Back and There

Nearly all these brief pieces were written shortly after returning from a year in Vietnam. I have assembled them under a title which may strike the reader as an odd reversal of the more expected title - There and Back - but anyone who reads even a few pages will discover that although I was Back I was clearly still There.

Revisiting these squibs a year after writing them, and re-reading my journal entries from the first few months in Vietnam, I rather remind myself of a phenomenon noted by the naturalist E. O. Wilson, who observed that herpetologists sometimes come from the ranks of those who initially have a strong aversion to snakes. For me, it is not snakes, but place. In a few months, I learned to unlearn my fear and incomprehension of new streets, buildings and people. But the effect, alas, was non-transferable, and six months later yet, upon returning to Honolulu, the fear and incomprehension now applied to my former home.

I am arranging these pieces just prior to moving yet again, this time to San Luis Obispo in California. Perhaps examining the products of my own psyche will have a beneficial prophylactic effect and prevent me from experiencing the usual horror of new places. Probably, however, not. I grow attached to wherever I am, and feel sad and uprooted whenever I leave anywhere. I suspect this may be even worse when I die.

For all that, these pieces are cheerful, not grim: people are full of surprises, and the world is, after all, a mysterious and wonderful place.
Shoes. Socks. Muffled toes and soles shifting through the dark evening along an alien terrain. Walking to meet our friends, moving tentatively in those shoes like small houses, in those balmy, cotton socks. Feet have a knowledge of their own that allows them to function well. These shoes, these socks, were like falconers’ hoods. Our feet were estranged from the sidewalk. And not only our feet. What, after all, was this meaningless strip of grass strip between us and the wide expanse of empty asphalt? Our feet did not want to stay on the too-narrow sidewalk, but the too-narrow strip of grass (muddied because it had recently been raining) was equally untenable. Our feet wanted to go out into the street where there was an abundance of room. The street, so desolate, so empty, except for a plethora of lines and arrows – empty, that is, until the delayed effect of a traffic light having changed somewhere in the distance: and then descends the menacing whirr of gigantic vehicles, the triple threat of velocity, mass and momentum hurtling along in cars the size of small houses. To step into such a street seems death writ large – legs, arms, face and torso would stand no chance against such egregious projectiles. The quantum packet of cars bursting past, the street again subsides into forlorn silence: for somewhere farther along, a signal has gone red, reducing drivers to sitters, until the light releases all that energy yet once again, making the street an impossible place to walk. What a waste of space! And signals! Half our time, supposedly walking to meet our friends, we spent standing on corners, in those shoes, in those socks, waiting for signals to cycle through – leading left, lagging left, now these
lanes, now those, now this direction, now that one – who creates such dyspeptic systems and dares to call it transportation? Good traffic systems reduce stopping to a minimum, and privilege creative movement over right angles and direct queuing. And while we stood on those corners, speechless, in those shoes, in those socks, we wondered: how did we live like this before?

Dinner itself was no less alien. Never mind that we’d had a farewell dinner in the same restaurant with the same friends at about the same time of the evening, the same time of the year, just one year before. The friends were the same, but our experience of the place was not. Why, for instance, was the waitress kneeling down to meet us at eye level, then going on at length about what she liked on the menu? Was this any different than a nubile girl in a tight Carlsberg dress enticing you to buy that brand in some Hanoi restaurant? The intimacy was about as genuine, and quite honestly, less honest. When speech is conducted primarily by body language, it’s easy to know the score; but the appeal by personality is slyer, more slippery, and insidious. It reminds me of what Henry Ford once said to the effect that “You must treat people as people so they don’t recognize that you actually view them as commodities.” Yet our friends seemed perfectly at ease with the procedure and did not hesitate to solicit further information from our new-found friend the waitress.

No less strange to me was the way we each ordered, and drank, our own beer. Rather than order several bottles at once and assist each other in keeping the glasses full from the most recently opened bottle, we followed a more proprietary protocol. We all toasted our return once at the outset, and then, alas, no more. Whenever I raised my glass
to my lips to sip, automatically casting my eyes around for someone else who might wish
to do so, I was perplexed that no one was similarly trolling, but instead saw people who,
though gathered in a group and talking together, seemed to be eating and drinking alone.

Another disorienting feature was the emergence of semantic coherence from
conversations taking place beyond the confines of our table. Though the background
chatter seemed bizarrely muted, as though q-tip swabs had been stuffed in my ears
(America is on the whole far quieter than Vietnam), whole sentences now intruded
themselves on my attention, in part because of the relative quiet, but mostly because the
people around me were speaking my native language, in intonations, syntax, and idioms I
knew – and which, the instant I heard them, seemed all-too familiar. It was sinking in on
me that I had returned to a land of clichés, adenoidal elocutions, and grim predictability.
I had grown to love conversations I barely understood and which were full of surprises if
explained to me in the abridged version. I had grown to love the ambient pitch and
intonation of conversations that did not concern me (even if perhaps they included
comments about me) because I had no idea what was being said: I could enjoy the
language as music and sheer conviviality. But here, in this restaurant, it was not an
inherently indecipherable and hence enjoyable music: here, the easily understood
meanings and transparent intentions overshadowed the auditory joy and removed the
mystery. Regrettably, I understood what people were saying.

Even the bill and the manner of paying seemed unsociable and clumsy. It was not
simply a question of the prices, which were horrifying even if one adjusted for income.
Early on, while scanning the menu, the prices had taken my breath away – like jumping
into an ice-cold lake – but when, after dessert, and after more conversation with our new-
found friend the waitress, the arrival of the final bill and our handling of it proved nothing less than depressing. Though someone had invited, no one paid for all – no, we each sorted out who had what – and pitched in. A year ago this would have seemed perfectly normal. But now this seemed improper, anti-social, and simply wrong. Moreover, in my gut it felt indecent to spend this much on a meal when some of our friends we’d just left didn’t make that much money in a month.

It was nice to see our friends. It was horrifying to be back.

It seems like such a little thing – eating an orange – how you cut it and how you swallow it … and yet …

You start with a small orange – which is really misnamed because it is more green than orange. It has a delicate peel that you pull easily away from the flesh, sometimes in a single, long, spiral strip. And then you or one of your friends separates the orange into segments – placing the crescent-shaped cells on the peel – and as you talk or work or do some of both, you offer or accept sections of the orange – a sweet, slow comestible.

As opposed to taking a knife and hacking many times straight through a thick-skinned orange whose color lives up to its name. And then, while hovering over the sink, or hunched over a plate, tearing the flesh away from the wedges of peel with your teeth, letting the emptied, triangular shells drop into the sink or onto the plate, or even directly into the open and beckoning maw of the kitchen garbage can. So fast, efficient, and oh so lonely.

How you eat an orange says a lot about how you live.
The airport taxi arrived too soon, breakfast was hurried, we’d barely finished at the hotel desk, our bags, carriers of our portable life, were being wrested out of our hands and into the taxi. For two weeks now we’d been saying goodbye to all our friends, saying farewell to the closest of all just the night before when they had come to visit us at the hotel, and now we were being delivered once more into the hands of strangers. To passively occupy a cab – just the two of us – with someone else driving, was a regression, having divested ourselves of the Honda Alpha Wave motorbike less than twelve hours before. The driver knew a savvy route, one we’d not expected, and so we did not lay eyes once more on the sights of our neighborhood, not on Giảng Vô street, Cát Linh street, or Văn Miếu, but instead we wound through the even tighter streets of the old quarter. Even before we reached the Dike Road it was all too fast, as, just beyond the blur of motorbikes, the intricate quilt of narrow buildings and alleys rushed by. I say rushed by, and yet we were still late on account of the morning traffic. In my case, the blur of the buildings and roads was worsened by tears. I found myself not wanting to leave a place to which I had not wished to come. I was like Proust light.

