Criticisms of the proposed "new SI"

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Dear Sir,

According to a fair spectrum of international scientists and metrologists, the current proposed redefinitions of the mole, the kilogram, and other SI units by the Consultative Committee for Units (CCU) to the Comite' International des Poids et Mesures [1] contain serious flaws. Among the basic criticisms are the following:

- 1. The proposed redefinition of the mole is confusing, unteachable, and/or just wrong [2–6].
- 2. The proposed redefinition of the mole violates a basic compatibility condition relating it to the kilogram and the dalton [4].
- 3. The proposed redefinition of the kilogram relies on both special relativity and quantum mechanics and thus is not "comprehensible to students in all disciplines" (see p. 228 in [7]), nor even readily understandable to the majority of scientists and metrologists [3, 6].
- 4. The proposed redefinition of the kilogram requires the introduction of a new quantum-mechanical current standard [8].
- 5. The proposed redefinition of the kilogram entails a numerical constant of the order of 10^{41} , which is unrealistic physically [3].
- 6. The proposed redefinition of the kilogram is based on an artificially created complex electromechanical device (the Watt balance), which is not "a comparatively easy-to-use apparatus that can enable the experimental realization of the new definition of the kilogram with the appropriate uncertainty at any place at any time by anyone" (see p. 238 in [7]) and is not proportional to a real physical mass [2–4, 6, 9, 10].
- 7. The proposed redefinitions of the SI units are inconsistent and/or circular; for example, the unit amount of substance involves the kilogram, the second is defined in terms of the kelvin and the kelvin in terms of the second, and without the availability of the derived real units joule and watt, the kilogram, kelvin, and candela cannot be realized [2, 5, 6].
- 8. The proposed "explicit-constant" redefinitions of the SI units are based on imperfect physical laws and equations that require correction factors; for example, there is concrete evidence that the fine-structure constant, and hence Planck's constant, may vary in time and location [4, 6, 8, 11].

The BIPM website for the New SI proclaims its goal "to encourage communication, awareness, and debate on the possible revision of the SI". However, colleagues and I have been posing such questions, without success, directly to the proponents of the New SI and the head of the CCU for more than 4 years. It is now time to enter these criticisms, and hopefully their responses, into the open and permanent written scientific record. I wish to express my deep gratitude and appreciation to the Editor for this opportunity.

References

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