress was to be one of the strongest elements in the system, not to pull out (as McPhee threatened to do), but to be better, stronger. So, I became very active in the Chancellor's staff and the council of the presidents and other key committees to protect Cal Poly's interests by being very evident."

"As a result," said Kennedy, "Cal Poly is considered by most of the system as the jewel in the crown of the system. It's the strongest element in the system."

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) — A panel of AIDS researchers says fear about Proposition 64 is making patients reluctant to take part in studies of the deadly disease.

The researchers spoke on Tuesday at a news conference called by the California Medical Association, which opposes the measure sponsored by followers of Lyndon LaRouche.

"The proposition would place acquired immune deficiency syndrome on the list of reportable diseases maintained by the state Department of Health Services. "Patients fear they will be listed and quarantined," said Dr. Donald Abrams of San Francisco General Hospital. "One of my patients is buying property in the country under a fictitious name."

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BOYCOTT

From page 1

policy.

According to Court Warren, manager of El Corral Bookstore, efforts to influence the Foundation may have a significant negative effect on university funding. "They are in fact hurting students in a very large way due to a lack of understanding about what the Foundation is all about," he said.

Three cents of every sales dollar received by the bookstore goes to the University Development Office to raise money and donations. In fiscal year 1985-1986, this 3 percent amounted to $207,000, which helped raise more than $7 million for the university.

According to Warren, the Foundation has had divestment intentions for some time. "The Foundation was very much at the forefront of divestment policy," he said. "The Foundation is considering Friday an additional divestment policy, and I feel confident that it will be passed. It's a responsible, effective policy that will lead to an Africa-free investment portfolio in 18 months."

Despite the boycott, El Corral has stocked many of the same texts that instructors ordered through Bookland. According to the Campus Administrative Manual, textbook ordering and selection is clearly the sole responsibility of teachers and their departments. On Sept. 18, according to Cindy Giambalvo, textbook manager for El Corral, the bookstore ordered many of the boycotted books on its own initiative.

In some cases, however, the boycott has resulted in increased book prices. According to Warren, of the 23 boycotted texts that El Corral has available, 11 are priced an average of 6.9 percent lower, and 12 are priced an average of 1.7 percent higher than the same books at Bookland. El Corral also has 16 of the 23 available in used condition for 28 percent less than Bookland, which does not offer used texts.

"I don't feel they'll succeed," said Warren. "Because I don't believe they can find an alternative source for texts with the services and prices that El Corral provides to the university."

Another professor participating in the boycott, Carl Lutrin, told his public administration class that they would not have any trouble getting 50 faculty members to boycott El Corral if the Foundation continued its divestment policy. "On Friday I predict the university Foundation will meet... and they will have a great change of heart," he said.

Cruikshanks said he openly informed his own students of his intentions to pressure the Foundation into divesting from South Africa. "No one left the class for that reason," he said. "The only feedback I've gotten has been positive, which has surprised me."

"I'm all in favor of teachers expressing their views in a classroom situation," said Kevin Johnson, a student in one of Lutrin's classes. "It challenges your own beliefs. But what I'm opposed to is making me pay extra for a book, and the inconvenience of it, just because a teacher may have a view."

Sig Alhadad, another of Lutrin's students, said, "It's a good way to express their views politically, but I don't think anything's going to result of it."

"This is a supremely important issue," said Cruikshanks. "And I would hope it is one that would find faculty and students joining together to register their opinions. I regret there isn't more student and faculty interaction and debate."

This world calls for Lowenbrau.
Parking structures to be built downtown will add 417 spaces

By Jennifer Smagala

Two new parking structures have been planned in the downtown area to relieve the parking problem and encourage more shopping, city officials said in an interview on Tuesday.

The first parking structure will be located at the corner of Palm and Morro streets. Building will begin in January 1987 and finish near the end of August 1987, before the new city library opens. The second structure on the corner of Broad and Marsh streets will be completed in November 1987, said the exterior design architect Andrew Merriam of Merriam Fraser Architects.

"We will still have a parking deficit of 450 spaces after the structures are built, but these buildings will help to relieve the problem," said Merriam.