The bum’s rush out of Hanoi only got worse at the airport. The ticketing line was all messed up. (I’d like to use a more elegant phrase, but none describes the scene quite so well.) A middle-aged Italian man who seemed to be taking several middle-aged Vietnamese women on a labor junket, was alternating by making ugly noises at one of his companions and then at the ticket-agent. A male ticket agent arrived, but the tension did not decrease. When our turn at the counter came, the agent, still off-balance, forgot to tell us to pay the exit fee before going through customs. We passed through customs and reached our turn at the security check. Unfortunately, the two young men there were
engaged in eyeing a pair of legs one line over, and were not to be disrupted by something like their job. Maggie made a remark in Vietnamese, and I coughed. Rare mistakes on our part, I might add, but fatal. So they riffled and scrutinized our tickets, then scrutinized and riffled some more, and concluded after much smirking deliberation that we still needed a ticket. Never mind that we had a ticket. But they did not care to specify which ticket we needed exactly, and pointed to another counter. We went, and were told there that yes, we did need a ticket, that we had to go back to the ticket counter. Said ticket counter, of course, was on the other side of customs. As we tried to walk back our passports were taken from us by an obliging customs agent who said he would hold them for us while we went to the ticketing counter – where the Italian, too, had returned and was now ranting about wanting his luggage back. Our turn came again, and we were told quite simply that we had to pay the exit fee, available at a window placed just our side of customs. Fee paid, and passports reclaimed, back at security, we chose to stand in the other line, but were sent back to our lusty and surly young fellows, who smiled, and let us through. Aside from a checking in at a neighborhood police station the day we arrived, this was the only repugnant official treatment we had received in an entire year. Sadly, it was the finishing push of the bum’s rush. We barely had time before boarding to text message and talk to our friends on our phones – phones that we were pretty sure would no longer work once we touched down an hour and a half later in Bangkok. We were right about this. And so six minutes in the boarding lounge and a few last minute messages were all we had left of an entire year.
The next morning, ungodly early, at the Bangkok airport, our eyes barely ajar, after checking in at the ticket counter, we queued up for a flight on an American carrier. It was a series of lines, in fact, and unlike Hanoi, the security staff did not pore too much over our paperwork. Nonetheless, we might have sped things up if we’d just handed them some surgical gloves and KY jelly. Too bad neither of these was among my toiletries, for they started by seizing half of these. And what matter to me? I already felt like shit, I might as well look and smell that way too. Yes, to return to the so-called land of the free, our proof of good citizenship was to strip ourselves half-naked – ditching the shoes, the belt, the watch, the spare change - and then, after passing through the electronic arbor, letting people in uniforms grope our legs and torsos. We then had to open our carry-on luggage and watch other uniformed personnel poke and prod the contents. My designated inspector even lifted my camera out of its case for visual inspection. But tell me – if you were a dedicated terrorist – wouldn’t you know how to hide a bomb inside a camera without changing its weight or appearance? Wouldn’t you be clever enough to make your piece of Armageddon look as innocuous and as user-friendly as any Kodak or Canon?

For the first time in twelve hours I suddenly found myself staring at my real future rather than the imagined present of my immediate Hanoi past. I suddenly realized that we were returning to the land of paranoia – the land, actually, of litigation, for all these measures did not so much minimize terrorism as minimize the potential for recriminate lawsuits in the event of a terrorist act. My belt back on, my watch still one notch too loose, my carry-on luggage re-fastened but still bearing the shame of violation,
I sought out the remotest seat of the boarding gate, a dark space under the stairs, closed my eyes, and wished to God that I was flying in another direction.

This wasn’t just a move. It was a rehearsal of death. We weren’t just packing all our things and sending them along to the next place, the representation of an unbridled future. No, to put the residue of our life into limited storage until our return one year later, we had to examine everything, evaluate it, and wonder why on earth it was worth keeping. Perhaps if I had not so recently sorted through my mother’s life as represented by objects I might have been less sensitive to this. Perhaps if many of the objects I had to evaluate had not been hers, or my father’s, or my grandparents or even my great-grandparents it might have been less depressing. Yet all these effects were like so much dead snake-skin, and made me regard my own assortment in a new light: I suddenly had no wish to collect and remember; instead, I wanted to be forgotten. I was turning into my mother’s child; my mother, who had refused to allow any memorial service, my mother who enlisted me as an accomplice to her nearly full erasure. I threw out the journals I had studiously kept since the age of fourteen, for these were just repetitions in bad handwriting and overwrought language of the same pedestrian issues taking on new guises. I certainly didn’t care to read them. And if I didn’t, who would? I cast out the materials recently compiled while gaining my MA in French. I reduced my books by half, and whittled thousands of LP’s down to five boxes. I put the excellent but also gigantic Hi-Fi speaker my father had built in the 60’s out on the curb for the first human vulture who might want it. Aside from several valued but portable items of my forbears and a few of my own, my criteria was this: will it be useful when we come back?
Can we sit on it, work at it, cook with it, clean with it, or the like? Of course I kept all my old typewritten manuscripts, mostly unpublished, but part of me wanted to hurl them out the 10th storey window as well.

A one-year move abroad is further complicated by the fact that you have to keep in mind what you’ll need to take with you so that you don’t inadvertently throw it away or put it in storage. So in addition to cleaning up the apartment, placing things in boxes, saying goodbye, and shutting down services, you are trying to set aside important documents, appropriate clothes, billing information, addresses, and the like. The psychology of such a move is equally complex. You know that in one year you will be reversing the process, and except for the things you threw away, you will again be facing the things you packed up and stored. And in my case I suspected I would be confronted again by the same urge to erasure. The thought repeatedly crossed my mind that a single grenade in our 6 x 10 foot storage unit would resolve many of these issues.

In the final frenzy of renting a truck, hoisting a bed that wouldn’t fit in the elevator down ten flights of stairs, checking out with the landlord, and getting our six travel bags in order, some of the emotional trauma was mitigated by the sheer level of nuisance. Physical frenzy is sometimes a good balm for woe. By seven p.m. the storage unit was piled high with what we had seen fit to store until our return. I had disassembled much of the furniture for future reassembly and use, and two bicycles and some cleaning goods were the last items I struggled to squeeze in. I stood back, sweat pouring down my forehead, and gazed at the panoply of stuff. There was a solemn stillness to it all, so intricately stacked and arranged. It was a coffin for our life. Glad to be done with it, I pulled down the corrugated aluminum door and fastened the padlock.
Fortunately, my sore muscles outweighed my sore mind as we headed for the airport early the next morning, and I was thrilled just to be leaving all that stuff behind.

One year and two weeks later, we re-opened the tomb. Everything was just as it had been, save for a fine layer of dust. Inside that compartment bound by tin, cement and chicken-wire, it was as though no time had passed. To my eyes it seemed as though I had just blinked and re-opened the door right after shutting it. To my mind, however, the welter of stuff looked even more superfluous than before. Was it really all so necessary? In fact, no. Though Maggie was genuinely happy to see some of the things, she also shared my reaction, and as soon as we had leased a new apartment, rented a truck, and reversed the whole storage process, we spent a week ridding ourselves of boxes and boxes of books and of many of the objects that only a year before had seemed so worth saving. More selective than a grenade, to be sure, but harder on the personality, which, in doing so, is forced to recognize its own provisional nature. Such a move, then, is something more than a rehearsal of death.

Bathing will never be the same. The truth is this: a bathtub/shower combination is extremely confining, though you may never have thought so if that’s what you’ve been accustomed to for most of your life. It seems natural enough, to be sure. But only because we are used to stepping way up over the edge of the tub, turning tightly in a small, smooth space to slide the semi-transparent door or curtain (whichever you may happen to have) across the length of the tub so that the water destined to splash off your body will know its place and be safely contained. Of course you most often perform this
nimble maneuver shortly after rising out of bed, possibly the least nimble hour of the day.

It’s no wonder people often hurt their necks and backs in the shower – whether leaping back from a jet of icy water, stooping forward to adjust the pressure, or pursuing an errant bar of soap. The space is like a small length of jetliner aisle, with motion reduced to almost nothing. The water, too, comes from a fixed point on the wall, requiring you to contort so as to oblige its trajectory – again, all this in the early hours of the morning when the speech center grunts and the muscles groan. Can you manage a true squat to wash your feet in one of these porcelain maidens? Perhaps with the greatest of effort, like a giraffe tethered to a milking machine.

My guess is that, given this place of confinement, the cracks between your toes are rarely visited directly by your fingers or soap.

Now let me describe a viable alternative, one found commonly in Hanoi: this is what you might call the bathroom without borders. Here, the shower is not sequestered from the rest of the room like a deranged relative. The whole room, in effect, is a shower, with the convenient inclusion of a toilet and a sink. A drain is set in the tile floor, the floor being slightly inclined so water will flow to it, then down it, from all sides. One of the beauties of this arrangement is that if any of these three bathroom appliances overflows, the water has somewhere more logical to go than into the rooms directly below. What’s more, the shower head is not merely mounted on the wall, but sports a long flexible hose that can be aimed where and as one likes. There is more than ample room for moving about – you can not only sing in this shower, but dance as well. Of course is it just as slippery as the bathtub/shower combination, but that is why you wear *dep* – plastic sandals – whenever you step in and out of the room. This bathroom
stays clean not only because you in effect wash the floor every time you shower, but because you are not dragging the dregs of the street in on your shoes! And because the entire room is designed to get wet, you are not required to towel yourself dry right after showering (yet another recipe for hurting oneself during early morning rigor mortis.) Instead, you can drip dry as you shave, groom, and brush your teeth. There is a learning curve to all this, of course – for instance, aiming the water-jet away from the toilet-seat – but the ergonomic gain is clearly a boon if one wants to actually enjoy the morning ablutions. Give the body more room, more leash, and it will learn to make use of it. Mine certainly did, for within weeks of showering in such a room, I found myself squatting like a frog to wash my toes with my fingers, rearing back like an elephant to enjoy the water-jet, stretching my arms freely wide like an albatross, and strutting happily like a peacock just to greet the day.

I have tried several times now to write about Hanoi – about walking, driving, eating, sleeping and living there - and each time afterwards, when I read what I’ve written I am struck by how my descriptions might easily be taken as knocks against the place. This is the reverse of my aim. And I confess it puzzled me until I thought about it at greater length. Then it struck me: if you are presenting a reversal of values but are addressing an audience still inhabiting a pre-reversed order, what you present is bound to seem occasionally odd, messed up much of the time, and repulsive or dismal at worst. Having arrived in Hanoi from that pre-reversed universe myself, for months I found many things odd, messed up and repulsive. But, having experienced a reversal of values, I can now think about identical situations and details and consider them regular, ordained,
and pleasing. As the playwright Plautus said: give me some lines and I can turn them from tragedy to comedy without changing a word. Similarly, things that might have appalled me before (though undergoing no substantive change) can now make me break out in a wide smile. So it is important for me to keep in mind that the few people who read my descriptions are likely to have responses running the gamut from incomprehension to queasiness.

Take oddness, for example. I had two students, originally from Haiphong, Hiệp and Hằng, who visited three mornings a week for two hours of English tutoring. Maggie was often at the museum when we finished the lesson at eleven, and they always asked who I was going to eat lunch with. I usually answered that I would be eating lunch alone, and smiled. I could tell by the pout of Hằng’s lower lip and the sudden uni-brow on Hiệp’s forehead that my response was either sad or weird or both, and that my smile was mystifying. I then explained that I liked eating lunch alone, which brought some relief to their stricken features. I doubt if they believed me, but I wasn’t lying – for just as in Honolulu and Seattle – I did like eating lunch alone. But soon they began to sporadically tote items along for lunch, providing each dish as we ate it with a running commentary on its origins, ingredients and health benefits. On occasion, they invited me to go to lunch, we’d go, and then I’d reciprocate by inviting them to lunch. The truth of it is, by May, when they asked if I was eating alone, I gave them exactly the same answer as before – but the smile was no longer genuine. Where once I had once relished eating alone, without interruption, or chatter, it had become … well, sad. To me it had seemed odd that people would always want to eat with others, but now, well, now it seemed odd that I
would want to eat alone. Here, a small reversal of values: personal space and solitude yielding place to community and conviviality.

For messed up, no shortage of examples. Our house was on an alley feeding into a very broad and congested street named Cát Linh. The house stood precisely at the spot where the alley diverged into a network of even smaller alleys, called ngáchs, where even nimble Hanoians had to dismount and walk their motorbikes. The houses on our alley, like nearly all Hanoi houses, were tall and narrow – like square lighthouses – with most walls abutting directly on other houses. Because we had a ngách on one side and an alley on the front, we had the luxury of two open walls. House-fronts on the alley side were about fifteen feet away, and close as this might seem, it was still spacious compared to the distance on the ngách side: any NBA player could have done push-ups with his feet on the ledge of our kitchen window and his hands on the ledge of our neighbor’s. Things were so tight that if you were so inclined you could have easily spit from any window and hit the house opposite. What it all boils down to is this: you and your neighbors live on top of each other. From dawn to eleven at night you hear each other talking, shouting, laughing, coughing, hocking phlegm – there was one woman whose horrible cough always forced me (not without some difficulty) to repress a laugh, for it always expired in a waning moan as though she were breathing her last. The noises of the neighbors were augmented by itinerant vendors, who often squatted and arranged their fruit on our front doorstep, and whose cries circulated continually through the narrow lanes, wafting up on cold winter mornings like the laments of lost ghosts. Messed up? I certainly thought so at first, wondering: how can people live with this onslaught of racket? – motorbikes, TVs, kids playing, grandparents yelling at the kids, the constant hammering and clanking
of the motorcycle repair shop in the “level 4” housing next door? Once, when Maggie
was on her mobi-phone on the ground floor, the person on the other end asked her if she
was at the swimming pool. “No,” she answered, “just in the living room.” But now I
wonder: what is so perfect and privileged about a place where all living human presence
has been sucked out as if by a vacuum? How can you not love this ambient hum, this
cradling caress of human life? Though densely populated and intensely noisy, our alley
and its ngáchs, in our district, in our neighborhood, did not constitute a ghetto or a slum.
Though not as pristine as some suburban American boulevard with an esplanade, it was
in no way derelict. People gently swept outside their doors at least twice a day, often
sprinkled the dust down with water, and a community work detail gathered diligently
every Saturday at the banging of a pan just outside our door at 6:45 am. The noise at the
juncture of our alley and several ngáchs was a symphony in which everyone played an
instrument and added a part.

As for the shift from repulsive to delightful - where to start? With dog? Pig-brain
soup? Or fertilized baby duck-eggs? Let me dispose of these latter two by reporting that
I have repeatedly woken up since my return dreaming of eating each of these, and am
sorely disappointed each time when I awaken. Let’s leave these two succulencies aside,
then, and for what you are most likely to find repulsive, let us speak instead about dog.
Starting with the morning when, pausing on my motorbike during rush hour, I glanced to
my left, and saw on the nearest motorbike an array of shriveled canine snouts in stacked
alternation with hollow canine rectums. Balanced and strapped securely, the dogs looked
like clones - alike in size, with bronzed and nearly hairless skins gleaming in the pale
winter sun. For many months after I could not think of eating dog without a visceral
intestinal twinge, but as time wore on I began to wonder if I might not someday have the strength to try it. And as the pleasant weather of Tết gave way to the warming, mildewey Spring and then to the suffocating summer, it did not strike me as so horrid. And so in July, I cheerfully accepted the invitation of one of my classes to go and try it. Between the invitation and the event I had two days to think about it, and as we planned to go immediately after the Saturday morning class, I admit that I found myself feeling queasy while teaching that morning. Class over, though, we formed a motorbike caravan in the parking lot, and headed over to Nui Trúc street. Quite close to our house on Cát Linh, this is known for its many establishments serving Fido. And I would be lying if I told you that it didn’t taste good. It was prepared many ways: boiled (still with the skin – well, this wasn’t so much to my liking - I don’t like fried pork rinds much either); roasted, tasty if dipped in shrimp paste; then bowls of liver and sundry other organs; but the best was saved for last – dog stew. The meat was so tender that it fell apart without chewing. And though I assure you that it tasted good, I cannot say what it tasted like. It tasted like meat. Like dog meat, in fact. Not like chicken or goat or beef – it was like itself. And anyway, if it tasted like chicken or goat or beef – or even tofu – why not just eat those things instead? Must everything always exist in comparison?