The structure on Palm and Morro will provide 300 additional spaces to the parking facility that currently exists, he said. The lot will provide 417 parking spaces in all.

The parking project on the corner of Broad and Marsh will have 235 spaces. Plans for the five-story structure include retail stores on the street level and redevelopment of Garden Alley, said Wayne Peterson, city engineer.

"Shoppers will have first priority in the parking structures, although there will be some permit parking available to merchants," Peterson said.

He added that fees for using the parking will be similar to the parking meters downtown. Merriam Fraser Architects and Conrad Associates are working together on the design of the Palm and Morro structure. Building design criteria include the efficiency of the number of cars in the lot, functional arrangement of the structure, and aesthetic qualities, Merriam said.

The IBI Group of Corona Del Mar will design the Broad and Marsh structure.
Senior citizens sue for age discrimination

LOS ANGELES (AP) — The American Association of Retired Persons has filed a class-action suit accusing Farmers Group Inc. of age discrimination against older workers by ending pension and profit-sharing contributions at age 65.

If won by AARP, the nation’s largest association of people more than 50 years old, the lawsuit could become a precedent more than 50 years old, the lawsuit could become a precedent.

The suit, filed in U.S. District Court in Los Angeles on Tuesday, contends that Farmers’ freezing of pension and profit-sharing for those working beyond 65 is a violation of the Age Discrimination Employment Act (ADEA) and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA).

Farmers’ spokesman Jerry Clemans was out of town Wednesday, unreachable for comment on the suit or on how many of Farmers’ employees are over 65, his secretary said.

The suit filed Tuesday names as defendants Farmers Group and its affiliated companies, as well as Farmers Group employee pension and profit-sharing plans.

A report this year by the U.S. Senate Special Committee on Aging estimated 134,000 Americans work beyond age 65 and lose about $450 million a year in pension benefits because employers reduce or cease pension contributions. The federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission has voted that such reduction or cessation of benefits should be illegal but did not enact rules to that effect. Earlier this month, AARP sued the EEOC for allegedly delaying the rule-making.

“Employees over 65 suffer a substantial cut in compensation as a result of this practice,” said Cyril Brickfield, executive director of the nonprofit AARP.

“Many employees, working because their current pension and profit-sharing are insufficient to support retirement, will find the same inadequate pension at age 80.”

The Academic Senate approves dean evaluation form

By Pamela Varma

The Academic Senate approved a resolution Tuesday that would provide for a standard questionnaire to evaluate the performance of deans.

By passing the resolution, the senate recommended to Cal Poly President Warren Baker that the survey be adopted and completed annually by all faculty members. Results would be reviewed by the academic vice president.

Respondents would be asked to evaluate their respective deans in the categories of school leadership, management and administration, communication and personal qualities.

The first Academic Senate meeting of the fall quarter began with a discussion led by Lee Kerschner, executive director of the commission for the review of the master plan for higher education.

Kerschner explained that the commission’s task is to revise the master plan followed by University of California, California State and junior college campuses. Revisions are needed to respond to changing needs of faculty and the student population by the year 2010, he said.

Many issues will be examined by the commission, including whether or not there is a right to a baccalaureate degree, if the number of students admitted to CSU campuses should be limited, and if there should be different fees for those students not in pursuit of a degree.

Kerschner said a major issue examined by the commission will be the fact that by 2010, the student population will be only 40 percent Anglo. When the master plan was originally written in the mid-1960s, the student population was 85 percent Anglo. This shift may prompt changes in curriculum or funding policies, he said.

In their only meeting this summer, the Academic Senate approved a campus smoking resolution that, if approved by Baker, would set aside smoking areas and would restrict smoking in administrative offices.

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In their only meeting this summer, the Academic Senate approved a campus smoking resolution that, if approved by Baker, would set aside smoking areas and would restrict smoking in administrative offices.

A. Senate approves dean evaluation form

By Pamela Varma

The Academic Senate approved a resolution Tuesday that would provide for a standard questionnaire to evaluate the performance of deans.

By passing the resolution, the senate recommended to Cal Poly President Warren Baker that the survey be adopted and completed annually by all faculty members. Results would be reviewed by the academic vice president.