In any case, as the six or seven of us ate dog in various guises and drank beer together I also received a wealth of information about it – it is especially good for men’s strength and health, couples do not go to eat dog together, there are certain periods of the lunar calendar when it should be avoided or sought out, and, as I learned later, it is a good meal if one wants to curtail the continuation of a suspected string of bad luck.
I am not saying that everyone should run out and eat the nearest firehouse Dalmatian or covet Fluffy for dinner. I only want to say that aside from the flavor it’s really no different than eating a cow or a pig, and greatly to be enjoyed if you are in good company.

But again, I have to consider that you may be coming to this from the universe of pre-reversed values. I might be able to make you see what I saw, while failing, however, to make you feel what I felt. It is the risk I run. I may be preaching Matthew or John to a confirmed Satanist. I just ask you to keep in mind that through it all my intent is not to demean, but to praise.

Kierkegaard talked about a leap of faith. I need something a bit simpler: a leap of the imagination. It is Christmastime at the Ala Moana Mall. Traditional songs play, the kid’s train makes its way up and down the main concourse, red, green and white lights glimmer everywhere. It is Christmastime at Frederick and Nelson’s in Seattle. Traditional songs play, Santa holds court for children, red, green and white lights glimmer everywhere. It is Christmastime at the world’s first suburban shopping mall, Northgate. Traditional songs play, Salvation Army bells jingle, there are red, green and white lights everywhere. It is Christmastime at the Ala Moana Mall. I have presents to buy. There are choices everywhere. Nothing appeals. The first story I ever published had a Christmas theme. That does not cheer me. I think of Jimmy Stewart in It’s a Wonderful Life. Frank Capra made good war propaganda, too. I think of blazing fireplaces and annual readings of The Christmas Carol. Cratchet objected to Christmas frivolity only because it interfered with his desire to amass money. At least he liked
something. What do these lights and these interminably repeated songs have to do with me? It is not simply anhedonia, or the inability to enjoy things. It is the inability to enjoy what is before me now, and not only what is before me now, but to enjoy what is before me now as though I had never seen it before, as though I had not seen it already every year for decades. It is Christmastime at the Ala Moana Mall. I have presents to buy. There are choices everywhere. Nothing appeals. I am in desperate need: I need a leap of the imagination.

It was nearly Tết. The car moved forward on the levee that seemed too narrow for it. A man dismounted his bicycle and approached from the other direction. It was late afternoon and the haze behind him was mildly illuminated by the sun. Behind him, too, you could make out the lines of trees and cluster of buildings that defined the town we’d just left. In all other directions, the haze hovered over endless fields here and there enlivened by a motorbike, a cow, or men and women shouldering their tools homeward. Our friend Tham chirped excitedly in the front passenger seat, and the driver stopped. We stepped quickly out of the car (but carefully, too, on that narrow levee) and in only a few seconds she had introduced us to her father, the man with the bike. Both she and her father had smiles that were as warming as sunlight. His bicycle basket was overflowing with bundles of incense. He had been heading out to honor the ancestral graves, but had turned back when he had heard the car, hoping it was his daughter. They had planned to burn the incense together. But it was late now, and she needed to show the driver the way to their house. A brief discussion resulted in her father asking us if we could help him with the ancestral offerings. It seemed impertinent for us to accept – as we did not
know either him or the ancestors - but it seemed even more impertinent to refuse. And though hesitant at first, we cheerfully agreed. Our friend climbed back into the car. The car retraced its path along the levee in reverse gear, and we accompanied her father, who, still walking the bike, had resumed his original course.

Occupying a patch of ground as high as the levee, the tombs clustered in the village graveyard proved to be closer in the gently lit haze than they had seemed when he had first pointed them out. The head, and then the rest of a cow, greeted us from around the corner of the nearest tomb. She then nonchalantly passed us by. These were reburial tombs, raised alcoves on large bases, with names, dates and pictures at eye level. Within, unseen, grouped by family, were cleaned and consolidated remains. Tham’s father gave explanations to Maggie in Vietnamese about the lineages as he led us to each tomb on his route. At the first tomb, he demonstrated how to light the incense wrappers and use them as a punk for igniting the incense. He handed us several lit sticks, then placed the ones he still held in the ash-filled stand and bowed three times. He invited us to do the same. I wasn’t quite sure what I should think about as I did so, but as I followed the physical formula, I tried to interiorize the moment: the fields, the haze, the wisp of a man with twinkling eyes, and the array of ancestors from the village of Duyen Phuc. As we made the round of tombs he invited us to take a turn at lighting the incense. The afternoon breeze was picking up, and we tried as best we could to use our bodies as windbreaks. He was much more adept than either of us, that was for sure. All three of us laughed when I reached out to snag an incense wrapper that was escaping on the wind and threatened to become litter. There were wrappers and scrap-papers everywhere, some of them firmly planted in the abundant cow-pies. My concern for one piece of litter was
clearly alien, and more than somewhat absurd. In the slanting sun, in the breeze and haze, we burned incense at numerous tombs. The basket finally empty, the three of us walked back together along the levee. Eventually, we entered the stone walls and paths of the village proper and before long entered their two-room house, where members of this family had lived continuously for a hundred and fifty years, and where we had been invited to have dinner and spend the night nestled in the bosom of the family.

My cell phone beeped at me once from the bedside table. Christmas Eve had just turned into Christmas Day – that is, it was a few minutes after midnight. A smile came to my face as I identified the sound that was waking me up. Someone had sent me a text message. One of my favorite parts of living in Hanoi had been the joy of text messaging – the forced brevity, the creative use of phonetic abbreviations – and the ease and warmth of sending and receiving electronic impulses whose greatest message was not even textual but simply to communicate to people who were not present that you knew they were alive. I had made it a habit to silence my Hanoi mobile phone when going to bed at night, since my friends messaged me often and late. But I no longer bothered doing so with my new Honolulu phone, since nobody indulged me in text messaging.

So when the Honolulu cell phone beeped at me from the bedside table, I smiled as I would have in Hanoi, and continued smiling because it brought back such good memories. But I was also smiling out of curiosity. I had received several messages on the new phone, none of them intended for me. The first had come on the third Thursday of November, wishing me a Happy Thanksgiving. The second, later that day, announced
to me: “Bobby just died - check the forums.” After that second message I was tempted to send a return message, letting the sender know that these messages were probably not finding their intended recipient. But my bemusement and curiosity got the better of me, and I did not respond. A few other messages came, with some cryptic alliterative coding, but these were just spam, and did not show the same sending number with the local 808 prefix. Ten days before Christmas, a crude and not even remotely funny joke about inbreeding came from the now-familiar 808 number. My amusement at the continuing one-sided exchange still surpassed my dislike of the joke: why text message someone who doesn’t message back? And why, if that’s the case, text a joke like that? The joke itself now made me identify the sender as a male, although you never really know. And as for the gender of the intended recipient? Who could tell? Who was I supposed to be? In this exchange, who was I? Was I young? Old? Male? Female? A friend or a sibling? I had suggestive clues, but no definite markers. My status was appealingly fluid.

So, as I reached out a few minutes after midnight, I smiled, partly because I knew that somebody, somewhere, was sending a message. That it was not being sent to me was really beside the point. I flipped the phone open, and read the message:

Merry Christmas! :)

“And Merry Xmas 2 u 2, whoever u r! :)” I thought, smiling widely, and wanting to return the wish by text. But if I had done that, I would also have felt obliged to tell this stranger (in my mind clearly male now) that he was texting the wrong number.

It also struck me, on the downside, that by not responding, by spurning the sender with silence, I might actually be making his Christmas less joyous.
Yet I was too selfish to respond and put this to an end - these messages reminded me of such good things. And I was curious as well, not wanting to deprive myself of further glimpses into this invisible relationship that to me was so puzzling and amusing to parse.

Maybe if he texts me at New Year’s I will let him know – not about my vicarious voyeurism – but simply that he’s got the wrong number.

But then again, maybe I won’t, as even letting go of silly things can be so hard.

The old black and white version of The Quiet American was showing at the Hanoi Cinémathèque. This pleasant venue was run by an American and appealed mostly to foreigners living in this capital city, a group which might be viewed positively as a diverse community, or negatively as a small coterie, and which ran the gamut from embassy personnel, NGO staff and English teachers, to tourists and backpackers. For some reason the more long-term members of this community seldom referred to themselves as foreigners, opting for the slicker and more appealing euphemism, ex-pat. Here was reason to puzzle. Why would people identify themselves, not by their current standing in a place, but instead, obliquely, by their standing outside of some other unspecified place? Whether ex-pat or foreigner, there were clear perks to be enjoyed,\(^1\) so why this willingness to embrace such an indirect identification?

Puzzle or not, in the soft chairs of the Cinémathèque, the foreigners or ex-pats sat down, some with wine in hand, to watch a movie about foreigners or ex-pats in

---

Especially for those whose physiques bore clear signs of Caucasian ancestry: there were venues where locals paid to park but you did not, you were not required as locals were to check bags into a locker before shopping, and the traffic police never pulled you out of the crowd to the side of the road with a threatening wave of the baton.
Vietnam, written by a talented foreigner and sometimes ex-pat by the name of Graham Green. The title of the movie was appropriately oblique – for it was not so much about a quiet American as it was about a needy Englishman. This middle-aged journalist, having resided in Vietnam for eons, upon realizing that he is losing his Vietnamese mistress to a young American, determines that he wants to divorce his British wife so he can marry the mistress. He colludes, ostensibly for political reasons, in the American rival’s assassination. Though he treats his mistress like little more than a hare-brained lapdog, complains constantly about the country and its people (even though he lives sheltered in its upper crust), and though he even stoops as morally low as murder to remedy his own love panic, he remains somehow strangely pitiable. He is lost, and more alone than he knows, for his one trusted friend, as it turns out, has been setting him up for another end-game. He is so pathetic that the actor playing him (and the other actors as well) can almost be forgiven for butchering the name of the mistress at least every other time, truncating a toned diphthong, Phùong, into a short, flat, and less nuanced, “Fong.” In this way, even one of the movies failings added more fuel to its indictment of Vietnam’s resident foreigners of decades past.

The wine long gone, any pleasure destroyed by this effectively unpleasant movie, did any members of the audience emerge blinking out of alley 22B and onto Hai Bà Trung street, looking up and down that night-darkened avenue, thinking: I, too, am a foreigner here. Am I any different? What the hell am I doing here?

Or was I the only one?
Imagine Thanksgiving, Christmas, Easter, Halloween and New Year’s all thrown together, and you have some idea of the magnitude of the holiday dedicated to the lunar New Year, whose abbreviated name is simply Tét. Due to the vagaries of the lunar calendar, this festival, like Easter, is a moveable feast, and does not fall on the same day each year. Like Christmas, it entails weeks of prior preparation – the ferrying home of orange trees and peach-blossom trees by motorbike, extra house-cleaning for anticipated visitors, and the dispatching of extra tasks at work because of the two-week hiatus on the horizon. Tét even has a fruitcake doppelganger – bánh chưng – a round or square rice cake larded with egg and pork and wrapped in banana-leaves – which everyone gives to everyone else and is frequently re-gifted.

Tét resembles Thanksgiving in its emphasis on extensive feeding and visiting. In the week or two before Tét, our friends frequently expressed concern that we had not laid in enough food. We did not fully understand their anxiety until we discovered that Hanoi shut down completely – not just for one or two days, but for a week and more, only starting, after the fifth day, to show some signs of life, then returning to full strength, gradually, like a power-grid over the next ten days. Because of the total shutdown, you had to stock the larder in advance. Even the street vendors vanished and when the bread seller finally returned, we thought it was someone new, because her vocal chords, relaxed after the long break, had an entirely different timbre. We had in fact emptied our cupboard and refrigerator after six days, and even the French-run restaurant we resorted to in this exigency had run out of potatoes and nearly everything else: at this juncture all they had to offer was a hamburger on a roll. It was the first time I had ever seen Maggie eat a hamburger. However, much to her surprise, she did quite enjoy it.
Tết is also like Halloween in that the spirit-world is thought to be near. On the eve of Tết, small altars and portable chimneys appeared on our neighbors’ narrow balconies and front stoops as they burned offerings to their family spirits. Some performed this early in the day, but as the evening advanced, more and more did so. Our landlord, Cô Đúc, came with her youngest son to render service at her family’s altar, which was housed behind a red curtain on the top-floor landing of our house. Arriving around seven o’clock, they brought food, wine, and incense, and did not leave until around nine. They told us to be sure the next day to eat some of the fruit and food they had left on the altar. I had in no way planned to stay up for the turning of the year, and was already in bed, but with the incredible racket that must have signaled the arrival of midnight, I felt compelled to go up to the roof for a look. Out of the din as I went up the stairs, I identified the distinct sound of people banging on pans with kitchen utensils – a sound I had not heard at New Year’s since I was a small child. We used to do this at the turning of the New Year at my Dad’s urging; our neighbors never did this, and at hearing this familiar sound I wondered if it was perhaps something he had picked up in China at the end of World War II. Emerging onto the roof, I was astounded to find the entire top of the neighborhood lit up. Usually the uppermost levels of the houses were plunged in darkness – at most one could see the shadows of people hanging laundry, and sometimes, two floors down, men in lit rooms playing cards on the floor – but tonight the upper floors were all lit, and offerings were burning in the plentiful portable tin ovens. I saw men, women and children climbing up to the roofs on ladders and staircases I hadn’t even known existed. They were all seeking views of the firework displays over lakes in two directions. After being sufficiently bowled over by the life and light on the rooftops, I
went back inside, but paused just inside the doorway to the rooftop deck, pulled back the red curtain, and peered in at the large and ornately carved wooden altar. I saw the array of fruit and wine, and the fresh ash of many burnt incense sticks. I then descended to bed. That night I was visited in my sleep: my Dad flew in from outside the roof to the altar. Looking physically robust as in life, he was, however, dressed somewhat differently, for he was now wearing the full garments and hat of a Confucian scholar. He inquired about descendants, and his eyes lit up with joy as he reached, with a big smile, for the wine on the altar.

The following notes are cribbed from a journal entry, which, even that evening I had given the title: Ông Tây Goes Fishing. Ông Tây in this case would be me. During a fishing excursion at a small recreational lake a few kilometers from Hanoi, children, surprised to see me at this wholly non-tourist venue, heralded my sighting by repeatedly shouting “Ông Tây! Ông Tay!” which means, more or less, “Mister West!” or “Uncle West!”

7/07/07 7 AM Meet at Opera house on motorbikes. Hammock, little Nở, a Chihuahua, lychee, fish-egg berries, sound of the chicken being killed for our lunch. Hà, (Hằng’s sister) engagedly eating chicken feet, rows of knuckles at a time, Hằng feeding brain of chicken to Nở, we all eat chicken stomach, chicken liver, and chicken eggs (fresh from the ovary). Wash my hands with rao muồng and another green leafy veggie – Mom’s suggestion – odor remover, then Hằng with the hand-sanitizer, floss and Listerine, Mom stays with the greens, but
declines the floss. Brother-in-law an avid fisherman – I broke one of his poles with my first catch. Rotate places on the hammock w/the dog – after lunch, laid out like a row of sardines on the floor for a nap – then more fishing – my long path to and from the bathrooms traceable by high-pitched calls of “Ông Tây! Ông Tây!” Language problems with everyone but Lê Anh and Hằng, but even then some. Anh Bánh Mì 700 AM to 6 PM some fishing, some loafing, watching the neighbors, hogs, heron, eucalyptus, breeze, blue sky, puffy clouds, now more, now less. Dragonfly is mostly on the pole. Communication is hard. Got my foot caught in the hammock, hit my head on the fan, wore my shoes, (accidentally) into hut (trying of course to handle the pole carefully) hit my head on the roof-beam once. Got sunburn – farmer-style – fun interacting with neighbor fishing parties – karaoke, large geese, chickens feeding by motorbikes when returning – leaving, evidently no rush, though I was impatient by now.

fishing all morning

Em Lê Anh

catches one dragonfly

The first time I went to see the flag lowering at Ba Đình Square, in front of the Hồ Chí Minh Mausoleum, it was cold and humid, in either late December or early January. All four of us – Maggie, myself, and the Haiphong students Hiệp and Hằng – were bundled in multiple shirts, coats, hats and scarves. We’d stopped there after going for coffee in an equally cold and humid café perched atop the slight rise in terrain above
West Lake. We’d never heard of the nightly flag lowering ceremony – it was not on the
typical ex-pat or tourist itinerary – but were glad to accept the couple’s invitation to go see it. We parked our motorbikes on the sidewalk leading toward the tall bronze cauldron dedicated to the war martyrs, then backtracked to Ba Đình Square itself. In spite of the cold there were a few hundred people on a small portion of the vast square, loosely agglomerating on the section of grass and walkways facing the flag-stand and the Mausoleum itself. We had arrived a few minutes early, but many soldiers in standard green uniforms were already present. Soon they cleared the stragglers up over the curb, onto the grass, and away from the flag-stand. Some of the soldiers posted themselves behind the crowd – Hiệp explained with a mischievous grin that this was to make sure that couples were not holding hands or kissing during the flag lowering.