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In their only meeting this summer, the Academic Senate approved a campus smoking resolution that, if approved by Baker, would set aside smoking areas and would restrict smoking in administrative offices.
Evaluators debate professor’s sentence

By Rod Santos

A judge for the California Superior Court postponed the final sentencing of a former Cal Poly management professor Wednesday because, his lawyer said, “the probation department can’t make up its mind.”

Chris Casciola, defense attorney in the case of People vs. Melvin Aussieker, said the state probation department has recommended diagnostic treatment for the defendant, but that the department can’t decide whether Aussieker is “a danger to the community or amenable to treatment.”

Aussieker resigned from Cal Poly Aug. 22 after pleading guilty to four counts of child molestation on July 10. Originally, he was charged with eight counts of child molesting, but the court cut that in half because, his lawyer said, he was charged with eight counts of child molesting, but the court cut that in half in exchange for a guilty plea.

After evaluating Aussieker, a criminal justice team has supported the probation department’s recommendation for diagnostic treatment, but suggested that the court attach a one-year prison term to the sentence. Aussieker has also been evaluated by two doctors who agreed that he poses no danger, and who recommended therapy.

Although both attorneys agreed that ordering five years of diagnostic probation would be “spinning our wheels,” Casciola said it would be more productive than the maximum 12-year prison sentence prosecutor Mark Welden has recommended.

Aussieker now faces a fourth psychological evaluation, the report of which must be submitted to Superior Court by Oct. 10. Final sentencing is Oct. 22.

Heterosexuals at risk if partner has AIDS

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) — At least 100,000 heterosexual San Franciscans may be risking AIDS by sexual contact with many different partners or with people of the highest risk group, according to a new study.

The study, conducted by the city Department of Public Health and the San Francisco AIDS Foundation with data developed by Communication Technologies, a public opinion research organization.

Survey workers administered questionnaires by telephone to a random sampling of 400 San Franciscans.

Ninety-nine percent of the men and 96 percent of the women said they had more than one sex partner during the past year.

The survey found that nearly 40 percent of those people questioned were either at high or “medium risk” for AIDS last year because they had engaged in sex with intravenous drug users, prostitutes, homosexual or bisexual men, or with four or more different people.

“This is an important study, and it speaks to the urgent need for a real education program that lets these people know they’re putting themselves at risk for a fatal illness that can’t be treated with a simple shot of penicillin like other sexually transmitted diseases,” said Dr. Dean Echenberg, chief of the Health Department’s bureau of communicable diseases.

Random telephone surveys are a standard method for obtaining results that can generally be applied with relative accuracy to the population at large.

The study that was completed at a cost of $60,000, is being analyzed by the San Francisco Health Department and the foundation to develop a program to carry the AIDS-prevention message throughout San Francisco.

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Sharp calculators are designed to be first in their class. Our EL-533 financial calculator, for example, has twenty memories compared to just five for the competition. So it lets you do complex calculations like discounted cash flow analysis.

For those who prefer lab coats to pinstripes, there’s our EL-506A scientific calculator. With its 10-digit display, direct formula entry and 93 scientific functions, it makes performing even the most difficult calculations easy as pi.

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NO MORE SHOPPING!

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You may eat at four different locations
Sandwich Plant Snack Bar
University Dining Room
& Vista Grande Cafeteria

546-1175 or purchase at U.U. cashier
Europeans to get comet samples

NEW YORK (AP) — The European Space Agency has committed $400 million to a mission to land a space probe on a comet and bring back as much as 30 pounds of its nucleus to Earth, a scientist said Wednesday.

"We’re not just talking about a hypothetical mission — it’s going to fly," said John Wood of the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics in Cambridge, Mass. The launch could come as early as 1995, he said, but likely will be at least several years later than that.

Wood, a geologist, is a member of a committee of U.S. and European scientists who have been meeting for a year to propose experiments for the unmanned flight and are just completing their report to the European Space Agency.

He delivered a report on the status of the mission to the Meteoritical Society, which is holding its annual meeting this week at the American Museum of Natural History.