A blast of martial music from the public address horns mounted on poles announced the start of the ceremony. Soldiers in immaculate white uniforms marched immaculately out from behind the left side of the tomb to the square. The music continued, a smaller detail of soldiers separated from the marching line and lowered the vast red flag with the yellow star. With the newly-folded flag held ceremoniously forward in the vanguard, the soldiers reversed course, and marched immaculately away, disappearing again behind the Mausoleum. The soldiers in charge of comportment relaxed and the crowd casually disassembled. Hiệp and Hàng both told us how proud they felt about their country whenever they came to watch this, and to see them so moved was the most moving part of the ceremony.

Ba Đình Square is also a place where people exercise in the early morning hours and the evening. It was only a quarter-hour walk from our house, and many times in May
and June I set out on foot after dusk for the square, in shorts and a sleeveless shirt, a bottle of water in tow. I could not stand being cooped up in the house doing something as mundane as watching TV or DVDs. I could do that anywhere in the world. But outside my door I knew there was a city that was alive with activity. It was also a way to cope with the heat. Summer temperatures had arrived in May, so even before setting foot outside the door I was already sweating. At least at the Square a good breeze riffled this way and that, creating a natural cooling while walking. On sultry summer evenings whole families sought out the Square. It was like a giant picnic ground minus the food, and when walking on the grid of paved paths criss-crossing the grass, I had to keep an eye out not only for those who were walking, running, or doing stationary aerobics, but for toddlers and their older siblings who scurried and squeaked everywhere. I was often announced to parents with excited shouts of “Ông Tây! Ông Tây!” Some nights I doubled the distance of the Square five times or more; other nights, perhaps when there was less breeze or I when was less energized, I only made it up and down once or twice. As the hour for flag-lowering neared, the numbers of adults and children swelled, and walking became even more problematic. I always left long before the actual ceremony began at 8:45.

I did attend the ceremony once more, in mid-July. I’d invited a friend from Hawaii, a historian, who was in Hanoi doing research. He, like us, had never heard about the flag-lowering. It was a hot and humid night, but it was not raining. We arrived a few minutes early. Several thousand people had arrived long before us. My friend was amazed by this rout of families: tykes and fathers and mothers and women and mothers who were also clearly mothers-to-be in this Golden Pig Year. There were more
“comportment” guards than there had been in December, proportionate, however, to the number of people. Though they started clearing the space between the Mausoleum and the grassed area sooner than they had in December, people only slowly filtered up over the curb, and the soldiers had to use more forceful body language. We took our place in the crowd, aiming as always to be inconspicuous but with typical unsuccess. An old woman carrying some old cardboard was doing some indiscriminate shouting, and after spotting us, came our way. She shouted at me and pointed at the soldiers in the cleared area. I smiled and nodded but had absolutely no idea what she was saying. I looked at my friend, fluent in Vietnamese. He ignored my silent appeal. I then used one of my three compound Vietnamese sentences to extricate myself: “I’m sorry but I don’t speak Vietnamese and I don’t understand.” People close enough to overhear me were clearly amused, although I don’t know if it was on account of my pronunciation or because my pronunciation was such clear proof of my assertion. My friend remained mute, though she now started to shout at him, again pointing at the guards. Cato could not have been more stoic. She finally picked up her cardboard and went away. The public address speakers blared out the march, the soldiers in dress whites emerged from behind the tomb, the detail lowered the flag, the troop of soldiers again disappeared behind the tomb. The crowd decompressed as soon as the music stopped, spilling out to fill the previously cleared space. I asked my friend what the woman had been saying. She was saying, he told me, that all the soldiers were thieves and robbers. It appeared that my ignorance and his discretion had each served us well.

After that night, I never took another evening walk to Ba Đình Square. I’m not sure exactly why not. It was not because of the old woman – I had no concern about that
going into any file on me (which, if one existed, was nearly empty, or, if not empty, then woefully tedious). I was always amused, and not annoyed, when children cried out, “Ông Tây! Ông Tây!” Nor was it the soaking rain that sometimes swept in out of nowhere, or the bats, whose bodies strafed my head and whose shadows seemed to sweep crazy-eights at my ankles. It was not the moon – now waning, now waxing – hanging low like a lantern over the shoulder of the Mausoleum. Though I am not sure exactly why I stopped, I do have a notion. I think it had to do with a kind of sadness induced by subliminal pressures to conformity. It was a boomerang effect of the social dynamic. Exactly the things that had made the Square so attractive to me at first – the sheer sociality – laughing, playing, talking, walking, exercising, and above all the omnipresence of small children – the thought of all these struck me with a pang. What’s more, having now shared this with my friend, I really couldn’t stand the thought of reverting to going there alone. Before, striding out with my water bottle, it was all exciting, exhilarating, and new. But now I had arrived at a threshold that I could not or would not cross. I realized I could not truly embrace this life, or participate in it except vicariously, as an outsider, unless either or both of two things were to occur. The first of these would have been for me to have somehow miraculously become Vietnamese: destiny, however, had already taken care of that. The second of these, though possible, was extremely problematic: and that would be to father a Vietnamese child. Now this may seem like a bizarre non-sequitur, yet children and pregnant women were so prevalent in this vaunted year of the Golden Pig that it amounted to an almost audible demand: what’s wrong with you? Why haven’t you got one? It was roughly equivalent to living in the USA and not having a car. It was not a conscious pressure, but it was continuous,
visually reinforced, with strong emotional appeal. A Vietnamese child? Genetically possible, I suppose – at least 50 per cent – but since I wished to sustain my current marital status, equally impossible. So I stopped going to Ba Đình Square in the evening. I stopped going because it pained me to think of so palpably confronting the possibility of a life that seemed so appealing and that I would never know. I stopped going out of fear.

If ever there was an immortal essay, it is George Orwell’s *On Shooting an Elephant*, a piece that is at once succinct, insightful and memorable. That this small epigone can compare in no way except topically is of little concern to me. It is enough that I am privileged to write about an elephant, and one in Southeast Asia at that. Happily, quite unlike Orwell, the elephant here will still be alive at essay’s end, as too, the driver and the two tourists.

I was one of the tourists, Maggie the other. Putting my bad taste in evidence yet once again, I was the one who wanted to ride an elephant. During a week spent in Buôn Ma Thuột, a provincial town in Vietnam’s Central Highlands, the notion of riding an elephant actually fired my blood – which, when it comes to things touristic – usually lies phlegmatically at sea-level. At my repeated urging, we brokered a deal for a car, driver and guide to take us some fifty kilometers to the forest park where elephants can be ridden.

There are many ethnic minority groups in the Central Highlands - such as the Êđê, M’Nong and Lao – and our driver was of Êđê heritage. He was in his early twenties, sported spiked hair, a tie-dyed shirt that would have done Jerry Garcia proud, and played American country music during the entire ride. Our guide belonged to the majority
people in Vietnam – the Kinh - and though raised near Buôn Ma Thuột, her family had come from Hanoi. She was also in her twenties, and we were not completely surprised to discover that she was also the woman who had booked the trip for us the previous day.

In addition to the elephant ride, she had promised us visits to coffee and pepper plantations, and true to her word, a few kilometers out of town, she had the driver pull over. After fondling a few coffee beans and a few pepper plants that lay only a few yards from the road’s edge, we climbed back into the car and cruised along the frequently potholed highway which was lined with small plantings of corn, new Kinh houses and old ethnic wooden houses, all the while listening to lyrics about pickup trucks, heartaches and the love of Jesus, until we reached our destination: the park with the elephants.