Only once before have extraterrestrial materials been harvested and brought back to Earth — in a series of manned Apollo missions to the moon in the 1970s. The comet samples would come from much farther away, however, with the sampling point being between 350 million and 550 million miles from Earth, Wood said.

The spacecraft may also be the first to use a new form of interplanetary propulsion called solar electric propulsion, in which solar cells would produce electricity to heat a vaporized liquid, such as mercury, Wood explained. The mercury vapor would be expelled to provide gentle, steady propulsion for months on end at a lower cost than conventional rocket fuel.

The mission could give scientists their first look at an unadulterated sample of the primitive interstellar dust that combined with gases around the sun 4½ billion years ago to form the planets, Wood said.

Traces of that material are contained in meteorites and in cosmic dust captured in the atmosphere by high-flying U-2 aircraft, Wood said. The advantage of the comet sample, however, would be that it comes from far out in the solar system and thus has not been exposed to the cycles of heating, vaporization and cooling that formed the planets.

The U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration has been invited to participate in the mission and to share its expected $500 million to $1 billion cost, but whether NASA will do so is in doubt, Wood said.

NASA has its own comet mission in mind, the comet rendezvous asteroid flyby, or CRAF, which would fly alongside a comet taking pictures and making measurements.
Libya sells share in Fiat

TURIN, Italy (AP) — Premier Bettino Craxi and an employers’ federation praised an agreement under which Libya will sell its 15.19 percent stake in Fiat S.p.A., ending a politically embarrassing tie for the Italian automaker.

The company’s largest shareholder and two banks will buy back Libya’s shares for about $3 billion. There was no immediate comment today from Libya on why it wanted as major shareholders in Fiat, which viewed the Libyan stake as a political liability and an obstacle to obtaining contracts in the United States.

The sale was sought by Fiat, which viewed the Libyan stake as a political liability and an obstacle to obtaining contracts in the United States.

Senior citizens revamp apartment’s image

By Jerry McKay

Times are changing. Long hair is out, drug tests are in and the Tropicana of years past is no longer Tropicana. In fact, it is now a home for senior citizens and is called The Village.

An employee for the 109-unit complex, located at 55 Broad Street, said the change was made because of an increase in the number of student apartment buildings, changing attitudes and the lack of housing for senior citizens.

Tropicana had traditionally been known as a complex that housed many of the lower classmen from Cal Poly and Cuesta College. It was also known for its “partying image.”

said a former employee.

Two years ago, Tropicana began having trouble filling the complex with students. Management felt that in addition to the increase in available housing, attitudes were changing about the type of residences students wanted. In other words, management felt the “party image” had to go, the employee said.

So a year ago, the name was changed to Centrepointe. Computers for student use were installed and management hoped that Centrepointe would appeal to the more studious student.

The Village employee said. When vacancy rates still remained high, management decided to change it into a housing complex for senior citizens. The name was then changed to The Village.

The Village has been in operation now for about three months, she said, adding that the change has been good for business.

“Tropicana of years past is no longer Tropicana. In fact, it is now a home for senior citizens,” said the employee. The Village, like Tropicana and Centrepointe, serves food, but the old cafeteria is now a dining room with waiters and waitresses.

The owners of The Village also own the student housing complex Valencia, located at 555 Ramona Drive. Rumors have been circulating that Valencia might be converted to senior citizen housing. A spokesperson for the owners at The Village said that there are no such plans.
Mustangs ride the Waves to a three-set victory

By Dan Ruthemeyer

The women's cross country team began its 1986 season in fine fashion Saturday by placing first in the Riverside Invitational.

Senior Katy Manning led the Mustangs in their victory, finishing first in the individual competition in a time of 16:59.2. Manning raced behind second place finisher Joane Howard of Cal Poly Pomona until the final 800 meters when she steadily surged ahead for the victory.

The next Mustang runner to cross the finish line was Lesley White, who finished in fifth place with a time of 17:15 for the 5,000-meter course. Other top 10 finishers for the Mustangs included Kris Katterhagen who finished eighth in a time of 17:22 and Lori Lopez, who finished 10th with a time of 17:32.