Surrounded by tall wooded hills, the park lay on one end of a scenic lake, and was currently the scene of multiple constructions: the building of small, arched bridges across creeks, and several structures half or more framed by men working with hand tools. Many women wearing conical hats crouched on the ground in a row tending plants. We first spotted the elephant halfway up a slope, adjacent to a roofed platform. Despite the advantages given by her uphill position, the elephant looked – well, rather small. Tapping some long-dormant factoid implanted in grade school, I reminded myself that Asian elephants were typically much smaller than their African cousins. When we mounted the steps to the top of the platform and looked down at the elephant, she seemed even smaller.

To be honest, at that moment the excitement I had anticipated entirely failed to materialize. When lowering myself down to the elephant I found myself more concerned about possibly hurting the animal with the sudden thrust of my not-so-agile 170 pounds.
Yet if the elephant even noticed my landing, I couldn’t tell. The M’Nong driver (not much larger than a race-horse jockey) was already comfortably perched on the elephant’s neck, wearing a green shirt, green pants, a green hat, and no shoes, and my wife had already taken her place in the small wooden box that served as a saddle.

As it turned out, the ride was more fascinating than exhilarating. Reflections on Hannibal, the Raj, and even George Orwell melted away in the midday heat. I became intrigued instead by the give and take between the driver and the elephant. The driver was seated on the elephant’s neck, with one leg triangled and resting on the backside of the elephant’s head. With his left hand on the elephant’s left ear, and his right foot positioned under the right ear to tighten or loosen a rein crossing under the neck, sometimes he tickled the elephant’s ear with his toes. An elephant: what a feat of engineering! One man on her neck, two people on her back, and she lumbers along, eating as she goes, now grass, now roots. If it grows, she eats it. The usefulness of a strong, prehensile nose. Not only munching, but farting and plopping in transit. A gentle, rolling motion, side to side, forward, back – which only seemed precarious when the elephant moved downhill, and approached the low-lying streambeds – when I tightly clutched the small post on the wooden box which seemed appropriately placed for such moments. I have no doubt the elephant could have tossed us out if she wished – like baby mice, right out of the box. But we were not just nuisances in a box on an elephant. We were now incorporated into the rapport established between this animal and men – in this case the M’Nong driver – an instance of an entire previous web of relationships. The elephant was inured to this rapport – although at times resisting – staying longer at a tree-trunk or at an especially tasty plant – but urged only by a twist of an earfold, or, if worse
came to worst, a slap on the head with the small switch – a baton with a string with a rock at the end. The few slaps of the stick were probably not in themselves deeply painful – rather, they were probably reminders of greater pain inflicted when the elephant had been captured and tamed before the age of three. The driver also enlisted the elephant to chew on a vine – perhaps pernicious – that was climbing a tree. She obliged, but we retreated when ants poured out of the already-compromised tree. So what is the value of this rapport? I will not even venture to say. It is what it is. And who benefits from these relationships? Again, I offer no opinion. Yet riding through a dappled forest on a beautiful autumn day is a worthwhile experience in itself and some eon hence when the cosmos has collapsed into an inescapable black hole (or whatever doom the universe has in store for us) the fact is, this was, and these relationships are, and sometimes it is just better to be than to be cleverer than the rest of the world.

And on the drive back to the provincial town of Buôn Ma Thuôt, our Êdê driver, in his tie-dyed shirt, put on one of his favorite CDs that he had recently received from his sister who operated a nail-shop in America: The Best of the Eagles.

Trunk pulling grass, tail twitching
The elephant lumbers along
Three people on her back

This is a tale of two rodents, one rat and one mouse, one in November, and the other ten months later in September. What they have in common is that they both met their destiny at the hands of women, and both in the presence of Maggie and myself.
What the two rodents do not have in common is that we were spectators in the death of the first, but participants in the death of the latter. In ten months, we had travelled far in Hanoi.

First was the rat. Maggie and I were sitting on a bench on the shore of lake Hoàn Kiêm, as near as one might get to the postcard-worthy Turtle Pavilion. Not that we had chosen our locale for that reason. In fact, we were lamenting our inability to successfully buy, on the nearby street, a mobile phone that worked. We had come to the lake to gather our wits and sulk a bit about being bilked for a useless SIM card. As we sat there in the warm gray haze, on the lake surrounded with Canon billboards posted for the upcoming APEC conference, two older women, chatting away, came to the water’s edge just beside us. They were carrying a rat in a cage. The cage itself was strung on a chain. They squatted side by side on the shore, still talking, and one woman lowered the cage into the water. As it sank a stream of air bubbles perforated the thin scum on the surface. The women kept chatting away, not paying much attention to the cage. About five minutes later, they hoisted the cage up, and took a curious look in at the very wet, black and still rat. They nodded approvingly, and when one opened the cage door, the rat corpse dropped into the water with a plop. The women strolled off together, their conversation uninterrupted. Maggie and I were both appalled and astounded. When we told a friend, he simply laughed because he thought it was ridiculous that anyone would take so much trouble to dispose of a single rat in Hanoi.

Ten or eleven months later, again in the late afternoon, we were spending time with our friends Lê Anh and Hằng, two women in their late twenties. As we sat together around a low round table, we heard rustling in the cabinets beside us. Lê Anh and Hằng
took a quick look at each other, then sprang into action. They began removing all the drawers from the cabinet, starting at the top and working their way down. Maggie and I rose to aid them, helping them move the drawers further away, while they continued to lower the perimeter on the mouse. They were removing the next-to-last row of drawers, when the mouse leapt out and dove down to the last and lowest bastion of safety. Hằng armed herself with a broom, and I emptied a wastebasket, thinking to trap the mouse under it if it should come my way. Maggie pulled out her camera. The two intrepid women closed in on the mouse, pulling out the last drawers. The mouse leapt out and I slammed the wastebasket over it. Hằng was now poised over the wastebasket. I cautiously lifted one edge, but no mouse. I raised it a little higher – then it scurried out and away. Hằng gave a quick strike with the handle of the broom and landed a stunning blow. She then calmly pinned the mouse under the end of the broom-handle. “They act dead,” she informed us. Poised there like Saint George over the dragon, she waited a moment, and when it gave itself away with a little breath, she calmly and calculatedly crushed its body with her full weight on the broomstick. It was awe-inspiring. Maggie did not get any pictures of the death-crush, but only of the pursuit. I do not remember how or where the corpse was cast away, or if we helped put the cabinets back together, but I do know we all conspired to rid Hanoi of one mouse, with teamwork, agility, and unperturbed poise.

I don’t know exactly when I started paying attention to them. There was a Bougainvillea on our narrow bedroom balcony, and an assortment of other potted plants on the rooftop terrace: a star jasmine with small, dark green leaves, a brown stalk
of an orchid, a bulbous elephant’s foot palm straining at its porcelain pot, a taller palm with a blend of crisped and yellowed leaves, and some scraggly, aphid-infested plant that smelled a bit like mint when you crushed its leaves between your fingers. Most of the plants sported dead leaves and a share of leafless branches, and there was one ceramic pot that held dirt and rotten roots but no plant at all. I must have watered them in December, January and February, though I don’t recall making it into any routine. I don’t remember when I first pruned them – if clumsily removing dead twigs with dull kitchen scissors can be called pruning. If we’d been planning to stay for more than a year, and if I’d planned on paying much attention to the plants, I would have bought some decent pruners, some decent potting soil to replace the half bag that had been crammed onto a corner of the terrace, and of course, I would have bought more plants. But I had no desire to nourish a nursery that was slated to become an orphanage come November 1st.

I do remember that I moved the Bougainvillea to the bedroom balcony on a higher floor so Maggie’s parents could enjoy it during their visit – that would have been in March. I do know that after their visit was over, I took the Bougainvillea up to the rooftop terrace. Knowing myself, I can surmise that I did this because if I was going to trouble to water the plants I would want them all in the same place; what’s more, I had chosen the roof, because if I was going to enjoy them anywhere at all, it would be there, where, in the mild early Spring or on suffocating summer nights, I could sit outside in their company and enjoy looking at rooftops, houses, apartments, and the moon. I don’t know exactly when I quarantined the sickly and infested plant, or later reintegrated it with the others, but I do know I had intended to let it die on its own. However, it refused to oblige, and with amazing resilience, after a heavy night’s rain, it often produced
delicate, complex corollas bearing pink and white petals. After several of these revivals, I did my part to keep it alive by watering it along with the other plants. In April, or perhaps May, I added another plant to the rooftop garden. After all, there was a fallow pot waiting to be filled. And one day as I was walking down the street, having fallen in stride with a plant-vendor’s bicycle, I was taken by a healthy green plant that seemed like a cross between a palm and bamboo. My sense of scale was faulty, however, and the pot on the roof was far too small. The Bougainvillea, which had had its ups and downs (the wind had once even torn it out of its pot) no longer needed a pot so large as the one it was in, so I transplanted it to the smaller pot, and put the new plant in its pot. I had done nothing of the like in years, made quite a mess, and even then, the plant I’d bought was still too large to fit in the pot I’d chosen. Within a day or two, a sudden wind came up again, setting the transplanted Bougainvillea at a forty-five degree angle, but the plant again proved its fortitude by sprouting new leaves less than two weeks later. In early summer one of the rickety plastic blinds (which I tried to keep permanently rolled up) unrolled in a high wind, shredding both the Bougainvillea and the Jasmine. The blinds cut the plants about as cleanly as my dull scissors, but less selectively. No matter, with regular morning and evening waterings, both these plants recovered admirably. I protected as many of the plants as I could from the harshest sun by sliding them to one wall and clustering them together, but the palm, which was tallest, suffered for its height and often displayed crinkly, crisped leaves. When we had an evening gathering in July, I set the plants around the border of the large mat we sat on, and to my mind the leaves and flowers added as much to the sheer pleasantness of the evening as did the music, the conversation, and the food that everyone had conspired to bring.
When in September we visited the Central Highlands for one week I mistakenly assumed that the landlord’s son, who stayed in the house during our absence (riding shotgun, as it were), would water the plants as he had when we went on the museum staff vacation in June. I was wrong, and when we returned the plants were sere and withered. The Bougainvillea seemed to have died for about the umpteenth time, and the mystery flowering mint plant had collapsed like Bambi beneath Godzilla’s foot. Yet, with another week of watering, both quickly stood up and greened up. Yet that first glimpse when we came back from Buôn Ma Thuột was like a screw turning in my stomach. We would be leaving in six weeks. What then would become of these plants? Was my rooftop garden going to become an orphanage, or worse, a plant-morgue?

What I saw of the future tenants who had sealed a deal with the landlord did not inspire confidence. I couldn’t picture either of these hefty Americans diligently struggling up the two to six flights of stairs that were necessary to water this garden.

I splashed the plants dutifully the last few weeks, but not without sadness. And as we checked out on the 29th of October I took one last look. It was not a long and sentimental look, but furtive and guilty. I turned my back and quickly shut the door. Leaving them behind was leaving me with a bad conscience.

I knew that I had been a good Boy Scout, and had left them better off than before, but telling myself that didn’t help. There was no doubt that I could have stayed, but they weren’t that important to me. I was abandoning them. I can only hope they forgive me.

I feel compelled to write an epilogue by way of conclusion. There are thousands of things I might have included: learning to ride a motorbike, locusts, termites, borer-
bugs, geckos, crossing streets, clothes flying off the roof, translating Bonnefoy and Molière, teaching six-year olds while sitting on the floor and playing with our toes, being excused because I was a foreigner, pantomiming my needs – the list is virtually endless. And yet as Voltaire said, the best way to be boring is to leave nothing out. Instead, I will end with the following essay, which I wrote for the my students, titled

What I Can Say About the American War in Vietnam

A lot of Americans have written about what they call the Vietnam War. Even though Americans fought against Vietnam on Vietnamese soil and not in America, it was still a traumatic event for many Americans. For some people it was terrible because their sons never came back or came back minus a leg or an arm or their sanity. For a greater number it was terrible because many people strongly supported the U.S. Government’s involvement while many others just as strongly opposed it: where feelings ran so high it seemed there was no room for neutrality. Even though I was a child during the conflict, it was inescapable: the protests, the arguments, the gruesome footage, and the unwavering fact that everyone seemed to think only they could be right.

My father, who fought in the Pacific in World War II, was no fan of any war. I remember him making me and my older siblings watch coverage of the war on the evening news, telling us “Hopefully you’ll remember this so when people talk about it years from now you’ll know if they’re lying to you or not.” Some people might argue that pictures of bombs and napalm and bodies are not suited to children under ten, but in retrospect, I think he was right to insist on it. I also remember my parents sending
telegrams to their Congressmen on the day they learned that the U.S. was bombing Cambodia.

But there is a single personal episode I’d like to share here, one that puzzled me for decades, and which, just this year, has taken on yet another nuance. I was in the second grade. I was seven, and the school-year was 1966-67. Picture second-graders anywhere: bright clothes, bright eyes and smiles with many missing teeth. But in this classroom there are only a handful of white students, the rest are black with clean-shaven heads. A man named Steve, the adopted brother of one of my best friends, had been asked to come talk to the class about Vietnam, where he was serving in the military. He brought photos, and lots of them, and talked about his Vietnamese friends and about how wonderful the Vietnamese people were. He may have talked about food and festivals as well, but I don’t remember anything about combat or war or pain. What stood out in my mind – for years and years afterwards, in fact - were the photos of smiling people and how much he talked about his friends. The reason this stood out for me is that I could not put these pictures together with the ones I’d seen on TV. It seemed that they were two separate things, and in my rigid mind, they could not both be right.

Even as a teenager, after the war was over, I sometimes wondered about Steve’s presentation to the second-grade class. Since I was older and now knew much more about the human cost of the war, I judged him and felt that he had deliberately lied. I felt that what he had done was wrong. Since he had moved far away from his adopted family, I never had the chance to ask him about it. Until, that is, sometime in the early 1980s, when I was in my twenties. I met him by coincidence at their house, and oddly, we were the only people present. Since we were alone I felt comfortable enough to ask
him about it. Of course, many years had passed, and it was always possible that I had not remembered correctly: perhaps he had never come to talk. When I asked him, he looked both puzzled and surprised, and said that he had nearly forgotten about it. He wondered how I could have remembered since I was only seven or eight at the time. And then I told him why. I told him what I remembered, about the pictures and friends, and told him that I had never been able to reconcile that with what else I knew about the war. I asked him why he had chosen to talk about it the way he did. We were standing in the kitchen. He cast his gaze up to where the walls meet the ceiling, then looked back down and told me. He said that most of the students in the room were black and reminded me that a lot of the soldiers fighting in Vietnam were black, because they did not have the education or other resources to dodge the draft. He realized it was a clear possibility that many of the second-graders might have brothers serving in Vietnam right then and there, and simply put, he did not want to scare them. He did not want to make them afraid by telling them about the really bad aspects of the war. In fact, the only reason he agreed to come speak was to try to assure anyone who might have had a brother serving there.

My sense of righteousness had never allowed this possibility to occur to me. I had always assumed he had just lied in order to toe the line, and inevitably, to keep the war going. I felt stunned when he told me this and then I felt incredibly stupid, realizing that a less judgmental person than myself might have thought of it on his or her own. Now, though, it made sense to me, and instead of disdain I gained respect for what he had done. It was the only adult conversation I ever had with Steve, but it was a happy event for me, resolving one of several disturbing puzzles that have followed me through my life.
That was in the 1980s. Now, in 2007, some twenty years after the conversation with him, and some forty years from the date of his presentation, I again have to revise my appraisal. For nearly one year I have lived in Hanoi. I have seen Tết and have eaten many great meals. More important than the celebrations or the food are the friends I have made. Friends who have taught me a lot about being cheerful, resourceful, and vibrant. I, too, want to take pictures of them with their great smiles, and record the sound of their golden laughter, to take home and show and play to everyone I know. For years, I had thought Steve had deliberately lied for all the wrong reasons. Then, after our conversation, I thought he had lied for all the right reasons. But at no point had it ever occurred to me that he had not lied when it came to how he felt about the people he met and the friends he had made. I just thought he was trying to put the best light on a bad situation. Now, once again, I’ve learned better. And I am happy to say that it is one of the most pleasant lessons that I’ve ever learned.