Women's cross country

Runners win meet in Riverside

By Dan Ruthemeyer

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Mustangs ride the Waves to a three-set victory

By Tim Robinson

On paper, the Cal Poly women's volleyball team and the Pepperdine Waves appeared equal. This comparison, however, ended abruptly on the court as the Mustangs pounded the Waves 15-13, 15-12, 15-2.

The Mustangs, appearing to be in mid-season form after only 10 matches this year, actually trailed in the first game 12-8. They then won seven of the next 10 points to win the first game, 15-13. Pepperdine never recovered.

The Waves did put up a small fight in the second game when they tied it at 5-5, but the Mustangs reeled off the next 21 straight points to win the second game, 15-0. In the fourth game, the Mustang offense continued on its torrid pace, mounting a 15-0 lead en route to a 15-2 comp.

"We weren't moving our feet in the first game. We were in and out of sync...we just had to get used to the crowd," said coach Mike Wilton. He added that by mid-way through the second game the team got into a rhythm and never looked back.

Rhythm may not be a strong enough word, as Cal Poly won 25 of the last 27 points of the match. Even the crowd of 1,300-plus didn't want to settle for a mere win, as many chanted for a shutout in the final game.

The Mustangs didn't get the shutout, but they did come close. Claudia Hemmersbach, a junior returning from last year's team, sparked the Mustang comeback by diving left and right to pick up several saves.

"My goal was not to let one ball hit the floor," said Hemmersbach. "I almost accomplished her goal. "We just needed to focus, keep talking (to each other) and play like we know how to."

By Tim Robinson

Hemmersbach

‘We just needed to focus, keep talking (to each other) and play like we know how to.’

— Hemmersbach

Poly's ability to retrieve nearly every ball. "Claudia Hemmersbach played superb in all facets of the game," said Wilton. "She put on a clinic. She's just one more in a long line of great setters (at Cal Poly) — and now she's earned her niche in that group."

The Waves, despite having seven kills, most of Hemmersbach's efforts won't show up on paper. It was the form that won her a shutout in the final game.

Hemmersbach's Pete Rose style of play seemed to be infectious, as Kerri Pendergrass, Michelle Hansen, Theresa Smith and Carol Tschasar were all in double figures in digs.

Tschasar also made her presence felt with her overpowering spike, which found empty spaces in the Waves' defense.

See MUSTANGS, page 15

SCOREBOARD

Women's volleyball

PCCA Standings Overall Records

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<th>W</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>Pct</th>
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<tr>
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Cal Poly vs. Pepperdine

Player Statistics

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<th>Pct</th>
<th>Ast</th>
<th>Acce</th>
<th>Digs</th>
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NCAA Volleyball Poll

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<td>LSU</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stanford</td>
<td>25</td>
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Thursday, September 25, 1986
BUSINESS MAJORS
Delta Sigma Pi, the professional business fraternity is beginning their fall meeting. All make a female business major the meeting will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 25th, in front of Fisher Science at 7:00 pm.

CAL POLY SPACE WELDING PROJECT
Space Shuttle experiment, all interested welcome. First meeting Thursday 9/25, meet in front of Fisher Science at 7:00 pm.

Public relations for companies.

Tschasar, who admitted that the Mustangs were more than ready for Pepperdine as well as the rest of the conference.

"We expected them to be a lot better ... a lot more scrappier, along that the Mustangs were better ... a lot more scrappier, along that the Mustangs were more than ready for Pepperdine.

"It was a mess. I did it to escape. I didn't feel like I fit in when I was in school. I felt like I was a freak. I'd go through an entire day sometimes and not know what was going on.

Louganis said he even won a national title after getting drunk the night before.

As a youngster, Louganis said he was often taunted by other students because he suffered from dyslexia, because he was very intervented and because of his Samoan heritage.

Louganis said he drank as a teenager "because I didn't feel good about myself. I was a wimp when I was in school. I was searching desperately for somewhere else to belong."

Louganis, who admitted his behavior was "definitely my mistake," said his withdrawal from his substance abuse was a gradual process.

"I began to realize that it was taking away my diving from me and to avoid that I had to leave a lot of people behind," he said.

Everyone said that we weren't first meeting on Tuesday Sept. 30 at The Data Processing Management senior year.

"I don't think we've had their book in our new "Local Class." I don't think we've had their book in our new "Local Class.""
PRESIDENTS

From page 7

모, popular campus, it's the
campus that attracts the best
students and it has the highest
admission standards in the
system. It is now just the op­
opposite as when I first came to Cal
Poly."

When Kennedy took over as
president there were no ac­
ccredited schools at Cal Poly.
"One of the first efforts I made
was to forge the School of
Engineering to seek accredita­
tion. I had a lot of faculty upset
over that. They agreed with
McPhee, that we should go our
own way. To me it was a diser­
service to the students. When they
graduated from Cal Poly, they
graduated from an unaccredited
engineering school. They couldn't
go in and take an examination
from the state for a civil service
examination, for example, for an
engineering job, and get the
same credit for years of experi­
ence. It meant the difference of
five years. They would have to
out and work five years longer
than someone who did graduated
from an accredited school to get
the same number of points on their
civil service examination." 

Today Cal Poly has just as many
accredited schools as any other
campus in the system.

With or without accreditation, Cal Poly was in the spotlight.
The campus became an example
to many during Kennedy's term.
When Kennedy took over in the
mid-1960s, it was a time of tur­
mint across the nation. The
United States' bombing of Cam­
bodia triggered revolts on cam­
puses everywhere. Ronald
Reagan was governor at the time
and showed a great concern for
the problem. While other cam­
puses staged riots and threats, Cal Poly was comparatively
calm. Reagan attributed this to
Kennedy, and inquired about his
ability to maintain order. Ken­
nedy said he could not take
credit for conduct of students as
he felt it was more of a reflection
on the type of person who would
choose Cal Poly. Nonetheless, Cal
Poly was recognized and admired
state-wide for the conduct of its
students.

Perhaps allowing himself to be
vulnerable in many ways gave
Kennedy his humanistic ap­
proach to governing over the
campus. He was a very visible
president who mingled among
students seeking their ideas and
opinions. These were some of the
characteristics Kennedy attach­
et to his goals. Although he
maintained the essential ideals of
McPhee and Anderson, the
changes Kennedy made were to
the advantage of the students.

Although he took charge of Cal
Poly some sixty-five years after
its inception, it is clear the
reflections of his visions are
compacted and intertwined
among those left behind by each
past president, one by one.

TAXI

From page 1

SAI will be billed for the taxi fee, Van Vleck said.

According to Van Vleck, the
idea for Tipsy Taxi is about a
year old, but he began work on it
about five months ago. Four
months ago, he was able to
allocate funds from the Student
Senate to get the project started.

"The senate's decision was
unanimous," Van Vleck said.
"I've gotten no negative feelings
from anybody." 

Tipsy Taxi has also been given
support from San Luis Obispo
Mayor Ron Ding and the San
Luis Obispo Police Department,
Van Vleck said.

Alcoholic beverage companies
have expressed interest in fund­ing
the Tipsy Taxi project, but
Van Vleck said that he has
nothing definite at the moment.

"They're calling me in a couple
of weeks," he said.

SIGN UP!
INTRAMURAL/REC SPORTS

SPORT: Touch Football
DIVISION: Men, Women, Co-Rec: A, B
DATE: September 29, 1986
TIME: 8:00PM
PLACE: San Luis Lounge

SPORT: Volleyball
DIVISION: Men, Women, Co-Rec: A, B
DATE: September 29, 1986
TIME: 7:00PM
PLACE: San Luis Lounge

SPORT: Soccer
DIVISION: Men, Women, Co-Rec: A, B
DATE: September 29, 1986
TIME: 9:00PM
PLACE: San Luis Lounge

CO-SPONSOR: Cal Poly San Luis Obispo
Recreational Sports

General Motors is proud to
sponsor your campus intramural/
recreational sports.

JOIN THE FUN
Read the information above and
sign up with your Intramural/Rec­
reational Sports Department today!

EVERYONE CAN PLAY
All students, staff and faculty are eligible.

General Motors...sharing your future